BUCKLAND DIX & WOOD

AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS

AMERICAN NUMISMATIC SOCIETY

OCT 25 1991

ORDERS DECORATIONS AND MEDALS

TUESDAY 5 NOVEMBER 1991

•

AT 11.30AM PRECISELY

AUCTION OF

ORDERS, DECORATIONS
AND
CAMPAIGN MEDALS

Including

A St. Nazaire C.G.M. Group awarded to Coxwain Lamb of M.L. 160

An unusual Presentation Medallion given to Lord Baden Powell

A Pathfinder C.G.M., D.F.M. Group

Several scarce Army of India Medals

Four Second World War Distinguished Conduct Medal Groups

An 8th Hussars Light Brigade 'Charger' Group

To be held at the Westbury Hotel, London, W1

Tuesday, 5th November, 1991 at 11.30 a.m. precisely.

In sending commissions or making enquiries contact:

Nimrod Dix	071 493 5082	Fax 071 499 4422
Chris Buckland	071 839 4684	Fax 071 839 3478

Viewing

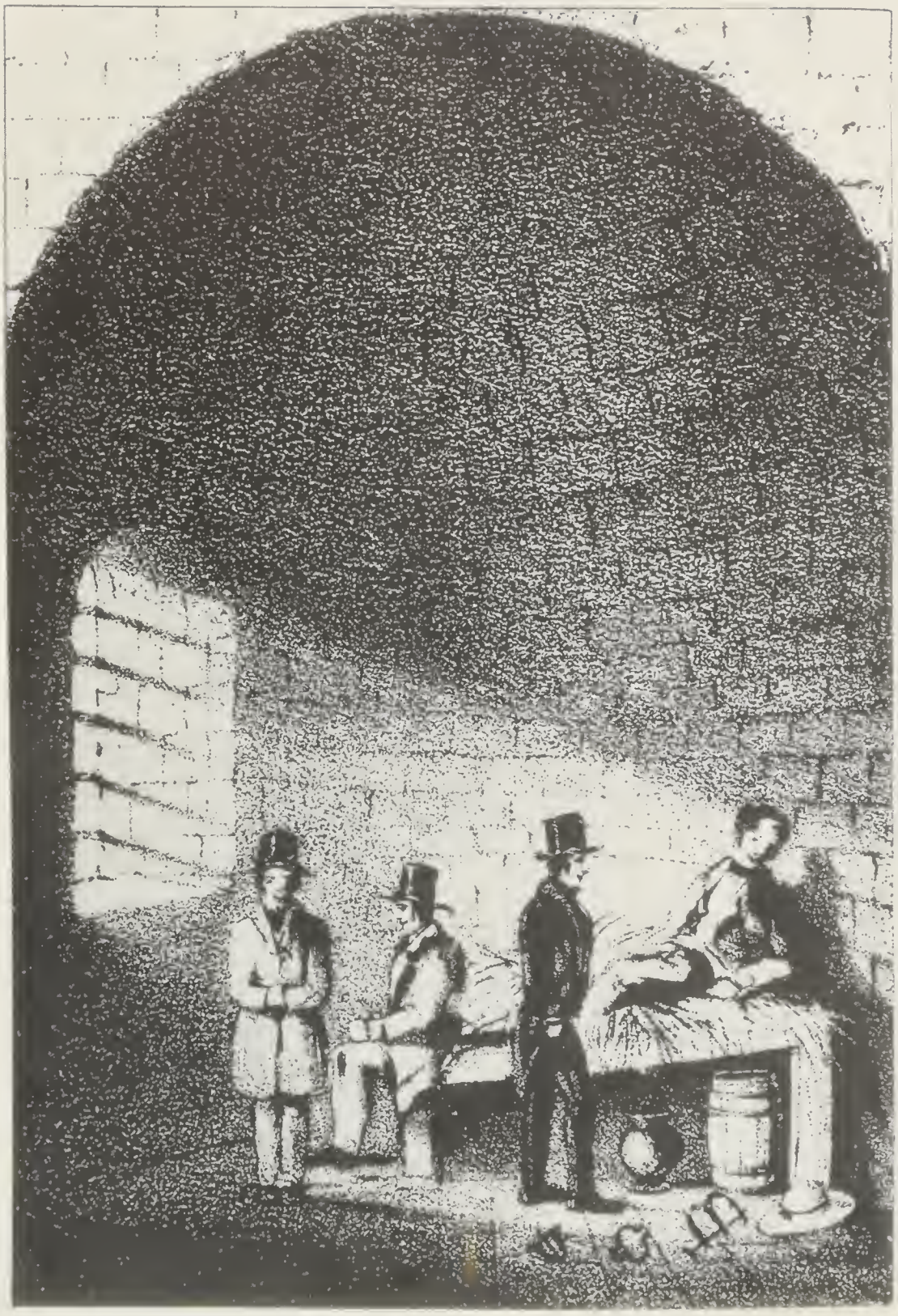
Monday, 4 November 9.30 a.m.–4.30 p.m.

BUCKLAND DIX & WOOD

AUCTIONEERS AND VALUERS

17 PICCADILLY ARCADE
PICCADILLY LONDON SW1Y 6NH
FAX 071 499 4422 TELEPHONE 071 493 5082

Registered at the above address No. 2562425



Interior of La Tour D'Angoulême,
Verdun Citadel

[See Lot 14]

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PRICES REALISED

Sale Date 5th November 1991

1	£230	38	£200	75	£180	112	£200	149	£500
2	£2,500	39	£800	76	Unsold	113	£240	150	£200
3	£360	40	£150	77	£130	114	£100	151	£190
4	£320	41	£220	78	£300	115	£150	152	£80
5	£300	42	£400	79	£130	116	£140	153	£80
6	£200	43	£300	80	£140	117	£140	154	£280
7	£190	44	£150	81	£280	118	£60	155	£50
8	£400	45	£130	82	Unsold	119	£85	156	£220
9	£300	46	£50	83	£160	120	£250	157	£210
10	£690	47	£50	84	£130	121	£260	158	£100
11	£430	48	£50	85	£150	122	£350	159	£90
12	£390	49	£170	86	£130	123	£480	160	£100
13	£430	50	£400	87	£420	124	£230	161	£100
14	£1,200	51	£270	88	£140	125	£95	162	£150
15	£380	52	£120	89	£80	126	£55	163	£35
16	£1,200	53	£360	90	£90	127	£60	164	Unsold
17	£250	54	£60	91	£380	128	£180	165	£250
18	£350	55	£300	92	£95	129	£110	166	£350
19	£320	56	£140	93	£100	130	£240	167	£240
20	£2,000	57	£440	94	£320	131	£220	168	£210
21	£1,100	58	£660	95	Unsold	132	£340	169	£200
22	£620	59	£90	96	£270	133	£330	170	£380
23	£300	60	£150	97	£150	134	£70	171	£100
24	£330	61	£250	98	£150	135	£680	172	£300
25	£280	62	£260	99	£150	136	£740	173	£75
26	£280	63	£120	100	£170	137	£110	174	£110
27	£90	64	£100	101	£220	138	£160	175	£110
28	£260	65	£130	102	£120	139	£95	176	£130
29	£270	66	£60	103	£300	140	£100	177	£70
30	£580	67	£100	104	£320	141	£160	178	£115
31	£500	68	£100	105	£120	142	£240	179	£100
32	£280	69	£240	106	£160	143	£260	180	£90
33	£260	70	£150	107	£150	144	£215	181	£110
34	£550	71	£200	108	£140	145	£340	182	£170
35	£270	72	£130	109	£370	146	£50	183	£120
36	£330	73	£120	110	£65	147	£120	184	£220
37	£460	74	£100	111	£140	148	£220	185	£210

186	£100	232	£120	278	£3,800	324	£180	370	£270
187	£110	233	£150	279	£480	325	£280	371	£200
188	£1,200	234	£150	280	£520	326	£230	372	£100
189	£170	235	£410	281	£380	327	£630	373	£200
190	£180	236	£440	282	£230	328	£600	374	£130
191	£170	237	£45	283	£400	329	£210	375	£150
192	£120	238	£200	284	£260	330	£320	376	£130
193	£940	239	£340	285	£1,600	331	£540	377	£210
194	£80	240	£400	286	£850	332	£150	378	£230
195	£500	241	£1,900	287	£2,400	333	£300	379	£170
196	£110	242	£380	288	£2,400	334	£120	380	£220
197	£330	243	£520	289	£600	335	£1,050	381	£120
198	£1,000	244	£60	290	£400	336	£150	382	£140
199	£260	245	£520	291	£280	337	£450	383	£180
200	£275	246	£310	292	£400	338	£150	384	£250
201	£95	247	£50	293	£550	339	£260	385	£190
202	£60	248	£50	294	£290	340	£130	386	£90
203	£250	249	£40	295	£150	341	£160	387	£150
204	£280	250	£75	296	£140	342	£130	388	£100
205	£180	251	£60	297	£260	343	£100	389	£160
206	£260	252	£60	298	£160	344	£180	390	£65
207	£220	253	£45	299	£70	345	£80	391	£210
208	£200	254	£60	300	£400	346	£380	392	£130
209	£340	255	£90	301	£350	347	£260	393	£340
210	£300	256	£75	302	£240	348	£60	394	£50
211	£300	257	£80	303	£520	349	£220	395	£350
212	£300	258	£55	304	£390	350	£190	396	£260
213	£300	259	£2,100	305	£480	351	£900	397	£120
214	£340	260	£600	306	£640	352	Unsold	398	£390
215	£250	261	£520	307	£450	353	£340	399	£250
216	£300	262	£2,800	308	£140	354	£200	400	£230
217	£290	263	£680	309	£150	355	£270	401	£240
218	£65	264	£680	310	£320	356	£880	402	£130
219	£150	265	£920	311	£250	357	£210	403	£300
220	£270	266	£640	312	£370	358	£500	404	£290
221	£720	267	£1,800	313	£230	359	£230	405	£210
222	£200	268	£360	314	£100	360	£110	406	£300
223	£230	269	£640	315	£150	361	£160	407	£140
224	£65	270	£280	316	£240	362	£140	408	£120
225	£150	271	£230	317	£200	363	£180	409	£180
226	£150	272	£460	318	£480	364	£210	410	£340
227	£120	273	£190	319	£2,600	365	£210	411	£150
228	£420	274	£1,000	320	£140	366	£440	412	£720
229	£70	275	£1,600	321	£900	367	£400	413	£640
230	£85	276	£180	322	£210	368	£280	414	£160
231	£65	277	£7,400	323	£450	369	Unsold		

Prices quoted are Hammer Prices, to which the Buyer's Premium at 10% should be added.

SINGLE CAMPAIGN MEDALS

1 DUNBAR 1650, silver medal with integral loop for suspension, *very fine*

£120–140

2 CAPTURE OF LOUISBOURG 1758, silver medal by Thomas Pingo, *toned, good very fine and scarce*

£2000–2500

3 DECCAN MEDAL 1784, silver with small loop for suspension, the edge correctly milled, 32mm diameter, *good fine and rare*

£250–300

4 MYSORE MEDAL 1791–1792, silver with the edge correctly milled but suspension now lacking, 38mm diameter, *good very fine and rare*

£250–300

5 CAPTURE OF CEYLON 1795–1796, silver, a slightly later striking which has been gilded, with loop for suspension, *very fine*

£350–400

6 CAPTURE OF SERINGAPATAM 1799, silver, 48mm diameter, some edge bruising and nicks, *very fine*

£200–240

7 CAPTURE OF SERINGAPATAM 1799, bronze, 48mm diameter, *good very fine*

£100–120

8 HON. EAST INDIA COMPANY MEDAL FOR EGYPT 1801, silver with silver clip and ring for suspension, *very fine*

£300–350

9 HIGHLAND SOCIETY MEDAL FOR EGYPT 1801, silver with usual rim inscription in Gaelic, *nearly very fine*

£200–250

10 MR DAVISON'S TRAFALGAR MEDAL 1805, pewter with original copper-gilt frame and ring suspender, some minor scuff marks otherwise *nearly extremely fine and very rare in this condition*

£400–600

11 Hon. East India Company Medal for the Capture of Rodrigues, Isle of Bourbon and Isle of France 1809–1810, silver with loop for suspension, *very fine*

£350–400

12 Hon. East India Company Medal for the Capture of Java 1811, silver with clip and ring for suspension, *very fine*

£300–350

13 Hon. East India Company Medal for Nepaul 1814–16, silver with loop for suspension, *good very fine*

£300–350

14 NAVAL GENERAL SERVICE 1793–1840, 1 clasp, Boat Service 29 Aug. 1800 (**J. Farmar, 2nd Lieut. R.M.**), *good very fine and better*

Approximately 25 clasps issued for the cutting out of the French privateer *Guepe*, in the Redondela narrows, off Vigo Bay.

Captain Jaspar Farmar, Royal Marines, joined the service as Second Lieutenant on 21 July, 1796, with the Plymouth Division. On 16 May, 1800, he was borne on the books of HMS *Stag* and in that ship saw his first action with the enemy, when she assisted the *Dart* in the capture of the French frigate *Désirée* in the Dunquerque Road. Although present at this action, Farmar does not appear to have applied for the clasp 'Capture of the Desiree' to which he would have been entitled.

In August, 1800, in the attack on Ferrol on the north western tip of Spain, Farmar took a detachment of Marines on shore to storm a gun battery. Although successfully completed, the overall strength of the enemy emplaeements resulted in a total withdrawal. His squadron proceeded south to Vigo Bay.

It was here that Farmar earned his Naval General Service Medal for 'Boat Service 29 August, 1800.' He was present in the gun boats under Lieut. Burke R.N., which captured the French privateer *Guepe* after some fieree hand-to-hand fighting. Whilst at anchor off Vigo one week later, the *Stag* parted her eables in some worsening gales. When Captain Winthrop tried to weather the storm he was blown onto the Vigo roek and the ship holed. The *Stag* was set on fire and the entire crew miraculously saved by the squadron's boats.

His next sea-going appointment seems to have been to HMS *Magnificent*, Captain Jervis. Further serviee off the Freneh coast, however, was to result in further disaster for Farmar. On 25 March, 1804, in attempting to eut off a Freneh transport ship heading for Brest, the *Maguificent* struek an uncharted rock off the Pierres Noires, and though all the crew was again saved, this time many were taken prisoner by the enemy. Amongst those captured was Lieutenant Farmar who was immediately taken to the fortress at Verdun where he was to be interned for the next 10 years.

During his time as a prisoner-of-war Farmar was promoted Second Captain, in 1808, and then to full Captain on 22 November, 1809. Soon after his release, in 1814, he was sent for service with the Royal Marine Battalion to America. He was placed on the half pay of the Patriotie Fund on 1 January, 1816, and in 1820 he was placed on permanent Half Pay. He died at his residence at Treago, Herefordshire, on 6 March, 1861, having served for many years as a Magistrate in that county.

Sold with extensive research.

£1000–1200

15 NAVAL GENERAL SERVICE 1793–1840, 1 clasp, 4 Novr. 1805 (**Isaac Wilkins**) several edge knocks, otherwise *very fine*

Private, Royal Marines, aboard HMS *Courageux*. Approximately 30 clasps issued to this ship.

£440–460

16 NAVAL GENERAL SERVICE 1793–1840, 1 clasp, Gluckstadt 5 Jany. 1814 (**Geo. Bull, Midshipman**), *good very fine*

Approximately 44 clasps issued for this action.

George Stringer Bull was born on 12 July, 1799 at Stanway in Essex. He joined the Royal Navy as a Gentleman Volunteer Second Class at the age of 11 years. He immediately joined the Desiree and served in that ship for the next four years, being promoted Midshipman in 1813. He was pesent at the operations before the fortress of Gluckstadt, and the surrender of the same by capitulation on 5 January 1814.

Parson Bull of Byerley

Shortly after the success at Gluckstadt Bull was discharged from the Royal Navy at his own request. Still only 15 years old he intended to take up Holy Orders. He studied for the Church and was ordained but not before offering his services to the Church Missionary Society as a schoolmaster. He spent two years as a missionary in Sierra Leone on the West coast of Africa, during which time his health suffered and he was compelled to return to England.

The remainder of his life was devoted to the Church but more particularly Bull will be remembered for his pioneering work in arousing the public conscience against the appalling conditions endured by industrial workers, especially children, in the early part of the 19th Century.

The Reverend Bull was the Coadjutor of Messrs. Sadler, Oastler and Fielden in all their efforts for factory regulations and for the mitigation of the severities of the new Poor Law of 1834. In that year the Duke of Wellington said to Mr Richard Oastler, 'the factory king': 'Oastler, that Parson of yours preaches nothing but millowners' duties; he has sent me a sermon full of facts about the factories, but ending on every page with an appeal to the millowners. What do you think of him?' Mr Oastler: 'He ought to be a Bishop, your Grace.' To which the Duke replied, 'He is doing much good; fights at close quarters; but his sermons will never be fashionable.'

George Bull died in August 1865 and a memorial was raised to him in St Thomas's Church, Birmingham. He is the subject of two books by John C. Gill, '*The Ten Hours Parson*,' London 1959, and '*Parson Bull of Byerley*,' London, 1963. A copy of the latter book accompanies the lot, together with additional research.

£800–1000

17 MILITARY GENERAL SERVICE 1793–1814, 2 clasps, Nivelle, Nive (**J. McGregor, Sergt 1st Foot Gds.**) *nearly very fine*

£180–200

18 MILITARY GENERAL SERVICE 1793–1814, 4 clasps, Corunna, Salamanca, Pyrenees, Toulouse (**J. Fisher, 32nd Foot**), scratch in reverse field, otherwise *nearly extremely fine*

Only 3 medals issued to the 32nd Foot with this clasp combination.

£300–350

19 WATERLOO 1815 (**Serj. Robert Whenn, 3rd Batt. Grenad. Guards.**) fitted with original steel clip and bar suspender, *nearly very fine*

Served with Lieut. Colonel Hon. James Stanhope's company at the battle of Waterloo.

£250–300

20 ARMY OF INDIA 1799–1826, 2 clasps, Battle of Deig, Caspture of Deig (**J. Atkins, 76th Foot**) impressed naming, short hyphen reverse, *good very fine*

Only 9 medals with this combination of clasps issued to Europeans. A scarce medal to one of Lord Lake's 'Handful of Heroes.'

£1800–2200

21 ARMY OF INDIA 1799–1826, 1 clasp, Poona (**T. Griffin, 65th Foot**) impressed naming, short hyphen reverse, *extremely fine*

77 medals with this clasp issued to Europeans. This medal was first sold by Sotheby in March, 1881.

£800–1000

22 ARMY OF INDIA 1799–1826, 1 clasp, Kirkee and Poona (**C. Fanning, Eur. Regt.**) impressed naming, short hyphen reverse, *extremely fine*

88 medals with this clasp issued to Europeans. Ex. collections of Day 1910, Palmer 1919, Mackenzie 1934 and Needes 1940.

£600–800

23 ARMY OF INDIA 1799–1826, 1 clasp, Ava (**Captn. John R. Godfrey, 1st N.I.**) impressed naming, short hyphen reverse, several edge knocks and contact marks, *nearly very fine*

£300–350

24 HON. EAST INDIA COMPANY MEDAL FOR BURMA 1824–25, silver with original steel clip and ring suspender, *nearly very fine*

£250–300

25 Hon. East India Company Medal for Coorg 1837, a later striking in silver with silver loop for suspension, *very fine*

£180–200

26 Ghuznee 1839, engraved on edge (**No 625 Adam Milliken Private**), the reverse finely engraved with crossed lances and 'XVI Queen's Royal Lancers,' fitted with silver bar suspender, *very fine*

£250–300

27 St. Jean D'Acre 1840, silver medal pierced for later ring suspension, *very fine*

£60–80

28 Jellalabad 1842, 1st Mural Crown issue, unnamed with contemporary silver bar suspender, *good very fine*

£220–240

29 Jellalabad 1842, 2nd Flying Victory issue, unnamed with original steel clip and bar suspender, the clip damaged, otherwise *nearly very fine*

£300–350

30 Jellalabad 1842, 2nd Flying Victory issue (**James Simpson, 13th Foot**) officially (?) impressed naming, fitted with scroll type suspender, contact marks, *very fine*

James Simpson, Bugler, was present at Jellalabad and Cabul, 1842. In his '*Annotated Roll of the 13th L.I. in the 1st Afghan War*' D. C. L. Gosling states that 'His Jellalabad (F.V.) medal is in a private collection in England. It is a late issue, and [the late] W. P. Dawson said that it was the medal described by Gordon (1962, p. 162).

£400–500

31 Kelat-i-Ghilzie 1842, awarded to a Sepoy but edge details only partially legible due to erasure, fitted wih original steel clip and bar suspender, now rusted, *good fine*

£300–400

32 Candahar, Ghuznee, Cabul 1842, (**Corporal John Hynes, H.M. 40th Regt.**) fitted with original steel clip and straight bar suspender, *very fine*

£250–300

33 Candahar, Ghuznee, Cabul 1842 (**Private Thomas Berry, H.M. 40th Regt.**), fitted with silver clip and straight bar suspender, *very fine*

£250–300

34 Candahar 1842 (**Gunner Thomas Norton, 4th Compy. 2nd Battn. Bengal Foot Arty.**), fitted with silver clip and straight bar suspender, *good very fine and rare*

Approximately 130 medals were awarded to Europeans for Candahar, including 28 to 4–2nd Bn. Bengal Artillery.

£400–450

35 MAHARAJPOOR STAR 1843 (**Color Serjt. Thurlaugh Maddigan, H.M. 39th Regt.**), fitted with original brass hook and silver 'clasped hand' bar for suspension, the hook cracked, otherwise *good very fine*

£220–240

36 PUNNIAR STAR 1843 (**Saddler Serj. Geo. Edwd. Patterson, H.M. 9th or Queen's Royal Lancers**), fitted with silver bar suspender, *very fine*

£240–260

37 HYDERABAD 1843 (**Edwd. Dumbell, 22nd Rgt.**) fitted with silver clip and bar suspender, *good very fine*

£350–400

38 MEEANEE, HYDERABAD 1843 (**Ramah Downah, Camel Baty.**), impressed naming, fitted with silver clip and bar suspender, *very fine*

£150–200

39 CHINA 1842, original design, the reverse showing the British Lion trampling the suppressed Chinese Dragon, in the exergue 'Nanking 1842,' fitted with original steel clip and bar suspender, *extremely fine and rare*

£400–500

40 CHINA 1842 (**A. W. Tong, H.M.S. Calliope**), *nearly very fine*

£120–140

41 SUTLEJ 1845–6, for Aliwal, 1 clasp, Sobraon (**Jas. Robeshaw, 53rd Regt.**), edge bruise, otherwise *very fine*

Died of wounds received at the battle of Sobraon 10th February, 1846

£180–200

42 SUTLEJ 1845–6, for Moodkee, 3 clasps, Ferozeshuhur, Aliwal, Sobraon (**William Montieth, 50th Regt**), *very fine*

£450–480

43 PUNJAB 1848–9, 1 clasp, Chilianwala (**I. Green, 24th Foot**), *nearly very fine*

Isiah Green was wounded at Chilianwala.

£200–220

44 PUNJAB 1848–9, 1 clasp, Mooltan (**Bombr. T. Rogers, 4th Cy. 3rd Battn. Arty.**), edge bruise, otherwise *very fine*

£150–180

45 SOUTH AFRICA 1853 (**Corpl. Jesse Collyer, 2nd Bn. 60th Rifles**), scratching to obverse, otherwise *very fine*

£140–160

46 BALTIC 1854, unnamed as issued, *good very fine*

£40–50

47 BALTIC 1854, unnamed as issued, *very fine*

£40–50

48 BALTIC 1854, unnamed as issued, dark toned, *good very fine*

£40–50

49 BALTIC 1854, unnamed, edge knocks and contact marks; TURKISH CRIMEA, Sardinian obverse, edge impressed '**4553 Cm. Gds.**,' fitted with rings for suspension; INDIAN MUTINY 1857–8, 1 clasp, Central India (**Danl. Ryan, 3rd Madras Eurpn. Regt.**), small edge bruise, *nearly very fine or better* (3)

£150–180

50 CRIMEA 1854–1855, 4 clasps, Alma, Balaklava, Inkermann, Sebastopol (**Chas. J. E. Hunt, I Troop, Royal Horse Artilly.**), regimentally impressed naming, traces of lacquer, otherwise *very fine*

I Troop, R.H.A. were present throughout the campaign in the Crimea, attached to the Cavalry division, and at the affair of the Bulganak, had the honour of firing the opening guns of the campaign. Together with C Troop they were the only Horse Artillery to qualify for four clasps.

£200–250

51 TURKISH CRIMEA, Sardinian issue (2), both named; INDIAN MUTINY 1857–58, no clasp (2) (**Danl. Hudarty, 3rd Bengl. Eurp. Regt**; **4140 Pte. W. Barr, 81st Foot**) the first lacking suspender, the second with converted suspender; QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902 (**8081 Pte. C. Green, York & Lanc. R.**) lacking suspension; 1914–15 STAR TRIO (2), (**Pte. R. Boobyer, Som.L.I.**; **Pte. W. Freer, R. War. R.**); INDIAN GENERAL SERVICE 1908–35, 1 clasp, NWF 1930–31 (**Pte. E. L. Armitage, K.O.Y.L.I.**); GENERAL SERVICE 1918–62, 1 clasp (2), Palestine (**Pte. E. L. Ashley, Green Howards**); Malaya (**S.A.C., C.P. Jones, R.A.F.**); ARMY TEMPERANCE ASSOCIATION MEDALS (6), various types, *good very fine and better* (20)

£140–180

52 TURKISH MEDAL FOR THE DEFENCE OF SILISTRIA 1854, silver with rings for suspension, *very fine and scarce*

Awarded for the defence of the fortress at Silistria when from 19th May until 22nd June, 1854, the Turkish garrison was surrounded by an overwhelming force of Russians under Prince Paskievitch

£150–200

53 TURKISH MEDAL FOR THE DEFENCE OF KARS 1854, silver with rings for suspension, *good very fine and scarce*

Awarded for the defence of the Turkish garrison at Kars when beseiged by a force of 50,000 Russians. The defence was organised by General W. F. Williams who was created Sir William Williams of Kars, Baronet. The Victoria Cross was awarded to Lieut. C. C. Teesdale, Royal Artillery for his gallantry during the siege.

£150–200

54 INDIAN MUTINY 1857–58, no clasp, (**J. Hurd, 1st Bn. 6th Regt.**), *good very fine*

£40–50

55 **A rare and unusual Mutiny Medal awarded to civilian Mr. L. Verries, Customs Department**

INDIAN MUTINY 1857–58, 1 clasp, Central India (Verriers), *extremely fine*

Sold with five original letters and documents, one of which mentions Verriers for the gallant and spirited way in which he led his men into action during a skirmish on 20th February, 1858 in Central India.

£300–350

56 INDIAN MUTINY 1857–58, 1 clasp, Delhi (**John Sullivan, 6th Dragn. Gds.**), *nearly very fine*

£130–150

57 INDIAN MUTINY 1857–58, 1 clasp, Delhi (**Capt. Geo. McAndrew, 47th Bengal N.I.**), *good very fine*

Major General George McAndrew served throughout the Sutlej Campaign and was present at the actions of Moodkee, Ferozeshuhur, Buddiwal, Aliwal, and Sobraon (medal and 3 clasps). He served as Staff Officer with a detachment of troops against the insurgents in the Tharrawadie district in Burma, in 1854. During the siege of Delhi, in 1857, he commanded the contingent troops furnished from the Cis-Sutlej States. He commanded a Field Force, consisting of two Horse Artillery Guns, a party of Mooltanee Horse and 400 Military Police against the insurgent tribes of the Ravie, in the Gogaira District (medal and clasp). He received the thanks of H.E. the Commander-in-Chief, for services at Delhi, 25th May, 1857; and of the Governor-General (twice) for services in 1857, 20th June and 30th November, 1857. He was promoted Deputy Inspector General of Police, Umballa Circle, 4 February, 1861, and retired with the rank of Major General in 1876.

£250–300

58 INDIAN MUTINY 1857–58, 1 clasp, Defence of Lucknow (**Serjt. J. Campbell, 32nd L.I.**), small edge bruise, *very fine*

Sergeant James Campbell was shot dead on the 10th August, 1857. In her Diary of the Siege of Lucknow, Lady Inglis wrote:

10th – This morning when we went in to breakfast we found a Sikh sitting in the room, who we were told came in last night; and as his account of himself was not credited, he was kept a prisoner, and not allowed to speak to any one in the garrison. About twelve o'clock we were startled by a fearful explosion which lasted some seconds, and a cloud of dust and smoke coming from the direction of the brigade-mess made us fear the room had been blown up. Mr. Thornhill ran past that minute, and called out that the ladies were all safe. Shortly afterwards Mrs. Couper came over to our room almost fainting with fright, and she and her children took refuge with us. Mrs. Radcliffe and her children also came, quite filling our little room. The enemy having exploded the mine, which did not do as much harm as they expected, commenced a furious attack, and also blew up a second mine in another part of our position. A round shot struck the wall within a yard of our room and fell at the door, greatly adding to

our alarm. John, running past, called to us to take refuge in the large room at the end of the court, and each seizing a child, we ran across as quickly as we could. This room being without windows, a sort of storehouse, was comparatively safe. The firing continued for some time, but we were relieved by John's coming in and telling us that the mines had done no harm. The enemy made three separate attacks, and at one place actually took hold of the soldiers' firelocks which were pointed through the loopholes. All this time the Sikh was in the room, and we were told to watch that he did not get out. It was evident he had known of the intended attack, and had given false information to mislead us. I do not know what his ultimate fate was, but he was not hanged. The enemy suffered severely; our loss was not great. **Poor Sergeant Campbell, 32nd, was killed; he was canteen sergeant, and after taking every man his glass of rum, could not resist remaining out and sharing in the fight.**

£500–600

59 INDIAN MUTINY 1857–58, 1 clasp, Lucknow (**J. Abernethy, 38th Regt.**), edge bruise, *nearly very fine*

£100–120

60 INDIAN MUTINY 1857–58, 1 clasp, Lucknow (**John Moran, Qr. Mr. Serjt., Oude Irr. Forces**) toned, *good very fine*

£120–140

61 INDIAN MUTINY 1857–58, 1 clasp, Central India (**Lieut. O. F. Smithers, 3rd Madrs. Eurpn. Regt.**) with silver ribbon brooch, dark toned, extremely fine

Major General Otway Francis Smithers was employed on field service in the Saugor and Nerbudda Territories in suppression of the Indian Mutiny from 6th February 1858. He was present at the affairs of Jeegungh, Kobrai, battle of Banda and surrender of Kirwee (medal with clasp). Smithers saw no further war service and retired with the rank of Major General on 4th July, 1884.

£220–240

62 INDIAN MUTINY 1857–58, 2 clasps, Lucknow, Defence of Lucknow (**C. Taylor, 1st Battn. 5th Fusrs.**) *nearly extremely fine*

Private C. Taylor died 14 April, 1858.

£250–300

63 CHINA 1857–60 (2), no clasp, unnamed; 3 clasps, Fatshan 1857, Canton 1857, Taku Forts 1858, unnamed, *very fine and better* (2)

£80–100

64 INDIA GENERAL SERVICE 1854–95, 1 clasp (2), Umbeyla (**314 J. Kilburn, H.M.'s 1st Bn. 7th Regt.**); Jowaki 1877–8 (**2640 Corpl. Robert H. Philo, 51st Foot**), die crack to clasp on first medal, otherwise *very fine and better* (2)

£100–120

65 India General Service 1854–95, 1 clasp, Perak (**Pte. W. Birch 80th Foot**); 1914 Star with Mons Bar (**L. Cpl. C. Alford C. Gds**); Campaign Service 1962 (2), 1 clasp Northern Ireland (2) (**Gdsm I. Young Coldm. Gd.; Gdsm C. D. Whitley Gren. Gds**); Coronation Medal 1902, Bronze Issue, *very fine and better* (5)

£90–110

66 India General Service 1854–95, 1 clasp, North West Frontier (**1130 Pte. M. McPhail, 3 Bn. Rif. Bde.**), *good very fine*

£50–70

67 India General Service 1854–95 (3), 1 clasp, Burma 1885–7 (**1769 Fifer Nick[...] Fernandiz, 1st Bo. Inf.**) partial erasure of christian name; 1 clasp, Burma 1887–89 (**249 Drumr. H. Gedge, 2nd Bn. Norf. R.**); 2 clasps, Burma 1885–7, Burma 1887–89 (**4011 Pte. J. Smith, 1st Bn. Rif. Brig.**) suspender slack, *nearly very fine or better* (3)

£80–100

68 India General Service 1854–95, 1 clasp, Burma 1887–89 (**Lieut. E. M. Reed, 4th Madras Cavalry**), contact wear, *nearly very fine*

Edmund Martin Reed, born 23 July, 1859; commissioned, 35th Foot, from Militia 19 February, 1881; Lieut., Rl. Sussex Regt., July, 1881; Lieut. Indian Staff Corps, 1 October 1882; retired as Lieutenant Colonel. Served with the Egyptian Expedition, Royal Sussex Regt., 1882 (medal and bronze star); Burmese Expedition 1888–89 (medal with clasp)

£80–100

69 India General Service 1854–95, 1 clasp, Hazara 1888 (2), (**553 Pte. J. Turie, 2d. Bn. R. Ir. R.**); (**Lieut. G. O. R. Wynne, R. Ir. R.**) *very fine* (2)

Graham Owen Robert Wynne, born 22 July, 1862; commissioned Lieut., Royal Irish Regiment, from Militia, 21 April, 1883; Captain, 15 September 1891; served in the Hazara Expedition 1888 (medal with clasp)

£150–180

70 India General Service 1854–95 (3), 1 clasp, Hazara 1888 (2), (**40 Pte. F. McGran, 2d. Bn. R. Suss. R.**; **1125 Pte. J. Powell, 2d. Bn. R. Suss. R.**); 1 clasp, Sikkim 1888 (**892 Pte. W. Redfern, 2nd Bn. Derby R.**), the last with edge knocks, otherwise *nearly very fine or better* (3)

£150–180

71 India General Service 1854–95, 1 clasp, Chin-Lushai 1889–90 (2), (**2502 Sergt. R. Hawkins, 1st Bn. K.O. Scot. Bord**; **11 Drumr. A. Held, 2nd Madras Infy.**), first toned, *nearly extremely fine*, second *very fine* (2)

£150–180

72 India General Service 1854–95 (2), 1 clasp, Hazara 1891 (**2650 Pte. J. Thomson, 2nd Bn. Sea. Highrs.**); 1 clasp, Waziristan 1894–5 (**112 Sergt. J. Mortimer, 2d. Bn. Border Reg.**), *nearly very fine and better* (2)

£120–140

73 INDIA GENERAL SERVICE 1854–95, 2 clasps, Burma 1885–7, Burma 1887–89 (**Lieut. W. H. Lewin, 3d Infy. Hybd. Contgt.**) *nearly very fine*

Wilfred Hale Lewin, born 18 May, 1856; commissioned, 1st West India Regt., 11 August 1880; Lieut, Madras Staff Corps, 11 May, 1883; Captain, 1891; Major, 1900; Lieut-Colonel, 1904; retired, 1911; Qualified Russian Interpreter; served in the Ashanti Expedition, 1881; Burmese Expedition 1886–8 (medal with 2 clasps).

£80–100

74 INDIA GENERAL SERVICE 1854–95, 2 clasps, Hazara 1891, Samana 1891 (**2721 Bugler A. E. East, 1st Bn. K. R. Rif. C.**) *good very fine*

£80–100

75 NEW ZEALAND 1845–66, dated 1860 to 1861 (**John Bryant, Captn. Fore Top, H.M.S. Pelorous**) *good very fine*

£180–220

76 NEW ZEALAND 1845–66, dated 1860 to 1864 (**3191 Sergt. W. Hussey, 40th Regt.**) edge knock and contact marks, *nearly very fine and scarce*

£180–220

77 NEW ZEALAND 1845–66, dated 1861 to 1866 (**G. M. Tobin**), officially impressed but no rank or service shown, *good very fine*

G. M. Tobin was a civilian bullock driver serving with the Imperial Commissariat Corps.

£120–140

78 NEW ZEALAND 1845–66, dated 1863 to 1864 (**Captn. L. W. Fisher, 40th Regt.**) contact marks, *very fine*

Major Louis Walter Fisher served with the 82nd Regiment during the suppression of the Indian Mutiny in 1857–8 in Oude and Rohilcund, and was present at the defence of the Sail at Shahjehanpore and affairs subsequent to its relief (medal). Served with the 40th Regiment in the New Zealand War of 1863–65, and was **present at Waiari, where he led the attack, and at Orakau where he was severely wounded** (mentioned in despatches, Brevet of Major, medal). As a result of his wounds Major Fisher retired, by sale of his commission, on 1 March, 1864.

£380–420

79 NEW ZEALAND 1845–66, dated 1863 to 1866 (**288 Bernd. McKown, 2nd Bn. 18th Ryl. Irish Regt.**), contact marks, *nearly very fine*

£130–150

80 NEW ZEALAND 1845–66, dated 1864 to 1866 (**745 Patk. Coffey, 57th Regt.**), small edge bruise, otherwise *good very fine*

£130–150

81 NEW ZEALAND 1845–66, dated 1864 to 1866 (**Lieut. W. A. Kay, 68th Lt. Infty.**) first initial and letter of surname double stamped, *nearly very fine*

Sir William Algernon Kay, 5th Baronet (cr.1803) was born in 1837 and educated at Sherborne. He entered the army in 1855 as an Ensign, 68th Light Infantry and served with them in the New Zealand war in 1864–66, and was present at the attack on Gate Pah (medal). He was promoted Major in 1876, retiring in 1880, and succeeded his half broher as 5th Baronet in 1907. He died on 11 October, 1914, and was succeeded by his son, Captain William Algernon Ireland Kay, K.R.R.C.

£280–320

82 NEW ZEALAND 1845–66, dated 1865 to 1866 (**39 Sergt. W. Cronan, 4th Battn. Mility. Trn.**), fitted with contemporary engraved suspender brooch, *very fine*

£130–150

83 SOUTH AFRICA 1853 (**J. Conway 73rd Regt.**), *very fine*

£140–160

84 CANADA GENERAL SERVICE 1866–70, 1 clasp, Fenian Raid 1866 (**1247 Pte. B. Jones, 4/60th R.**), impressed naming, *good very fine*

£120–140

85 CANADA GENERAL SERVICE 1866–1870, 2 clasps, Fenian Raid 1866, Fenian Raid 1870 (**Sgt. P. T. Saucier, 18th Bn.**) impressed naming, *good very fine*

£140–150

86 ABYSSINIA 1867–68 (**3886 F. McGregor, 26th Regt.**), *very fine*

£120–140

87 ABYSSINIA 1867–68 (**Lt. Col. E. Campbell, 3rd Regt. Bombay N.I.**) toned, *nearly extremely fine*

Colonel Edmund Campbell served in the Sind and Afghanistan with the Force under General Brookes, and was present at both actions of Hykulzye, the forcing of the Kojjuck Pass, and relief of Candahar on 29th May, 1842, during the engagement under the city walls between Sir Wm. Nott's Forces and the Army under Akbar Khan (medal). Present with the Light Battalion in the Argandaub Valley at the reduction of several forts. In the Sind under Sir Charles Napier in 1842–43. Served during the campaign in Central India on the Staff of Sir Hugh Rose, and was present at the capture of Ratghur, action of Barodea (wounded), relief of Saugor, capture of Garrakota, forcing of the Muddenpore Pass, operation en route to Jhansi, capture of Jhansi, battle of Betwa (horse wounded), action of Koonch, operations leading to the capture of Calpee, battle and capture of Gwatior (several times mentioned in despatches, Brevet of Major, medal with clasp). **Commanded the 3rd Bombay Native Infantry in the Abyssinian Campaign** (mentioned in despatches, Brevet of Colonel, and medal). Colonel Campbell returned to England on Sick Furlough shortly after the end of the campaign and died in September, 1870.

£380–420

88 ASHANTEE 1873–4 no clasp, (**717 Pte. Muhammad Khan 26th Bo Infy, Mwele 1895–6**) ASHANTI STAR 1896 unnamed, the first medal *nearly extremely fine*, the last *fine* (2)

£100–120

89 ASHANTEE 1873–74, 1 clasp, Coomassie (**1345 Pte. D. Qualo, 1st W. I. Regt. 1873–4**), suspender repaired, edge knocks, *nearly very fine*

£100–120

90 AFGHANISTAN 1878–80, 2 clasps, Ahmed Khel, Kandahar (**1457 Pte. J. Wheelan, 2/60th Foot**), contact marks, *nearly very fine*

£60–80

91 AFGHANISTAN 1878–1880, 3 clasps, Charasia, Kabul, Kandahar (**1402 Cr. Sgt. R. Hart, 92nd Highrs.**), *nearly extremely fine*

Colour-Sergeant Robert Hart was severely wounded at the storming of the Takht-i-Shah, near Kabul, 13 December, 1879. The regiment lost 1 officer and 3 men killed, and 19 men wounded in this action. Lieutenant Dick-Cunningham was subsequently awarded the Victoria Cross for his gallantry in rallying the men of his regiment at a crucial moment of the attack.

£220–240

92 KABUL TO KANDAHAR STAR 1880 (**1968 Private Wm. Meredith, 2/60 Foot**), *good very fine*

£50–70

93 SOUTH AFRICA 1877–9, no clasp, (**F. Trinder Dom. 2nd Cl. H.M.S. Shah**) *good very fine*

£100–120

94 SOUTH AFRICA 1877–9, no clasp, (2) (**2697 Pte. G. Boyle, 2–24th Foot; 2657 Pte. G. Gilbert, 2–24th Foot**), *nearly very fine and better* (2)

£180–220

95 SOUTH AFRICA 1877–9 (2), no clasp, (**T/2689 Corpl. W. A. Stewart, A.S. Corps**) contact marks, *fine only*; 1 clasp, 1877–8 (**Pte. C. O. Lindam, C. M. Rifles**) contact marks and edge knock, *nearly very fine* (2)

£220–240

96 SOUTH AFRICA 1877–9, 1 clasp, 1877–8 (**S. Morris, Blk. Smith, H.M.S. Active**) *good very fine and scarce*

£200–240

97 SOUTH AFRICA 1877–9, 1 clasp, 1877–8 (**Brgr. L. C. George, No. 1 Co. Buffalo Vol. Rifles**) *very fine*

£140–160

98 SOUTH AFRICA 1877–9, 1 clasp, 1877–8 (2), (**Pte. W. Kober, Bu...alo Vol. Rif.; Pte. G. H. Bruce, No. 1. Co. Buffalo Vol. Rifles**) first medal plugged at 6 o'clock, *nearly very fine or better*

£180–200

99 SOUTH AFRICA 1877–9, 1 clasp, 1878–9 (**112 Pte. W. Lawrence, 1/13th Foot**) minor edge knocks and contact marks, otherwise *very fine*

£150–160

100 SOUTH AFRICA 1877–9, 1 clasp, 1877–8–9 (**1689 Pte. J. Singer, 90th Foot**) *very fine*

£160–180

101 SOUTH AFRICA 1877–9, 1 clasp, 1879 (**W. Long, Dom. 2nd Cl., H.M.S. Tenedos**), toned, *good very fine*

Approximately 57 medals with clasp were awarded to H.M.S. *Tenedos*.

£180–200

102 SOUTH AFRICA 1877–9, 1 clasp, 1879 (**517 Pte. F. Kerslake, 2–3rd Foot**) *nearly very fine*

£100–120

103 SOUTH AFRICA 1877–9, 1 clasp, 1879 (**2005 Pte. W Clarke, 1–24th Foot**), contact marks therefore *good fine*

£140–180

104 SOUTH AFRICA 1877–9, 1 clasp, 1879 (**29/1110 Pte. T. Wilson, 58th Foot**), toned, *extremely fine*

Private T. Wilson was killed in action at Laing's Nek on 28th January, 1881. The 58th suffered very heavily in this action and prompted Sir George Colley to write in his despatch 'Of the conduct of the 58th Regiment during this trying day I cannot speak in too high terms.' The regiment lost 79 killed or died of wounds and 96 wounded, and Lieutenant Hill was awarded the Victoria Cross.

£250–300

105 SOUTH AFRICA 1877–9, 1 clasp, 1879 (**Tpr. A. Andrews, Lonsdales Horse**) brooch fitting attached to reverse of clasp, otherwise *very fine*

£100–120

106 EGYPT 1882–89, 1 clasp, Tel-El-Kebir (**4532 Pte. J. Buckland 1/Cdm. Gds.**); INDIA GENERAL SERVICE 1895–1902 (2), 1 clasp, Punjab Frontier (**3814 Pte. S. Broom 1st Bn. Devon Regt.**); 1 clasp, Relief of Chitral 1895 (**5008 Pte. J. McHugh 1st Bn. K.R. Rifle Corps**); QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902 (2) 2 clasps, C.C. S.A.01, (**2199 Pte. H. R. Eve, D of E. Own V.R.**); No clasp, (**3056 Pte. A. Coates E. Yorks Regt.**) *very fine and better* (5)

£100–120

107 EGYPT 1882–89, 1 clasp, El-Teb-Tamaai (**2521 Pte. T. Davenport, 2/R. Ir. Fusrs.**) contact marks; AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–55, 1 clasp, Kenya (**22534592 Fus. W. J. Hamilton, R. Innisks**); ROYAL NIGER COMPANY MEDAL, 1 clasp, Nigeria 1886–1897, a good quality silver specimen. Generally *very fine* (3)

£80–100

108 EGYPT 1882–89, 2 clasps, Tel-El Kebir, The Nile 1884–85 (2), (**1724 Pte. D. Creedon, 2/D. of C.L.I.; 1373 Pte. J. Scott, 2/D. of C.L.I.**) *nearly very fine* (2)

£80–100

109 EGYPT 1882–89, 5 clasps, Tel-El-Kebir, Suakin 1884, El-Teb-Tamaai, The Nile 1884–85, Kirbekan (**2614 Pte. W. Kincaid, 1/R. Hrs.**), *very fine*

£300–350

110 KHEDIVE'S STAR (3), 1882, impressed on reverse '**20 G.A.H.**'; 1884; 1884–6, reverse engraved with number and initials, generally *very fine* (3)

£40–60

111 NORTH WEST CANADA 1885, no clasp, (**Frank McCall, 95th M.G.**), *good very fine*

£140–160

112 NORTH WEST CANADA 1885, 1 clasp, Saskatchewan, unnamed as issued, *extremely fine*

£200–220

113 ROYAL NIGER COMPANY MEDAL 1886–1897, 1 clasp, Nigeria, bronze, officially numbered '**2145**,' *very fine*

£250–300

114 EAST AND WEST AFRICA 1887–1900, 1 clasp, Witu 1890 (**J. T. Lea, Lg. Smn., H.M.S. Boadicea**) *very fine*

£100–110

115 EAST AND WEST AFRICA 1887–1900, 1 clasp, Witu August 1893 (**P. Coombes, Pte. R.M., H.M.S. Blanch**) *nearly extremely fine*

£120–140

116 EAST AND WEST AFRICA 1887–1900, 1 clasp, Brass River 1895 (**W. H. Rockingham, Ord., H.M.S. Thrush**), *nearly extremely fine and scarce*

112 single clasps issued to the Royal Navy, 22 to H.M.S. *Thrush*

£140–160

117 East and West Africa 1887–1900, 1 clasp, 1896–98 (**1935 C.S. Major G. Villees, 2nd W. India Regt.**) *nearly extremely fine*

£100–120

118 East and West Africa 1887–1900, 1 clasp, 1897–98 (**1571 Pte. Mamadu Dagomea, G.C. Contstby.**) *nearly extremely fine*

£60–80

119 East and West Africa 1887–1900, 1 clasp, 1900 (**628 Pte. Sulezampapa, 2nd N. Nigeria Regt.**) *nearly extremely fine*

£80–100

120 Hunza Nagar Badge 1891, with original fittings, the reverse impressed 'Gurney & Son. Woodstock Street. London,' contact marks, *very fine*

£220–240

121 Hunza Nagar Badge 1891, with original fittings, the reverse impressed 'Gurney & Son. Woodstock Street. London,' *nearly extremely fine*

£240–260

122 Central Africa 1891–98, 1 clasp, Central Africa 1894–98 (**1026 Sepoy Bhagrran Singh, 35th Bl. Infy.**), contact marks, *very fine*

Approximately 50 medals with clasp were issued to the 35th Bengal Infantry.

£300–350

123 Hong Kong Plague 1894 (**Private M. Warby, S.L.I.**), slight edge knocks, otherwise *good very fine*

£350–400

124 British South Africa Company Medal, for Rhodesia 1896 (**1008 Pte. A. Pitts, 4/Rif. Bde.**) some slight edge knicks, otherwise *very fine*

Only 31 medals issued to the 4th Bn. Rifle Brigade. Private Pitts was severely wounded at Ospoort on 31 May, 1901.

£140–160

125 India General Service 1895–1902 (2), 1 clasp, Relief of Chitral 1895 (**2498 Sergt. H. Minnikin, 1st Bn. E. Lanc. Regt.**); 4 clasps, Punjab Frontier 1897–98, Samana 1897, Tirah 1897–98, Waziristan 1901–2 (**489 Sepoy Chaudhri, 2nd Punjab Infy.**), *nearly very fine and better* (2)

£80–100

126 India General Service 1895–1902, 1 clasp, Punjab Frontier 1897–98 (**4125 Pte. C. Perry, 4th Dragoon Gds.**), *nearly very fine*

£60–80

127 India General Service 1895–1902, 2 clasps, Punjab Frontier 1897–98, Tirah 1897–98 (**4497 Pte. W. Thomas, 1/D.C.L.I.**) correctly engraved in the unique style found on medals to this regiment, *very fine*

£60–80

128 Jummoo and Kashmir Medal 1895, 1 clasp, Chitral 1895, unnamed as issued and fitted with bronze ribbon buckle, *nearly extremely fine*

£120–140

129 Queen's Sudan 1896 (**3403 Pte. R. Smith, 1/N. Staff R.**); Khedive's Sudan 1896–1908, 1 clasp, Khartoum (**Pte. A. E. Batten, Gren. Gds.**), *nearly extremely fine* (2)

£80–100

130 Ashanti Star 1896, unnamed as issued; East and Central Africa 1897–99, 2 clasps, Lubwa's, Uganda 1897–98 (**1734 Havaldar Ghulam Shah, 27/Bo.L.I.**), *very fine and better* (2)

£250–300

131 Sultan of Zanzibar's Medal 1896 (**Amadu Koloman, Indian Contingent**), *good very fine*

£120–140

132 British North Borneo Company Medal 1897–1937 (2), bronze, 1 clasp, Punitive Expeditions (**14 Sergt. Sawing**); silver, 1 clasp, Rundum, unnamed original striking, *very fine and better* (2)

£250–300

133 Queen's South Africa 1899–1902 (3), 1 clasp, Defence of Ladysmith (**136135 A.B. C. Barham, H.M.S. Powerful**); 3 clasps, C.C., Trans., Witt., (**1326 Gnr. A. E. Sherman, C.I.V.**); 4 clasps, C.C., Rhodesia, O.F.S., S.A.1901 (**11087 Pte. R. Crone, 60th Coy. 17th Impl. Yeo.**) last clasp loose as issued, *very fine or better* (3)

60th Company, 17th Imperial Yeomanry — North Irish Horse.

£120–150

134 Queen's South Africa 1899–1902 (2), 1 clasp, C.C. (**J. Sullivan, A.B. H.M.S. Niobe**); No clasp, (**A. Begg Sto., H.M.S. Philomel**); Naval Long Service & Good Conduct, G.V.R., Type 2 (**H. Daft, Sto., H.M.S. Philomel**) (3)

£40–50

135 QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, 2 clasps, C.C., Paard. (**Lt. Col. W. Aldworth, D.S.O., 2/D. of C.L.I.**) officially engraved naming, *extremely fine*

Lieutenant-Colonel William Aldworth was killed in action at Paadeberg when leading a forlorn hope on 18th February, 1900. Lieut. W. H. Fife wrote of Lieut-Colonel Aldworth 'I can only say that he was the most gallant soldier I shall ever see, and it was owing to his splendid example that we advanced so steadily when others refused to budge. I would willingly have been killed instead of him, as I could have easily been replaced, and he cannot. **He was hit in the forehead just as he had said: "Come on, Dukes! Come on, Cornwalls!' He fell, but raising himself on his elbow, added: 'Go on men, and finish it!'"**

Lieut-Colonel Aldworth was forty-four years of age, having been born on October 3, 1855. He entered the army as a sub-lieutenant on June 13, 1874, and was gazetted to the 16th Foot, of which he was adjutant from October 17, 1877, to March 29, 1881. Gazetted a captain in the Bedfordshire Regiment on March 30, 1881, he served with the Burmese Expedition from January 14, 1885, to March 3, 1886, as aide-de-camp and acting military secretary to Sir Harry Prendergast, first as a major-general in Madras, and then as general officer commanding in Upper Burma, being mentioned in despatches and receiving the D.S.O. and the medal with clasp. He also took part in the Isazai Expedition in 1892, and in February 1893 was gazetted a major. In 1895 he served with the Chitral Relief Force under Sir Robert Low with the 1st battalion of his then regiment (the Bedfordshire), and took part in the storming of the Malakand Pass and the engagement near Khar, for which he had the medal with clasp. Again he was in active service in 1897–98, under Sir William Lockhart, in the campaign on the North-West Frontier of India, with the Tirah Expeditionary Force as deputy-assistant-adjutant-general of the 2nd Brigade, and with the Khyber Force as deputy-assistant-adjutant-general, being present at the forcing of the Sampagha and Arhanga Passes, and the operations against the Chamkanis and in the Bazar Valley. He was mentioned in despatches, received the brevet of lieutenant-colonel (May 20, 1898), and two clasps. He obtained the substantive rank of lieutenant-colonel in the Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry on October 12, 1898.

£500–600

136 QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, 1 clasp, C.C. (**Lieut. H. C. W. Berthon, 2nd Rl. Highldrs**), *extremely fine*

Lieut. Herbert Cecil Willoughby Berthon of Cleeve Court, Somersetshire, 2nd Batt. Royal Highlanders (Black Watch), **died on Dec. 15th, 1899, at Wynberg, Cape Colony, of wounds received at Magersfontein.** He was the son of the late Major-Gen. T. P. Berthon, of West Mount, Ryde, Isle of Wight, and was born June 10th, 1865. Lieut. Berthon served in the ranks nearly seven years and gained his commission as 2nd lieut. in the East Yorkshire Regt., Jan., 1894; promoted lieut. Oct., 1896, and transferred to the Royal Highlanders, Oct., 1897. He served with the Kimberley Relief Force under Lieut.-Gen. Lord Methuen previous to being wounded at Magersfontein.

£400–500

137 QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, 2 clasps, Rhodesia, T.H. (**97 Tpr. F. F. Collins, Imp Lt. Horse**) *nearly very fine*

Severly wounded at Elandslaagte, 21 October, 1899.

£60–80

138 QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, 3 clasps, C.C., O.F.S., S.A. 1902 (**Capt. V. A. Blake, Sco. Rif.**), *very fine*

£40–60

139 QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902 (3), 4 clasps, Belmt., M.R., Drief., Trans. (**Pte. J. McFarlane, Cldstrm. Gds.**); 3 clasps, C.C., Trans., Witt. (**Pte. A. Stagy, Gren. Gds.**); 2 clasps, C.C., S.A.02 (**Pte. J. Ellis, Gren. Guards**), the first two *very fine and better*, the last *fine*

(3)

£50–60

A SMALL COLLECTION OF QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA MEDALS AWARDED TO THE KAFFRARIAN RIFLES

140 1 clasp, C.C. (2), (**39 Cpl. F. C. Smythe; 1090 Pte S. Marriott**); 2 clasps, C.C., Trans. (**488 Bugler F. E. Saunders**) pitted and fine only; 2 clasps, C.C., S.A.1901 (2), (**979 Pte. J. Ferere; 1827 Pte. W. H. Read**), unless otherwise described, *very fine or better* (5)

£100–120

141 3 clasps (3), C.C., O.F.S., Trans. (**1358 Pte. H. Maher**); C.C., Trans., Witt. (**571 Serjt. E. Thomas**); C.C., Wepener, Trans. (**661 Pte. G. B. Roberts**); 4 clasps, (2), C.C., O.F.S., S.A.1901, S.A.1902 (**21069 Pte. J. Creech, Kaffrn. Rifles & 119th Coy. I.Y.**); C.C., Trans., Witt., S.A.1901 (**1234 Pte. H. Rawson**), last medal fine otherwise *very fine or better* (5)

£180–200

142 4 clasps, C.C., Wepener, Trans., Witt. (2), (**675 Pte. A. B. Dick; 457 Pte. H. A. Small**) *good very fine* (2)

£200–240

143 4 clasps, C.C., Wepener, Trans., Witt. (2), (**1006 Pte. R. Amery; 891 Pte. E. Whitehead**) *nearly extremely fine* (2)

£200–240

144 4 clasps, C.C., Wepener, Trans., Witt. (**786 Pte. D. M. Evans**) *nearly extremely fine*

Private Evans was severely wounded at Kwaggafontein, 31 August, 1900. (see next lot)

£180–200

145 4 clasps, C.C., Wepener, Trans., Witt. (**951 Serjt. Maj. J. Adams**) *good very fine*

Sergeant Major Adams was killed in action at Kwaggafontein, 31 August, 1900. The Kaffrarian Rifles had a terrible experience at Kwaggafontein, near Krugersdorp, on this day. They were sent to clear a force of Boers from a group of rocky kopjes on the British flank. True to their inevitable practise, the enemy allowed the British to approach closely before opening fire, and then poured in a hail of bullets. 'We had no cover but the grass, and had to take our hats off and lay our heads close to the ground and wait for darkness,' says one of the Kaffrarian Rifles. 'Our Sergeant-Major was shot dead next to the Colonel; a Lancer officer was shot through the leg and another man in the stomach. Our position was desperate, the explosive bullets bursting just over our heads, our ammunition pretty well spent, and the Boers advancing. We could not move a hand. The Boers advanced in skirmishing order and when

about 50 yards away called out to us to surrender, but the Colonel would not, although we were nearly surrounded. He yelled out 'Fix bayonets' and mine was the only one fixed, no one else having one.' Colonel Cumming kept his men well in hand and there was no wavering. Fortunately evening was coming on and the light was now bad. The Kaffrarians worked rearwards through the grass, the Boers all the time yelling to them to surrender; fired one volley; jumped up, and ran for their lives. In this fierce little skirmish the regiment lost no less than 27 men out of 58.

£250–300

146 KAFFRARIAN RIFLES MEDAL ROLL for South Africa 1899–1902, photocopied from the original rolls held at the Public Record Office, London, 157 pp, large format, bound in green buckram with title in gilt on the spine and front cover, *good condition*

£30–40

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147 CHINA 1900, bronze issue, no clasp, (**Pte. Servt. Karm Din, 14th Sikhs**); TIBET 1903–4, bronze issue, no clasp, (**510 Cooly Dhrma Raj, S & T Corps**) *very fine and better* (2)

£80–100

148 CHINA 1900, 1 clasp, Relief of Pekin (**3514 Pte. J. Gallin, 2nd Rl. Welsh Fus.**) toned, *nearly extremely fine*

£200–250

149 ASHANTI 1900, no clasp, (**Lieut. A. M. Fleury, 3rd Rl. Irish Fus.**), *nearly very fine*

£300–350

150 ASHANTI 1900, 1 clasp, Kumassi (**184 Pte. Dangana Moshi 2., G.C.C.**), high relief bust, light contact marks, *very fine and better*

£150–170

151 ASHANTI 1900, 1 clasp, Kumassi (**763 Pte. Awuta Kember, W.A.F.F.**), *nearly extremely fine*

£160–180

152 AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–56, 1 clasp, B.C.A. 1899–1900 (**102 Pte. Marisawa, 1st K.A. Rifles**), *very fine*

£120–140

153 AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–56, 1 clasp, Gambia (**1275 Pte. J. Belgrave, 3rd W. India Regt.**), *very fine*

£100–120

154 AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–56, 1 clasp, Lango 1901 (**2663 Pte. Alijabo Bakhiit, Uganda Rifles**), *very fine*

£200–220

155 AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–56, 1 clasp, Somaliland 1902–04 (**T. F. Babbage, A.B., H.M.S. Fox**), *very fine*

£40–60

156 AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–56, 1 clasp, Kissi 1905 (**905 Saido Lokkoh, S.L. Bn. W.A.F.F.**), *good very fine*

£180–200

157 AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–56, 1 clasp, East Africa 1906 (**Pte. Jerutich Zeku, 3/ K.A.R.**), *very fine*

£160–180

158 AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–56, 1 clasp, West Africa 1906 (**3233 Bglr. Awudukeffi, 2/N.N. Regt.**), *good very fine*

£120–140

159 AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–56, 1 clasp, Nigeria 1906 (**3887 Pte. Yesufu, 1/N.N. Regt.**), *very fine*

£80–100

160 AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–56, 1 clasp, East Africa 1913–14 (**3329 Pte. Fadlmulla Rizik, 4/K.A.R.**), *good very fine*

£120–140

161 AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–56, 1 clasp, Jubaland 1917–18 (**556 Pte. Songord Madanga, 5/K.A.R.**), *good very fine*

£120–140

162 AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–56, 1 clasp, Somaliland 1920, (**191264 W. H. White, A.B. H.M.S. Odin**), *very fine*

£160–180

163 AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–56, 1 clasp, Kenya (**Spr. J. H. Brothers, R.E.**), *good very fine*

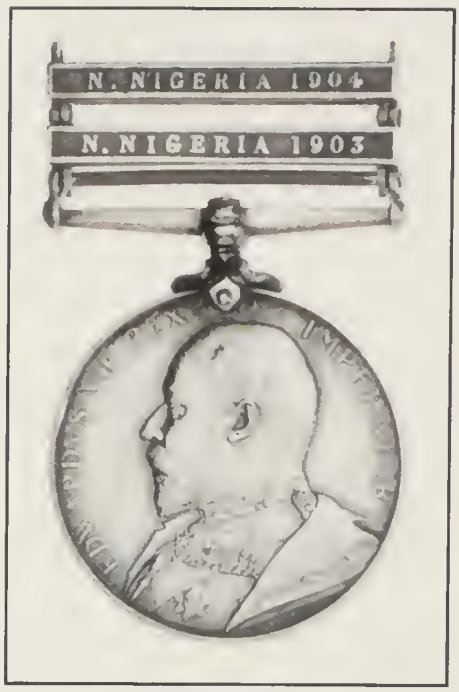
£20–30

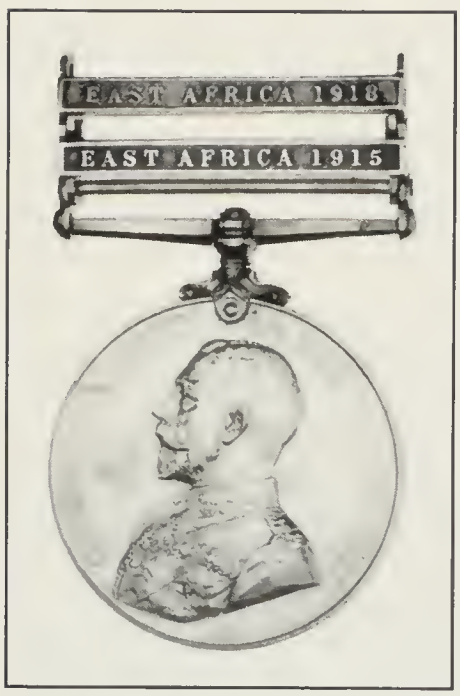
164 AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–56, 2 clasps, Somaliland 1902–04 Jidballi (**84 Pte. Mtarika, 1st K. African R.**), *nearly extremely fine*

£80–100

165 AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–56, 2 clasps, N. Nigeria 1903, N. Nigeria 1904 (**Resdt. Mr. H. B. Ryan, N.N. Regt.**), edge knock, otherwise *good very fine*

£340–380





166 AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–56, 2 clasps, East Africa 1915, East Africa 1918 (**D. R. Crampton, Pol. Officer**), *good very fine*

£400–440

167 AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–56, 5 clasps, Aro 1901–1902, S. Nigeria 1902, S. Nigeria 1903, S. Nigeria 1903–4, S. Nigeria 1904–05 (**C. Serjt. W. W. Pritchard, S. Nigeria Regt.**), middle three clasps are tailor's copies, *good very fine*

£280–300

168 AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–56, 5 clasps, Aro 1901–1902, S. Nigeria 1902–03, S. Nigeria 1903–04, S. Nigeria 1904, S. Nigeria 1905–06 (**1287 Pte. Garabu Gombe, S. Nigeria Regt.**), *nearly very fine*

£280–300

169 AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–56, 5 clasps, Jubaland, Somaliland 1902–04, Jidballi, Nandi 1905–06, Somaliland 1908–10 (**1056 L. Corpl. Abdullah Mohamed, E. Afr. Rif.**), *nearly very fine*

£280–300

170 TIBET 1903–4, 1 clasp, Gyantse (**6166 Pte. J. Wren, 1st Bn. Ryl. Fuslrs.**), *good very fine*

£280–320

171 India General Service 1908–35 (3), 1 clasp, North West Frontier 1908 (**8097 Pte. W. Bradley, 1st Rl. M. Fusiliers**); 1 clasp, North West Frontier 1930–31 (**Syce Ismail Khan, 2–17 Dogra R.**); 4 clasps, Afghanistan N.W.F. 1919, Mahsud 1919–20, Waziristan 1919–21, North West Frontier 1930–31 (**1529 Sepoy Saula Ram, 2/41 Dogras**), *nearly very fine and better* (3)

£80–100

172 India General Service 1908–35, 1 clasp, Abor 1911–12, bronze issue, (**611 Cooly Harkabir Monger, No. 1 Gurkhali Carr. Corps**), cleaned, otherwise *nearly extremely fine and very scarce*

£300–350

173 India General Service 1908–35, 1 clasp, Afghanistan N.W.F. 1919 (2), (**15802956 Pte. J. G. Anderson, 1 K.D. Guards; 12798 Pte. M. Trainer, 1 K.D. Guards**), edge knock to first medal otherwise *very fine* (2)

£60–80

174 Khedive's Sudan 1910–22, no clasp, 1st issue, unnamed, edge knock, otherwise *very fine*

£80–100

175 Naval General Service 1915–62, 1 clasp (3), Persian Gulf 1909–1914 (**A. W. Holmes, A.B., H.M.S. Swiftsure**); 1 clasp, Palestine 1936–1939 (**W. B. Spence, A.B., R.N.**); 1 clasp, Near East (**H. W. Sparrow, L. Smn., R.N.**), *very fine and better* (3)

£80–100

176 Naval General Service 1915–62, 1 clasp, Minesweeping 1945–51 (**Lieut. F. W. Wilby, R.N.V.R.**), *nearly extremely fine*

£80–100

177 Naval General Service 1915–62, 1 clasp, Cyprus (**RM. 16185 J. G. Nicolson, Mne., R.M.**), *very fine*

£40–60

178 1914 Star (**Pte J. Chesters, R.A.M.C.**); 1914–15 Star Trio (**Dvr. E. J. Budd, R.F.A.**); 1914–15 Star, name erased; Territorial Force War Medal (**Pte. C. Brown, 19 Lond. R.**); Mercantile Marine War Medal (**Henry G. Sudlow**); British War Medal, bronze issue (**Pte. M. Nkopane, S.A.N.L.C.**); 1939–1945 Star, copy clasp, Battle of Britain; France and Germany Star; 1939–1945 War Medal (2), cupro-nickel and silver, this in box of issue; Defence Medal, silver issue; C.V.S.M. with clasp, silver; Australia Service Medal (**A.F.E. Ellam**); India Service Medal, New Zealand War Service Medal, generally *very fine or better* (17)

£100–120

179 India General Service 1936–39, 1 clasp, North West Frontier 1937–39 (**4856554 Pte. F. Barlow, Leic. R.**), *good very fine*

Private Frank Barlow, 2/Leicester Regiment died on 12 September, 1942. He has no known grave and is commemorated on a memorial at Brookwood Military Cemetary, Woking, Surrey.

£60–80

180 GENERAL SERVICE 1918–62 (3) ,1 clasp, Palestine 1945–48 (2) (**Gdsm. E. Price, W.G.; Gdsm. K. Holmes, Coldstm. Gds.**); 1 clasp, Malaya (**Gdsm. R. Mollason, Coldstm. Gds.**); CAMPAIGN SERVICE 1962, 1 clasp, South Arabia (**Gdsm. R. Fairboth, Coldstm. Gds.**), *very fine and better* (4)

£40–50

181 GENERAL SERVICE 1918–62, 1 clasp (3), Iraq (**59677 Cpl. J. J. Molineux, E. York R.**); Malaya, G.VI.R., (**22312530 Pte. G. W. Ferguson, R.A.O.C.**); Malaya, E.II.R., (**22875731 Pte. H. G. Richards, R.A.M.C.**); INDIA GENERAL SERVICE 1936–39, 1 clasp, North West Frontier 1936–37 (**Bearer Bostan, 2 Rd. Constn. Bn.**); KOREA 1950–53 (**D/SSX 830836 E. Woolliscroft, A.B., R.N.**), generally *very fine or better* (5)

£60–80

182 GENERAL SERVICE 1918–62, 1 clasp, Near East (**2/Lt. W. Young, W. Yorks**), *very fine*

£80–100

183 U.N. KOREA 1950–53 (3), **Canadian** issue (**SH–61772 J. W. Powers**); **French** issue, in box of issue; **Thai** issue, *very fine or better* (3)

£100–120

184 CAMPAIGN SERVICE 1962, 1 clasp, South Vietnam, the edge impressed 'Specimen', *extremely fine*

This clasp was authorized in 1968 for service in Vietnam between 24 December, 1962 and 29 May, 1964. After this date, service qualified for the Australian Vietnam Medal and consequently this clasp was awarded to 68 Australian troops only who were all members of the Australian Army Training Team.

£180–200

185 CAMPAIGN SERVICE 1962, 1 clasp, Mine Clearance – Gulf of Suez, engraved on the edge 'Specimen', *good very fine*

£150–180

186 Campaign Service 1962, 3 clasps, Radfan, South Arabia, Northern Ireland (23707484 Pte. A. Martin, RS) mounted court style as worn, *very fine*

£60–80

187 CAMPAIGN SERVICE 1962, 4 clasps, Borneo, Malay Peninsula, South Arabia, Northern Ireland (**23848043 Pte. W. McGhee, A. & S.H.**), court mounted for wear, *good very fine*

£80–100

188 SOUTH ATLANTIC 1982, with Rosette (**Lt. N. Sethia, R.N., H.M.S. Conqueror**) together with remains of card box of issue, *extremely fine and rare*

In the early hours of 2nd May 1982 H.M.S. *Conqueror*, with Commander Wreford-Brown in Command, began surveillance of the Argentine cruiser *General Belgrano* whilst assisting in the enforcement of the Total Exclusion Zone around the Falkland Islands. In total compliance with the authority given later in the day, Commander Wreford-Brown took H.M.S. *Conqueror* into a classic attack, hitting the cruiser with two torpedos from a range of 1200 yards. H.M.S. *Conqueror* then withdrew after successfully evading a depth charge attack by two escorting destroyers. The *General Belgrano* subsequently sank.

Following this action, H.M.S. *Conqueror* continued to play a full part in the operation, including periods spent close inshore in shallow water. On one occasion, for example, she penetrated into Gulf San Matias in rough weather conditions in water only 27 fathoms deep. She was continuously at sea for longer than any other Royal Navy Submarine.

After the sinking of the *General Belgranoo*, the Argentine Navy withdrew to remain within their twelve mile limit for the remainder of the campaign. H.M.S. *Conqueror's* action was instumental in proving the efficiency of the submarine blockade which, firmly deterring any action by enemy surface forces, allowed the Task Force Commander to concentrate his surface units against the air threat, thereby minimising damage and casualties to our own forces.

£600–800

189 SOUTH ATLANTIC 1982, with Rosette (**LALCK H. C. Taylor, D113160P, H.M.S. Pict**), *good very fine and scarce*

H.M.S. *Pict* was one of five trawlers commissioned temporarily into the Royal Navy and served as 11th Mine Countermeasures Squadron.

£220–240

190 SOUTH ATLANTIC 1982, with Rosette (**S/A/Stwd. To Chi Keung, R.F.A. Sir Tristram**) with card box of issue, *good very fine*

The Royal Fleet Auxiliary *Sir Tristram* joined the Amphibious Task Group at Ascension Island and proceeded to San Carlos Water in the Falkland Islands. For a period of a week, repeated air attacks were pressed home on the anchorage when this very lightly armed ship had to protect herself while continuing to offload important military equipment. She was the first Landing Ship Logistic to make the re-supply run to Fitzroy, which task had to be unescorted. It was whilst there that the ship, still well loaded with ammunition, came under fierce surprise air attack and suffered severe damage which caused her to be abandoned on fire.

£180–200

191 INDIA GENERAL SERVICE 1954–95, 1 clasp, Hazara 1888 (**Syce Thakardin, 7th Bl.Cavy.**); KHEDIVE'S SUDAN 1896–1908 (**Syce Davi (3) 1st Bo. Lcrs.**); QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902 (**Kamod**) renamed; CHINA 1900, no clasp, (**Grass Cutter Khaddoo, 16th Bl. Lcrs.**), *good fine or better* (4)

£150–180

192 INDIA GENERAL SERVICE 1895–1902 (4), 1 clasp, Relief of Chitral 1895 (**699 Dooly bearer Bangalore Nynam, Comt. Transpt. Dept. Madras**) small official correction, *nearly extremely fine;* 1 clasp, Punjab Frontier 1897–98 (**Cook Umra, 20 (D.C.O.) P.I.**), *good very fine*; 1 clasp, Punjab Frontier 1897–98 (**Sweeper Nanda, 25th Pjb. Infy.**) *worn*; 1 clasp, Waziristan 1901–2 (**Ala Ditta, 3rd Pjb. Infy.**) rank erased, *good fine* (4)

£120–140

193 EAST AND CENTRAL AFRICA 1897–99, 2 clasps, Lubwa's, Uganda 1897–98 (**Syce Abdul Raggag, 27/ Bo. Inf.**), *very fine and extremely rare*

£600–700

194 TIBET 1903–4, no clasp, (**Cooly Rir Bahadur Rai, S & T Corps**); INDIA GENERAL SERVICE 1908–35, 1 clasp, North West Frontier 1908 (2), (**Tempy. Bearer Kaka, No 2 A.B. Corps; Bearer Hira Lall, 29th Mule Corps**), *good fine and better* (3)

£80–100

195 KHEDIVE'S SUDAN 1910–21, 2nd issue, unnamed, *very fine and very rare*

£400–450

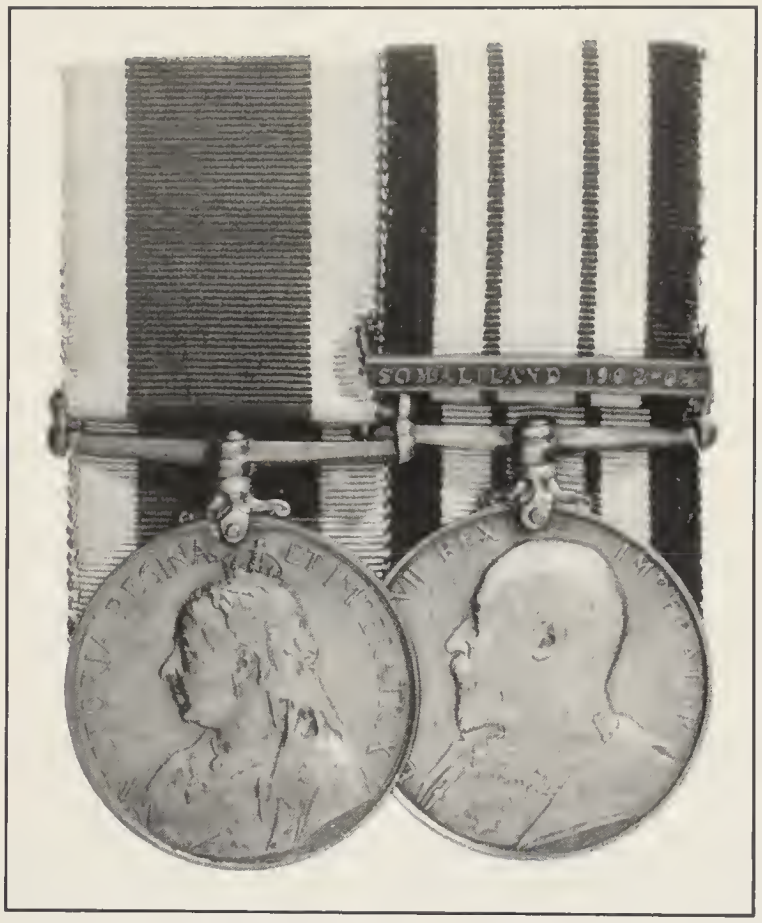
196 British War Medal 1914–18 (4), (186 Labr. Mohamed, 2 L.C.; 12246 Intpr. Macedonian M.C.; 7303 M. Zerafa, Maltese L.C.; 1663 Nk. Ghulam Ali, 6 Ptr. Cps.), *very fine or better* (4)

£100–120

197 Pair: Cooly Fakir, Supply and Transport Corps

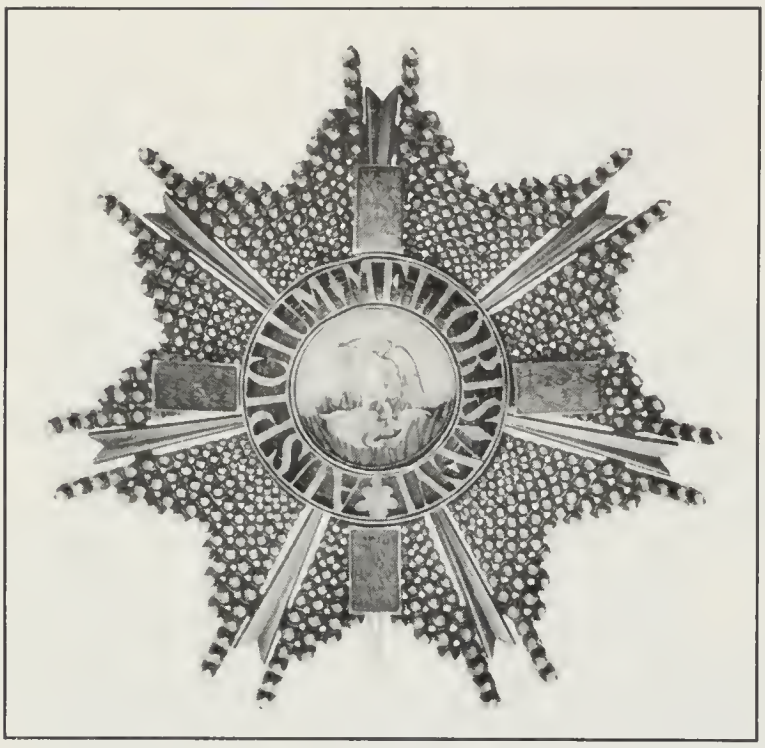
China 1900, no clasp; Africa General Service 1902–56, 1 clasp, Somaliland 1902–04, contact marks, *nearly very fine*, the latter medal *rare in bronze* (2)

£200–250



198 THE MOST DISTINGUISHED ORDER OF ST. MICHAEL AND ST. GEORGE, G.C.M.G., a fine early breast star by Storr & Mortimer, London, in silver, **gold** and enamels, 67mm diameter, *circa* 1840. Central figure of St. Michael with some enamel lacking, otherwise *very fine and scarce*

£800–1000



199 THE MOST DISTINGUISHED ORDER OF ST. MICHAEL AND ST. GEORGE, C.M.G., neck badge in silver gilt and enamels, in Garrard case of issue; THE MOST EXCELLENT ORDER OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE, C.B.E. (Military), 1st type neck badge in Garrard case of issue, enamel damaged on top arm otherwise *very fine* (2)

£280–320

200 THE MOST EMINENT ORDER OF THE INDIAN EMPIRE, C.I.E., **gold** and enamel neck badge, in its Garrard case of issue, *extremely fine*

£240–260

201 ORDER OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE, M.B.E. (Civil), 2nd type, in case of issue; CORONATION MEDAL 1953; IMPERIAL SERVICE MEDAL, G.V.R. (**John Gallin**); NAVAL LONG SERVICE AND GOOD CONDUCT, V.R., narrow suspender (**T. L. Davey, Carpt's Crew, H.M.S. Lark**), impressed naming. Sold with a group of 10 WW1/WW2 miniatures and two white metal medallions, *good very fine or better* (16)

£50–70

202 Order of the British Empire, O.B.E. Medal (1917–22), Military Division, in its Pinches case of issue, *good very fine*

£50–60

203 Distinguished Service Cross, G.VI.R., reverse officially dated 1940, *very fine*

£240–280

204 Distinguished Service Cross, G.VI.R., the reverse hallmarked London 1942–3 but otherwise undated, in its Garrard case of issue, *very fine*

£240–280

205 Military Cross, G.V.R., in case of issue. Military Medal, G.V.R. (**Pte. J. Dawson, R.A.M.C.**), *nearly extremely fine* (2)

£120–140

206 Military Cross, G.V.R. (2), both in cases of issue, *very fine and better* (2)

£220–240

207 Military Cross, G.V.R., with second award bar, in case of issue, *extremely fine*

£160–180

208 Military Cross, G.VI.R., reverse officially dated 1945, in its Royal Mint case of issue, *good very fine*

£120–140

209 Distinguished Flying Cross, G.V.R., unnamed in its Pinches case of issue, some damage to connecting suspension ring, otherwise *good very fine*

£320–350

210 Distinguished Flying Cross, G.VI.R., reverse officially dated 1941, in its Royal Mint case of issue, *good very fine*

£260–300

211 Distinguished Flying Cross, G.VI.R., reverse officially dated 1944, in its Royal Mint case of issue, *good very fine*

£240–280

212 Distinguished Flying Cross, G.VI.R., reverse officially dated 1944, in its Royal Mint case of issue, *good very fine*

£240–280

213 DISTINGUISHED FLYING CROSS, G.VI.R., reverse officially dated 1945, *nearly extremely fine*

£240–280

214 AIR FORCE CROSS, G.V.R., unnamed as issued, contact marks, *very fine*

£350–380

215 KING'S MEDAL FOR COURAGE IN THE CAUSE OF FREEDOM, unnamed as issued and in original case of issue, *nearly extremely fine*

£250–300

216 ALLIED SUBJECT'S MEDAL, bronze, unnamed as issued, *very fine*

Approximately 574 bronze Allied Subject's Medals were awarded to foreign nationals in recognition of services to British P.O.W.'s and evadees during the First World War

£300–350

217 KING'S MEDAL FOR SERVICE IN THE CAUSE OF FREEDOM, unnamed as issued but sold with forwarding letter from the British Embassy, Washington D.C., to **Mrs. Amy Marshall** of Spokane, Washington, dated 1st December, 1948. Medal mounted on bow together with ribbon bar in ladies case of issue, *extremely fine*

Approximately 2,500 medals were awarded to foreign civilians for services which furthered the British and Allied cause during the Second World War.

£200–250

218 JUBILEE 1897, bronze, ladies issue mounted on bow in case of issue (clasp broken), *nearly extremely fine and scarce*

£60–80

219 IMPERIAL SERVICE MEDAL, G.V.R. (Ladies), circular breast badge mounted on bow for wear (**Julia E. Harris**), accompanied by the rare original Warrant for the medal, a scarce early award, *nearly extremely fine*

Miss Julia E. Harris was awarded the I.S.M. on 19 February, 1913, in recognition of her services as an officer in the Department of Railways and Canals, Canada.

£100–120

220 KING EDWARD VII'S MEDAL FOR SCIENCE, ART AND MUSIC 1904, silver gilt, in its Rowlands & Frazer blue velvet case of issue, the lid embossed with gold crown, the case water damaged, *nearly very fine*

£250–350

221 Naval Long Service and Good Conduct, V.R., 1½ inch suspender, dated '1848' under the bust (**John Paul, Ships Cook, H.M.S. Inconstant, 24 ys.**) *very fine and scarce*

Approximately 100 dated '1848' long service medals were awarded, this example being approved on 3 December, 1850, making it one of the last to be issued.

£350–450

222 Army Long Service and Good Conduct, V.R. (2), 1st Type, steel clip and ring suspension (**Thos. Walton, Sergeant Major, 3rd Bn. Gr .Gds. Discharged 1847**); 2nd Type (**Corpl. G. Pullinger, Grendr. Gds.**) *nearly very fine and better* (2)

£80–100

223 Army Long Service and Good Conduct, V.R. (4), (**1216 Corpl. William Wilson, 6th Dragoons**); (**6478 Cl. Sergt. H. Barker, Grendr. Gds.; 3594 Gunner C. Smith, Coast Bdr. R.A.**); Unnamed; G.V.R. (**Sjt. W. B. Mahony R.H.A.**) (5)

£80–100

224 Volunteer Long Service, V.R. (2), (**8752 Pte. J. McCarthy, 3rd, V.B. PWO W.Y. Regt**); unnamed; E.VII.R., (**3376 Sjt. T. W. Wilbraham, 2 (V.B.) Notts & Derby Regt.**); Territorial Force Efficiency Medal, G.VI.R., (**Gnr. A. F. Hulme, R.A.**), *very fine and better* (4)

£40–50

225 Imperial Yeomanry Long Service, E.VII.R. (**499 Cpl. A. S. Mills, C. of L. (R.R.) I.Y.**), *very fine*

£120–140

226 H.A.C. Territorial Efficiency Medal, G.V.R. (**261 Bmbr. P. Woollen, H.A.C.**), *extremely fine*

£60–80

227 Meritorious Service Medal, V.R., (**Sergt. Maj. P. Fennelly, late 2/8th Foot.**) with silver ribbon buckle, *good very fine*

£120–140

228 Meritorious Service Medal, **New Zealand** reverse, V.R., unnamed, *extremely fine*

£120–140

229 MERITORIOUS SERVICE MEDAL, G.V.R. (**Sq.Sjt.Maj. J. Murray, 3 D-Gds.**), *good very fine*

£40–50

230 MERITORIOUS SERVICE MEDAL, G.V.R. (2), (**G106828 C.Q.M.Sjt. A. E. Pratt, 43/R.Fus.; G97804 Sjt. W. C. West, 51/R.Fus.**), *good very fine* (2)

£60–80

231 MERITORIOUS SERVICE MEDAL, G.V.R. (**7962 Sjt. J. W. Clough, M.M., 2/York R.**), *very fine*

£40–50

232 MERITORIOUS SERVICE MEDAL, **New Zealand** reverse, E.II.R. (2), 1st issue with fixed suspension; 2nd issue with swivel suspension, both unnamed, *extremely fine* (2)

£180–200

233 ROYAL AIR FORCE MERITORIOUS SERVICE MEDAL, G.V.R. (**15360 Sjt. C. S. Mason, R.A.F.**) polished, *good fine*

M.S.M. *London Gazette* 3 June 1919, Sjt. Clarence Saunders Mason (Hull), for services in France.

£120–140

234 NAVAL GOOD SHOOTING MEDAL, E.VII.R. (**204926 O. Powell, A.B., H.M.S. Warrior 1909, 3 Pr.Q.F.**) fitted with blue enamelled ribbon buckle dated 1909, *very fine*

£180–200

235 H.M.A.S. SYDNEY—S.M.S. EMDEN MEDAL 1914, converted Mexican silver dollar, 1889, by W. Kerr, Sydney, fitted with usual ring for suspension, *good very fine*

Presented to the crew of H.M.A.S. *Sydney* as a memento of the capture of the German light cruiser S.M.S. *Emden* on 9 November, 1914, in an action off the Cocos Islands.

£250–300

236 THE LORD MAYOR OF THE CITY OF LONDON, SIR CHARLES WAKEFIELD'S GOLD MEDAL (**Sapper H. M. Earl**), hallmarked 9 ct. gold 1916–17, 28mm diameter in its Mappin & Webb case of issue, *extremely fine*

These gold medals were awarded to those who assisted in the destruction of the Zeppelin L15 which was severely damaged by anti-aircraft fire over London on the night of 31 March – 1 April, 1916. The Zeppelin plunged into the sea a mile from the Kentish Knock Lightship shortly after midnight, and the 17 survivors were taken aboard H.M.S *Vulture* but not before being stripped naked by order of the ship's Captain.

£300–400

237 A FRAMED MINIATURE PORTRAIT of **Gordon Leslie Stevenson, Midshipman, Royal Navy**, possibly on ivory, unsigned, the subject reclined on a pillow, 48mm x 62mm, contained in a contemporary leather display stand, this with some damage.

Gordon Leslie Stevenson was appointed Midshipman 15 October, 1899, and served aboard H.M. ships *Caesar* and *Renown*. He died on 10 November, 1902, at the age of 19 years.

£50–60

238 **A rare and unusual medal awarded to J. Lewis for the Great Fire at Ilfracombe in 1896**

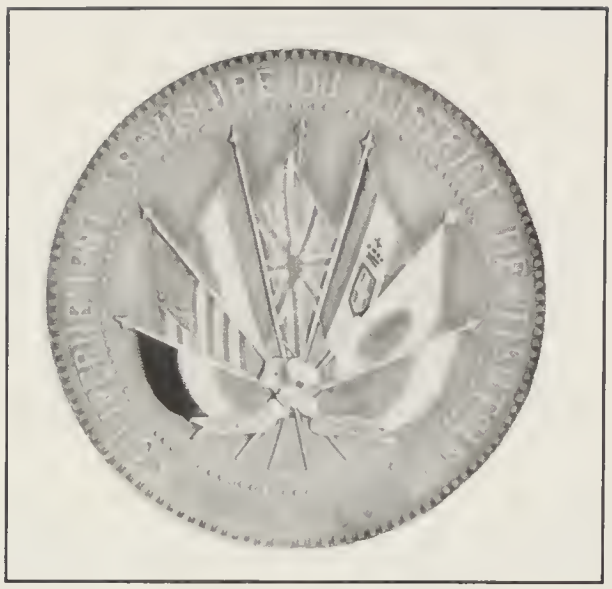
SILVER MEDAL FOR MERIT, the Arms of Ilfracombe, enamelled and superimposed on a shield below the words 'For Merit,' surmounted by a fireman's helmet and two axes; the reverse engraved (at Great Fire, Ilfracombe, J. Lewis, July 29th 1896), hallmarked Birmingham, 1896, with loop and ring for suspension, enamel damaged, otherwise *nearly very fine*

J. Lewis was second in command of the Fire Brigade at Ilfracombe when the town was consumed by a fire which destroyed more than thirty houses and shops. A visitor to Ilfracombe at the time of the fire collected £20 to be spent on medals for members of the Brigade. They were subsequently awarded in gold to Captain Jewell and in silver to the other thirteen members of the Brigade. Sold with further research.

£150–200

239 GOUVERNEMENT PROVISOIRE DU DISTRICT DE TIENTSIN 1900–1902, silver and enamel medallion commemorating the war in China, 52mm diameter, the obverse with the flags of seven nations enamelled in their proper colours, the reverse with Chinese inscription surrounded by a wreath, makers mark 'Tenshodo,' edge bruise, otherwise *very fine*

£100–150

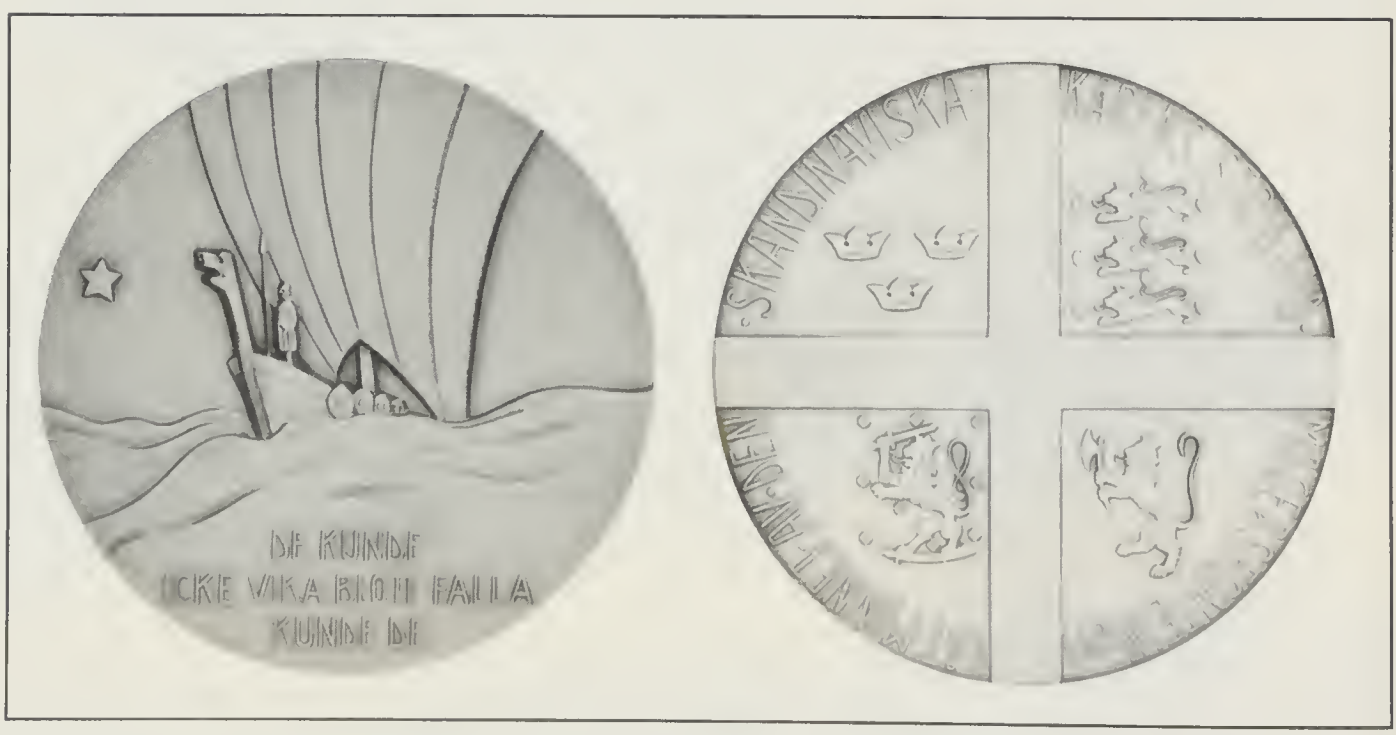


240 **An unusual presentation medallion given to Lord Baden Powell by veterans of the Scandinavian Corps who fought against the British at Magersfontein in 1899.**

LARGE SILVER MEDALLION, 90 mm diameter, obverse stylised Viking longship at sea following the North Star, with the words 'DE KUNDE | ICKE VIKA BLOTT FALLA | KUNDE DE' (*trans.* They could not escape but only fall they could); Reverse: the national emblems of the four Scandinavian countries between the arms of a cross surrounded by the legend 'AT MINNET AV DEN SKANDINAVISKA KARENS STRID VID MAGERSFONTEIN 1899' (*trans.* To the memory of the Scandinavian Corps who fought at Magersfontein 1899), the edge hallmarked and inscribed '**General Lord Baden Powell, Com. in Chief at Mafeking from admiring Skand:ns.**,' contained in plush fitted leather and gilt tooled presentation case, *good very fine*

This medallion was presented to Lord Baden Powell at Stockholm on 7 August, 1935 by Mr. Uggla on behalf of the Scandinavian Corps.

£300–400



241 **A superb Officer's Helmet of the Royal Horse Guards, Pattern of 1871**, silvered skull, the brass helmet plate with oak and laurel leaves surrounding the collar chain of the Order of the Garter with Queen's crown over the applied Garter star, the pierced motto of the order on a blue enamel ground with the central cross of St. George in red enamel, a vertical band of stylised scallop shells up the back of the skull, plain burnished chain on velvet lined black leather secured with rosettes, original leather and silk lining, red horsehair plume, approximate height 41 cm, the whole in *pristine condition*

£1600–1800

242 SERINGAPATAM 1799, silver, 21mm diameter fitted with silver loop suspender, *very fine and rare*

£220–240

243 NAVAL GENERAL SERVICE 1793–1840, 3 clasps, 4th Novr. 1805, Briseis 1810, Algiers, unnamed but attributable to **Vice-Admiral George Bentham, Royal Navy**. *Nearly very fine and unique*

Admiral George Bentham was present at Sir Richard Strachan's action, 4 November, 1805, as a Midshipman aboard H.M.S. Hero. Whilst commanding H.M.S. Briseis he captured, on 14 October, 1810, the French privateer Sans Souci, after a desperate conflict of one hour in which both sides suffered heavy casualties. He was present at Algiers aboard H.M.S. Heron and subsequently conveyed to Genoa the treasure reclaimed by the King of Sardinia from the Dey. For this service he was invested with the Second Class of the Order of St. Maurice and St. Lazarus. He married, in 1827, Emma Pellew, niece of Admiral Lord Exmouth. Admiral Bentham received a medal with three clasps for 4 November 1805, Briseis 4 October 1810 (2 issued) and Algiers.

£250–300

244 QUEEN'S MEDITERRANEAN MEDAL 1899–1902, *very fine*

£50–60

245 **A scarce pair awarded to George Robinson, Coxwain of the 'William and Kate Johnston' lifeboat**

ROYAL NATIONAL LIFEBOAT INSTITUTION, Silver Medal, G.V.R. (George Robinson, voted, 20th December, 1928); **France**, MEDAL OF HONOUR, 'Marine Marchande – Courage et Devouement,' 1st class in silver gilt, the reverse named (Robinson G. 1928), some fine scratching to obverse of first and gilt worn on French medal, otherwise *very fine* (2)

On 24 November, 1928, the Mersey was suffering a very heavy west-north-westerly gale, gusting to nearly 100 miles an hour with very heavy seas and continuous blinding rain squalls. Owing to these conditions and shortage of fuel the French steam ship '*Emile Delmas*' anchored four miles west-north-west of the Bar Lightvessel where the Barnett class lifeboat '*William and Kate Johnston*' found her yawing wildly. Nevertheless, 23 men were taken off, followed by the Captain. Conditions on the return journey were appalling, the steamer's chief engineer being washed out and drowned, and two of the lifeboat's crew having to be recovered after going overside. The damaged lifeboat crept back to station after six hours at sea.

The R.N.L.I. voted medals in silver to the coxwain, George Robinson, and in bronze to the 7 other members of the lifeboat crew.

Only 91 silver medals were issued with the George V obverse.

£450–500

246 ROYAL NATIONAL LIFEBOAT INSTITUTION, bronze medal, Hillary obverse (**Patrick Rooney, voted 21st May 1942**), in case of issue, *extremely fine*

Patrick Rooney was a crew member of the Newcastle, Co. Down, Lifeboat *'L.P. and St. Helen.'*

On 21 January, 1942, a convoy of ships missed its way in the early morning, a number of vessels going ashore near Ballyquinton, Co. Down, northern Ireland, in a south-east gale with very heavy seas, rain and sleet. As the Cloughey lifeboat was already on service, the self-righting motor lifeboat *'L.P. and St. Helen'* launched at 5 a.m. with a 20 mile voyage ahead in limited visibiltiy.

Reaching the scene, Coxwain Murphy found seven ships ashore but only one, the Liverpool S.S. *Browning*, capable of being reached. Seventeen of her crew had been taken ashore by lifesaving apparatus and one of the remaining 39 had been shot in the hand while destroying horses. The Coxwain made several attempts to reach the vessel from the windward but without success. Then, switching to the lee side, he took the lifeboat through a dangerously narrow channel into a small lagoon of calm water. Taking off all survivors, the lifeboat was now seriously overloaded but the Coxwain took the only way out and crossed the reef of rocks at full speed, judging the time to perfection. With no chance of returning to Newcastle in the conditions prevailing, he landed the survivors at Portavogie, a small fishing village.

The R.N.L.I. voted medals in gold to the Coxwain, in silver to the 2nd Coxwain and to the Mechanic, and in bronze to the 4 other members of the lifeboat crew.

£180–200

247 ROYAL HUMANE SOCIETY, bronze medal (**William Cotgreave, A.B., H.M.S. Beacon 14 Nov. 1880**) with ribbon buckle, *nearly very fine*

A. Cotgreave and J. Wright, seamen, of H.M.S. *Brecon*, at great personal risk, jumped overboard at Busreh, East Indies, on the 14th November, 1880, and rescued a native from drowning.

£40–50

248 ROYAL HUMANE SOCIETY, bronze medal (**Charles Childs, Commissioned Boatman, Coast Guard 28 Oct. 1882**) with ribbon buckle, *nearly extremely fine*

C. Childs, Commissioned boatman, H.M. Coast Guard, at great personal risk, rescued a man fom drowning in the sea at Lowestoft, on the 28th October, 1882.

£40–50

249 ROYAL HUMANE SOCIETY, bronze medal (**William Donald Grant-Yates, 18th June 1893**) with ribbon buckle, *very fine*

William Donald Grant-Yates, scholar, at great personal risk, rescued two persons from drowning in the River Esk at Eskdale, on the 18th June, 1893.

£35–40

250 ROYAL HUMANE SOCIETY, bronze medal (unsuccessful), (**J. O'Keefe, A.B., R.N., Nov. 7. 1900**) with ribbon buckle, *very fine*

On the 7th November, 1900, Wm. Ivers, A.B. of H.M.S. *Valiant* fell into the Hamoaze at Devonport. The tide was very strong and the depth 50 feet. At great risk, W. H. Beer and J. O'Keefe, A.Bs. of the same ship, jumped in, but were unable to effect the rescue and Ivers was drowned.

£50–60

251 ROYAL HUMANE SOCIETY, bronze medal (**Harry F. Seabridge, P.C., 17th Oct. 1909**) with ribbon buckle, *very fine*

On the 17th October, 1909, Thos. Hughes, in an attempt at suicide, threw himself into the canal at Hanley. H. F. Seabridge, P.C., went in, and after a hard struggle wirh the man who resisted violently, got him out.

£35–40

252 ROYAL HUMANE SOCIETY, bronze medal (**Dr. E. B. Collings, 2nd Dec. 1914**) with ribbon buckle, in its Elkington case of issue, *extremely fine*

At 12.15 p.m. on the 2nd December, 1914, a boy fell into the canal at Barnsley and his mother went in to try and save him but failed. Dr. E. B. Collings went in from the opposite side and rescued the woman. Again going in he brought the boy out but he did not recover.

£40–50

253 LIVERPOOL SHIPWRECK AND HUMANE SOCIETY, Marine Medal, silver (**John Holbrook** for having jumped into the Mersey and rescued a woman who tried to drown herself. Aug. 5. 1891) with ribbon buckle, in its damaged R. C. Oldfield case of issue, *very fine*

£50–60

254 LIVERPOOL SHIPWRECK AND HUMANE SOCIETY, Marine Medal, silver (**To Thomas Cowley, for Gallant Service, 20th June, 1921**) with ribbon buckle, in case of issue, hinge damaged, *extremely fine*

'Silver Marine Medal and certificate of Thanks to Thomas Cowley, for having rescued a boy immersed in the East Float Dock, Birkenhead, on 20th June, 1921.'

£40–50

255 LIVERPOOL SHIPWRECK AND HUMANE SOCIETY, Marine Medal, silver (**To John H. Collins, for Gallant Service, 31/1/27**) with ribbon buckle, in its R. C. Oldfield case of issue, *good very fine*

Silver Medal and Certificate of Thanks to John Henry Collins for rescuing a fellow workman in danger of drowning in the West Toxteth Dock, on the 31st January, 1927.

At 6–30 p.m. Collins and the man were engaged on a stage with the aid of electric light, painting the port bow of the S.S. '*New Columbia.*' After having painted the stage length of the bow, Collins began to ascend the rope ladder suspended from the ship's deck, leaving the man sitting on the stage. The man turned round with the intention of following Collins but tilted the stage and fell into the water, 15 feet below. Collins heard the man shout and on looking round saw him struggling in the water. He immediately jumped into the water, got hold of the man and swam with him to the ship's side where he grasped a rope. This rope however, was not secured on deck, and was of no use. At that moment, the foreman painter threw a rope to Collins which he got hold of, the foreman then ran to the Dockgateman's hut and informed them of what had happened, running back to Collins to tell him that help was coming. The Dockgatemen got a boat and pulled a distance of about 600 yards to the position in which the men were and found Collins quite exhausted but still supporting the man who was unconscious. They succeeded in getting the two men into the boat and returned to the hut, where several constables were waiting to render first aid. The two men were then conveyed in the Police Ambulance to the Royal Southern Hospital, Collins being discharged the same night, and the man rescued the following day.

£80–100

256 Pair: Special Constable Alfred M. Quirk

SPECIAL CONSTABULARY FAITHFUL SERVICE MEDAL, G.VI.R., 2 clasps, Long Service 1949, Long Service 1959; LIVERPOOL SHIPWRECK AND HUMANE SOCIETY, Marine Medal, bronze (**To Alfred M. Quirk, for Gallant Service 6/7/1941**) with ribbon buckle in its case of issue, *good very fine* (2)

'Bronze Marine Medal and Certificate of Thanks each to Alfred Matthew Quirk and Harry Stroud, and Certificate of Thanks and £2 to George Hector McKinnon, for having rescued a boy from drowning in the River Mersey at New Brighton, on the 6th July, 1941.'

£40–50

257 LIVERPOOL SHIPWRECK AND HUMANE SOCIETY, Marine Medal, bronze (**To John Griffiths, for Gallant Service 25/10/45**) with ribbon buckle in its case of issue

Bronze Marine Medal and Certificate of Thanks each to John Griffiths and Robert Davies, for having rescued a man from drowning in the Sandon Dock, Liverpool, on 25th October, 1945.'

LIVERPOOL SHIPWRECK AND HUMANE SOCIETY, Marine Medal, bronze (**Andrew Jones, for Gallant Service 7–6–69**) of poor quality manufacture, with ribbon buckle in its case of issue

'Bronze Marine Medal, Certificate of Thanks, and £5 to Andrew Jones, for having, with assistance from others, rescued a man from drowning in Canada Branch Dock No 2, Liverpool, on the 7th June, 1969.'

Both medals *extremely fine* (2)

£60–70

258 LIVERPOOL SHIPWRECK AND HUMANE SOCIETY, General Medal, silver (**to Charles Draper, for Gallant Service 9th December 1914**) with ribbon buckle in its case of issue, *good very fine*

'Silver General Medal, Certificate of Thanks, and two guineas, to Charles Draper, for a gallant attempt to save a fellow-workman fatally injured at the Canada Dock Overhead Railway Station, owing to falling accidentally from the platform onto the rails in front of an approaching train, on 9th December, 1914. Draper, seeing his comrade's perilous position, bravely jumped on to the line and tried to get the man clear in the few moments available, but failed to do so, and narrowly escaped losing his own life.'

£80–100

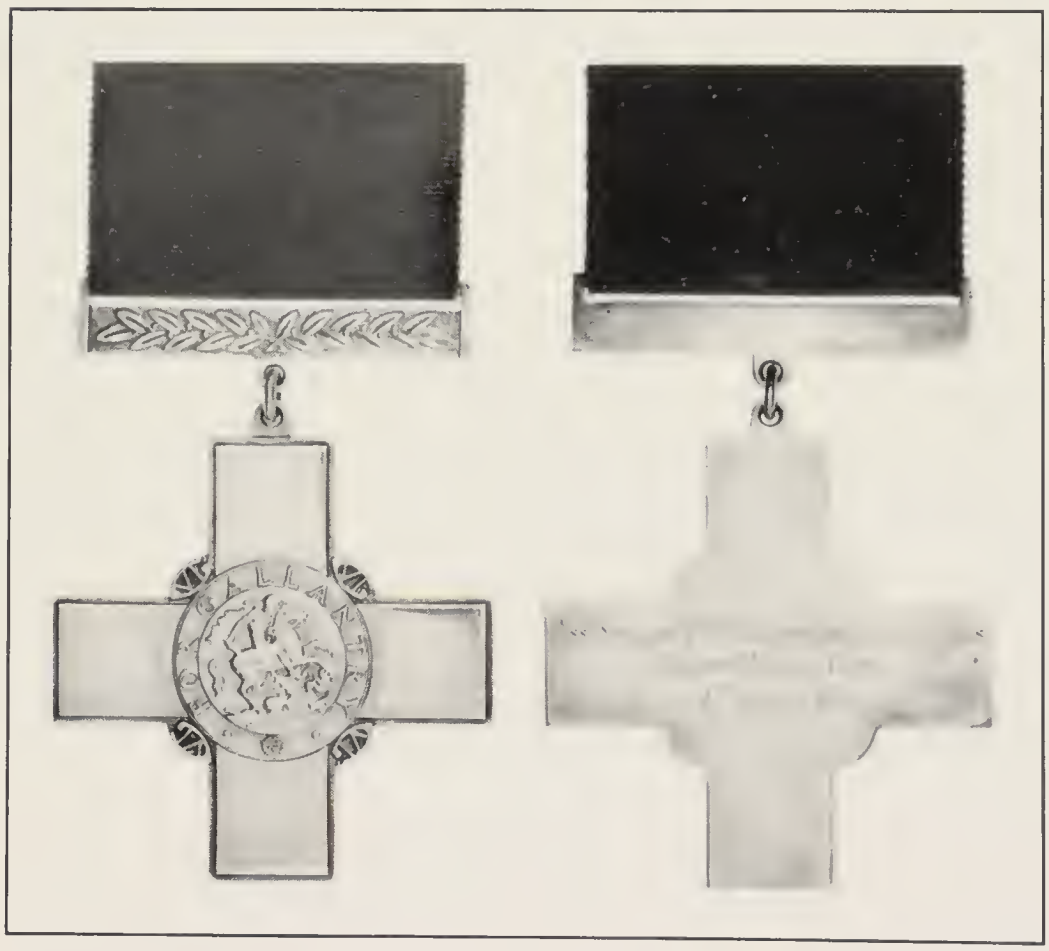
259 An exchange George Cross for Malabar 1921–2 awarded to **Assistant Surgeon George David Rodriques, Indian Medical Department**

GEORGE CROSS, reverse officially engraved (Asst. Surgeon 3rd Cl. George David Rodriques, Indian Medical Dept., 2nd June, 1923), in its Royal Mint case of issue, *extremely fine*

George David Rodriques was awarded the Empire Gallantry Medal, announced in the *London Gazette* on 2 June, 1923. The award was for services rendered in connection with military operations in Malabar 1921–2 and was given also to four men of the Dorsetshire Regiment for similar services.

The 2nd battalion of the Dorsetshire Regiment was stationed at Belgaum in India when the Moplah rebellion started. These fanatical Moslems had long been a trouble to the British. In the thick forest country, armed with every sort of weapon from stolen rifles and shotguns to swords and spears, they were formidable fighters at close quarters. It was in one of these hand-to-hand encounters that these men won their E.G.M.'s. All five subsequently had their awards exchanged for the George Cross.

£1800–2200



260 Eight: **Major P. K. Hodgson C.M.G., C.V.O., O.B.E., Private Secretary to the Governor General of Canada, and to the Duke of York, late Suffolk Yeomanry**

ORDER OF ST. MICHAEL AND ST. GEORGE, C.M.G., silver gilt and enamel neck badge; ROYAL VICTORIAN ORDER, C.V.O., reverse officially numbered C864; ORDER OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE, O.B.E. (military), 1st type; BRITISH WAR MEDAL (Major); TERRITORIAL FORCE WAR MEDAL (Lieut., Suff. Yeo); VICTORY MEDAL, M.I.D. (Major); DEFENCE MEDAL; CORONATION 1937 gilt worn on O.B.E. otherwise *very fine and better* (8)

Patrick Kirkman Hodgson C.M.G., C.V.O., O.B.E. was born in 1884, the son of Robert K. Hodgson and Lady Norah, 3rd daughter of the 9th Earl of Cork. He was educated at Radley and Trinity College, Oxford (M.A.), and was Clerk in the House of Lords, 1908–1914; he served in the European war as a Major in the Suffolk Yeomanry and later as Assistant Military Secretary to G.O.C. 3rd Army, B.E.F. (despatches, O.B.E.); Hodgson became Private Secretary and Comptroller to the Governor General of Canada, Lord Byng of Vimy, in 1922 and for this service was awarded the C.M.G. in 1926. He then served as Private Secretary to H.R.H. Duke of York (later King George VI) and was awarded the C.V.O. in 1927, retiring from office in 1933.

£600–700

261 Five: **Lieut. Colonel C. E. F. Copeman, C.M.G., Cambridgeshire Regiment**

ORDER OF ST. MICHAEL AND ST. GEORGE, C.M.G., silver gilt and enamel neck badge, in its Garrard case of issue; 1914–15 STAR (Lt. Col., Cambs R.); BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS (Lt. Colonel); TERRITORIAL DECORATION, G.V.R., *nearly extremely fine* (5)

Charles Edward Fraser Copeman was the 5th son of the late Canon Copeman of Norwich. He was educated at Norwich School, Selwyn and King's College, Cambridgeshire. He was appointed Lieutenant Colonel in the Cambridgeshire Regiment on 17 October, 1914, and, under his command, the '1st (Imperial Service) Battalion Cambridgeshire Regiment' was formed at Bury. The Regiment arrived in France in February, 1915, and joined the 82nd Brigade of the 27h Division, consisting of Regular Battalions from India and China with the 9th R. Scots, Princess Patricia's Canadian Light Infantry and the 1st Cambridgeshires as additional battalions. **Copeman commanded the regiment at Ypres** until invalided home in May, 1915. He succeeded to the command of the 62nd Provisional Battalion which subsequently became 9th Battalion Northamptonshire Regiment. Copeman was mentioned in despatches, *London Gazette* 27 July, 1917, and in the same year awarded the C.M.G. He was Vice Chairman of the Cambs and Isle of Ely T.F.A., and served as Under Sheriff for Cambridgeshire and Huntingdonshire on several occasions.

£400–450

262 Eight: **Brigadier General Sir William Kay, Bart., C.M.G., D.S.O., King's Royal Rifle Corps, amongst the first to win the D.S.O. in 1914 and later killed in action**

ORDER OF ST. MICHAEL AND ST. GEORGE, C.M.G., silver gilt and enamel neck badge; DISTINGUISHED SERVICE ORDER, G.V.R.; EAST AND WEST AFRICA 1887–1900, 1 clasp, Sierra Leone 1898–99 (Lt., K.R.R.C.); QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, 4 clasps, C.C., O.F.S., L.N., Belf. (Capt.); KING'S SOUTH AFRICA, 2 clasps, S.A.1901, S.A.1902; 1914 MONS STAR (Capt.); BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS, M.I.D. (Brig. Gen. Sir, Bt.), first three campaign medals mounted for wear, *nearly extremely fine* (8)

D.S.O. *London Gazette*, 9 November, 1914 'William Algernon Kay, Major, 2nd Battn. King's Royal Rifle Corps. He made a personal reconnaissance of great value on 1 Oct., reaching a point within 100 yards of the enemy's outposts.'

William Algernon Ireland Kay was killed in action on 4 October, 1918, by a gas shell near St. Quentin, in the zenith of his success. He had entered the army in 1896 with the 1st Battalion, K.R.R.C. and served in the operations in Sierra Leone, attached to the West African

Regiment, 1898–9. He served in South Africa with the 1st K.R.R.C. and was present at the actions at Laing's Nek, Belfast and Lydenburg.

He was promoted Captain in 1901 and served as Adjutant, Volunteers, 1906–8, and Territorials, 1908–9.

During the First World War he earned considerable distinction, being promoted Brevet Lieut-Colonel in 1916, awarded the C.M.G. and D.S.O. and was six times mentioned in despatches. He went to France with the first Expeditionary Force on the staff of Sir John French, and was badly wounded in October of that year. On recovering he served for a year and a half on the staff of the 24th Division in 1916–17, under General Sir John Capper, who held the highest opinion of his abilities.

In March, 1918, he was appointed to the Command of a Brigade, but, being again wounded, he was sent to England and in the following May returned to France to command the 3rd Infantry Brigade of the 1st Division. It was in this capacity that he was so tragically killed in action.

£2400–2800

263 Nine: **Lieutenant Colonel G. F. Chenevix-Trench, Indian Army**

ORDER OF THE INDIAN EMPIRE, C.I.E., 2nd type breast badge in gold and enamels with gold suspender bar, centre back plate lacking from reverse; INDIA GENERAL SERVICE 1854–95, 1 clasp, Burma 1885–7 (Lieut., 25th Bo. Inf.); BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS (Lt. Col.); JUBILEE 1897, silver; CORONATION 1902, silver; CORONATION 1911; **Italy**, ORDER OF THE CROWN, 4th class breast badge in gold and enamels; **Serbia**, ORDER OF THE WHITE EAGLE, 4th class breast badge with swords in silver gilt and enamels, the group court mounted, *good very fine* (9)

George Frederiek Chenevix-Treneh (1859–1937) was edueated at Winehester and Sandhurst, and entered the Army in 1879. He served in the eampaign in Burma in 1886 and was promoted Captain, 1899, and Lieutenant Colonel, 1905; British Joint Commissioner at Leh, 1891; Consul-General at Khorassan and Seistan, 1901–2; Politieal Agent at Zhob, 1903–10; he retired in 1910 and was ereated C.I.E. in 1911; served during the 1914–18 war as a Base Commandant (Crown of Italy and Serbian White Eagle)

£650–700

264 Five: **Colonel Horace Ricardo, Grenadier Guards**

ROYAL VICTORIAN ORDER, C.V.O., neck badge reverse officially numbered C188; EGYPT 1882–89, undated reverse, 1 clasp, Suakin 1885 (Maj. & Lt. Col.); JUBILEE 1897, silver; CORONATION 1902, silver; KHEDIVE'S STAR 1884–6 *very fine and better* (5)

As Lieutenant Colonel he eommanded the Regiment from 1899 to 1904

£400–440

265 **A good D.S.O. and bar group awarded to Lieut. Colonel G. S. Miller, Royal Warwickshire Regiment**

DISTINGUISHED SERVICE ORDER, G.V.R., with **Second Award Bar**; BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS, M.I.D. (Lt. Col.), the group mounted as worn together with the recipients identity tag and a small photograph of him on horseback, *good very fine* (3)

D.S.O. *London Gazette*, 3 June, 1918 '... for distinguished service in connection with military operations in Italy: George Swiney Miller, Capt. (temporary Lieut. Colonel), Royal Warwickshire Regiment.'

Bar to D.S.O. *London Gazette*, 15 October, 1918 'For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. The skill with which he made his plans, and his untiring devotion to duty in reconnoitering the position and training his men preparatory to an attack largely contributed to the success of the operation. When the objective was gained, his gallantry, and admirable leadership, which had been conspicuous during the engagement, greatly cheered and encouraged his men during the difficult work of consolidation under heavy shell and machine-gun fire.'

£700–800

266 **A fine Tank Corps D.S.O. group of three awarded to Major D. C. Allen, 15th Battalion, Tank Corps, late York and Lancaster Regiment.**

DISTINGUISHED SERVICE ORDER, G.V.R., in its Garrard case of issue, obverse centre slightly depressed; BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS, M.I.D. (Major), together with a Tank Corps cap badge and a copy of the unpublished history of the 15th Bn. Tank Corps held by the Tank Museum, *good very fine* (3)

D.S.O. *London Gazette*, 3 June, 1919.

M.I.D. *London Gazette* 30 December, 1918, and 10 July, 1919.

Douglas Charles Allen served with the 12th (service) Battalion, York and Lancaster Regiment in Egypt from 20 December, 1915, until 10 March, 1916, when the Battalion was sent to France. He was promoted Temporary Major, 21 January, 1917, and transferred to the 15th Battalion of the newly formed Tank Corps. Major Allen served with the Tank Corps for the remainder of the war as Commanding Officer of 'A2' Group, 15th Battalion. He led his men

into combat at each of the five tank battles that the Battalion was involved in—The Battle of Amiens (8th and 9th August, 1918), Courcelles le Compte (21 August, 1918), Vaulx Vraucourt (30/31 August, 1918), and Canal du Nord (27 September, 1918).

£450–500

267 **An Australian D.S.O. group awarded to Lieutenant Colonel H. V. P. Conrick, Australian Medical Corps, who served in Gallipoli where the legendary 'Simpson, the Donkey Man' was one of his stretcher bearers.**

DISTINGUISHED SERVICE ORDER, G.V.R., lacking top suspension buckle to allow mounting; 1914–15 STAR (Captain, A.M.C., A.I.F.); BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS, M.I.D. (Lt.-Colonel, A.I.F.); WAR MEDAL 1939–45, named (M. N. Surgeon); COLONIAL AUXILIARY FORCES DECORATION, G.V.R., officially named on reverse (Lt. Col., D.S.O., U.L.) lacking top suspension buckle to allow mounting. Together with two faded photographs of the recipient with his brother, and statutes for the D.S.O., the group on a tattered original wearing bar from which the last is now detached, generally *very fine* (6)

D.S.O. *London Gazette* 18 July, 1917 'Conrick, Horatio Victor Patrick, Major, Australian Army Medical Corps. For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty in attending to the wounded. He proceeded to the scene of an explosion under very heavy shell fire, and personally directed the removal of the wounded. His fearlessness and disregard for his personal safety had been marked on all occasions.'

LT. COL. H. V. P. CONRICK *(Seated)*, HIS BROTHER BEHIND

Horatio Victor Patrick Conrick (1882–1960) was born on 27 May 1882 at Fitzroy, Melbourne, son of Michael Francis Conrick, bank manager, and his wife Christina, née Love, both of whom were native-born. Educated at the Christian Brothers' School, St Kilda, he worked as a bank clerk before studying medicine at the Univesity of Melbourne (M.B., B.S., 1910); he then became resident medical officer at Mater Misericordiae Hospital, Brisbane.

In January 1914 Conrick was commissioned captain in the Australian Army Medical Corps; when war broke out he was appointed to the Australian Imperial Force and posted to the 3rd Field Ambulance, A.A.M.C. He embarked for Egypt in September, served throughout the Gallipoli campaign and was mentioned in dispatches in August and December 1915. In January 1916 he was appointed to the 2nd Australian General Hospital in Egypt and a month later was promoted major. He was then transferred to the 3rd Australian Auxiliary Hospital and left for the Western Front in April.

After a period as medical officer-in-charge, Anzac Base Details, he was attached to the Australian Voluntary Hospital in July, then for the rest of 1916 held appointments with the 2nd A.G.H. and the 5th and 7th Field Ambulances. He was serving with the latter unit when his award of the Distinguished Service Order was gazetted in July 1917: showing 'fearlessness and disregard for his personal safety, he had proceeded to the scene of an explosion under very

heavy shell fire and personally directed the removal of the wounded.' Later that year he served with the 1st and 15th Field Ambulances, the 10th Casualty Clearing Station and the 24th Battalion. He was made temporary lieut-colonel and senior medical officer at the 2nd Command Convalescent Depot in November and was again mentioned in dispatches. From 3 April to 24 May 1918 he commanded the 8th Field Ambulance; his rank was confirmed on 1 May.

Conrick embarked for Australia in June 1918 and was demobilized in August. On 12 September, at St Mary's Catholic Church, North Sydney, he married Mary Frances Punch. They settled at North Sydney and Conrick resumed medical practice; concentrating on children's medicine, he held appointments at the Renwick Hospital for Infants, Sydney, from 1922 and was honorary consulting surgeon there from 1957 until his death. From the late 1940s he was honorary assistant physician at Mater Misericordiae General Hospital and for several years was New South Wales representative on the council of the Brisith Medical Association. He kept up an active interest in the A.A.M.C. until 1943 when he was placed on the retired list with the rank of lieut-colonel; in 1931 he had been awarded the Volunteer Officers' Decoration.

Survived by his wife and two daughters, Conrick died on 18 July 1960 and was buried in the Catholic section of Gore Hill Cemetery.

On April 25th, 1915, Capt. Conrick, A.A.M.C., landed on Gallipoli with the 3rd Field Ambulance. The famous 'Simpson, the Donkey Man' was one of his stretcher bearers, so he has written with first hand knowledge of this brave and remarkable Australian soldier who made history that will long be remembered amongst others by the families and friends of the diggers who served on Gallipoli.

'Simpson, the Donkey Man'

Here are some personal recollections about this soldier, which I can vouch for, as he was in the same unit with me. I enlisted in 'A' Section of the 3rd Field Ambulance in Brisbane in 1914 as Medical Officer. We arrived in Egypt in December 1914 and were joined there by our 'B' Section from South Australia and our 'C' Section from Western Australia and Tasmania. We were a composite unit from all States of Australia, other than N.S.W. and Victoria.

John Simpson Kirkpatrick had enlisted in the 3rd Field Ambulance in Western Australia. This soldier enlisted as Simpson and was known to his mates as 'Simmy.'

At the landing at Anzac April 25th, 1915, he went ashore with his brearer squad of four; his three mates were either killed or wounded and Simpson was left alone. Being a young man of initiative and courage, he captured one of the stray donkeys that had been brought ashore for ammunition work. He placed his red cross brassard over the donkey's forehead below the ears and called the donkey 'Murphy.' Some afterwards referred to Simpson as 'Murphy the Donkey Man.' With this donkey and working as a unit on his own, he carried and guided the wounded from the trenches down, despite the shrapnel, to the first aid post.

In these early days it was highly dangerous to go along his usual track in daylight, as snipers from the Turkish trenches, which were higher than ours, kept up a constant barrage of rifle shots. It was while proceeding along this track on a visit to the front lines that our divisional commander, General Bridges, received the wound from which he died a few days later. After the General's death, the gully was made safer by the building of sandbagged walls at intervals along the track.

From all of which it will be seen that Simpson carried out a very dangerous mission. He had several donkeys killed while on his job, and he escaped death till about 3 weeks after the landing, when he was shot by a sniper through the heart while taking a wounded soldier on his donkey to the beach.

Simpson was a very game man and in fact, he laughed at danger. At all times he was cheerful and a great favourite with his mates of the 3rd Field Ambulance. On one occasion I passed him in Monash Gully and called out to him, 'Look out for yourself, Simmy.' His laughing reply came, 'That bullet hasn't been made for me yet, sir.'

When our C.O., Colonel Alfred Sutton, a good soldier and sensible man, came ashore at Anzac about one week after the landing, we reported to him the type of work Simpson was doing,

detached from the Ambulance. He replied he was quite agreeable he should continue, as his was an exceptional case, the only stipulation being that he should report at intervals to H.Q.

Simpson came to us at times for rations, but more often he was fed by the Indian Mountain Battery and Jacobs Mule Train, who were camped near Monash Gully. They greatly admired him and would have given him anything. After his death, these Indians took charge of his donkey, fed it and looked after it. Their Medical Officer, Capt. Casey Evans (afterwards Sir Casey Evans) told me that he enquired of some of them if they would not lose caste by handling a donkey. They replied, 'What matter, sahib, it is the donkey of a Bahadur – a hero.'

We buried Simpson in the cemetery on Brighton Beach, close to 'Hell-fire Corner,' a spot he had passed hundreds of times in his brave journeyings. Most of us had known him for four short months only, but long enough to assess his worth; surely 'a very gallant gentleman.'

£1800–2200

268 Four: **Captain R. L. Buxby, M.B.E., M.C., Lancashire Fusiliers**

ORDER OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE, M.B.E. (civil), 2nd type; MILITARY CROSS, G.V.R., reverse named; BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS, M.I.D. (Capt.), *good very fine* (4)

M.B.E. *London Gazette*, 9 June, 1938: Robert Lancelot Busby Esq. M.C. For political and public services in Manchester and Salford.

M.C. *London Gazette*, 6 April, 1918: Lieut. (A/Capt.) Robert Lancelot Busby, 8 Bn. Lancashire Fusiliers. 'For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. On his Commanding Officer becoming a casualty, he took charge of the situation, communicated with the forward troops, and sent messages to Brigade Head Quarters under great difficulties. He collected men from various units scattered about in shell-holes, and sent them forward under a responsible leader. The men though tired out, were everywhere inspired by his coolness and tact.'

M.I.D. *London Gazette* 23 May, 1918.

£180–200

269 **An M.C. and Bar group of five to Captain H. S. Todd, East Surry Regiment, who was killed in action in the battle of Epehy**

MILITARY CROSS, G.V.R., with Second Award Bar; 1914–15 STAR (PS–341 Pte., Middx. R.); BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS (Capt.); **Belgian** CROIX DE GUERRE, *nearly extremely fine* (5)

M.C. *London Gazette* 1 January, 1918. The regimental history records that 2nd Lieutenant Todd received this award for the Battle of the Menin Road Ridge from the 21st to 23rd September 1917.

Bar to M.C. *London Gazette* 1 February, 1919 'For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty at St. Pierre Vaast Wood on 1 September 1918. He was in command of one of the companies in the attack, and when the other company commander was wounded at the start, he supervised the advance of both for a distance of two miles without any previous reconnaissance. He reached his objective up to time, reorganised and gained touch with the flanks, showing great recource against determined opposition.'

Croix de Guerre (Belgian), *London Gazette* 12 July, 1918.

Captain Herbert Stanley Todd was killed in action in the advance towards Rossoy during the operations to capture a strongly fortified position of the Hindenburg Line in the vicinity of Epehy on 18th September, 1918.

£500–600

270 Five: **Major Samuel Dawson, Royal Artillery**

MILITARY CROSS, G.V.R., reverse named (Capt., R.F.A. Flanders); BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS, M.I.D. (Major); **Belgium**, ORDER OF THE CROWN, 4th class breast badge in silver gilt and enamel, damaged on several arms and both centres; **Belgium**, CROIX DE GUERRE, the group mounted for display, unless otherwise described, *very fine* (5)

M.C. *London Gazette* 1 January, 1918.

M.I.D. *London Gazette* 4 January, 1917, and 5 July, 1919.

Order of the Crown and Croix de Guerre, *London Gazette* 24 October, 1919.

Major Samuel Dawson served in the ranks for 5 years before being commissioned into the Royal Field Artillery on 13 June, 1915. He served in France and Flanders from 1915 to 1919 and was wounded in action in May, 1918.

£220–240

271 **A Canadian M.C. group of three for the battle of Lens 1917, awarded to Lieutenant R. J. Goodman, 50th Canadian Infantry.**

MILITARY CROSS, G.V.R., reverse neatly named (Lieut, 50th Canadians, Lens 24.8.17); BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS (Lieut), *nearly extremely fine* (3)

Lieutenant Robert James Goodman 'For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty when acting as Adjutant during several days severe fighting. When most of the officers had become casualties, he went forward and took command of a bombing party, and by his determination and gallant leadership gained and consolidated his objective.'

£220–240

272 **An M.C., D.C.M. pair to 2nd Lieutenant John Williams, Highland Light Infantry**

MILITARY CROSS, G.V.R., reverse engraved (C.S.Mjr., 2/High.L.I.); DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDAL, G.V.R. (11071 C.S.Mjr. 2/High.L.I.), the pair mounted for display, *very fine* (2)

M.C., *London Gazette* 2 December, 1918: 2 Lt. John Williams, D.C.M., 2nd Bn. Highland Light Infantry 'For conspicuous gallantry and able leadership during an attack. When all senior officers had become casualties, he organised the company under very difficult conditions and quickly consolidated his position. Two days later he, by his personal example and energy, kept his company together on his objective and captured many prisoners.'

D.C.M. *London Gazette*, 28 March, 1918 'For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. The enemy having made a determined bombing attack, delivered regardless of losses, entered our front trench. During the fighting all the bombs in his company's area having been expended, he, regardless of the heavy enemy barrage, collected bombs from both flanks. On his return, finding all the Company Officers had been wounded, he rallied the Company, and it was owing to his magnificent example and leadership that the line was held intact.

£300–350

273 Five: MILITARY CROSS, G.VI.R,. reverse officially dated 1940;1939–45 STAR; FRANCE AND GERMANY STAR; DEFENCE and WAR MEDALS, all unnamed as issued *good very fine* (5)

£120–140

274 Seven: **Major Hartley Pullan, D.F.C., Royal Army Service Corps, late R.F.C. and R.A.F.**

DISTINGUISHED FLYING CROSS, G.V.R., named on reverse and contained in case of issue with original horizontal ribbon; BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS (2/Lieut., R.A.F.), in card boxes of issue; 1939–45 STAR; AFRICA STAR; ITALY STAR; WAR MEDAL, the last four in card box of issue. Sold with original R.A.F. commission, various official documents and a quantity of original photographs, mostly W.W.1 period. *nearly extremely fine* (7)

D.F.C. *London Gazette*, 21 September, 1918.

Major Hartley Pullen was born in Harrogate on 9 October, 1899, and was commissioned into the Royal Flying Corps as a Second Lieutenant on 28 November, 1917. An accompanying newspaper cutting notifying his death states:

'Major Pullan joined the Royal Flying Corps during the 1914–18 war and was awarded the **D.F.C. for bringing down seven enemy aircraft over France**. In the 1939–45 war he joined the R.A.S.C. and saw service in France and Italy. Between the wars, Major Pullan worked for the West Yorkshire Road Car Co. Ltd., and after the war became a civil servant. He died in 1967 at the age of 68.

£700–900

275 **A Mosquito night-fighter D.F.C. and bar group awarded to Flying Officer F. C. Bone, Radar Operator to Flying Officer W. H. Miller, who together destroyed 10 enemy aircraft.**

DISTINGUISHED FLYING CROSS, G.VI.R., with **Second Award Bar**, both officially dated '1944'; 1939–45 STAR; AIR CREW EUROPE STAR, clasp, France and Germany; WAR MEDAL; POLICE EXEMPLARY SERVICE MEDAL, E.II.R. (Const.), together with an R.L.S.S. bronze medal, named and dated 'Sept. 1931' and a football prize medal in silver, gilt and enamels, the reverse named 'Birkenhead Police, Midweek Div. I, Runners-up, 1934–5.' The group is accompanied by several original documents including two congratulatory telegrams for the award of the D.F.C. and bar, both signed by Air Chief Marshal A. T. 'Bomber' Harris, and a letter from the Dutch family who rescued him when shot down over the Netherlands. Mounted as worn, *good very fine* (7)

D.F.C. London Gazette, 13 June, 1944

Flying Officer Frederick Charles Bone, No 169 Squadron Flying Officer Wilfred Handel Miller, no 169 Squadron 'As observer and pilot respectively, these officers have participated in many sorties. They have displayed a high degree of skill and co-operation, and have **destroyed 8 enemy aircraft at night, 3 of them in one sortie** in May, 1944. Their achievement on this occasion merited the highest praise. These officers have set a fine example of devotion to duty.'

Bar to D.F.C. *London Gazette* 3 October, 1944.

Flying officer Wilfred Handel Miller, D.F.C., R.A.F.V.R., 169 Sqn

Flying Officer Frederick Charles Bone, D.F.C, R.A.F.V.R., 169 Sqn

'These officers, as pilot and observer repectively, have completed many sorties. They have displayed a high degree of skill and co-operation, and their keenness to engage the enemy has been most evident. **They have destroyed 10 hostile aircraft.**'

Miller and Bone's greatest success was on 15th May, 1944, when in Mosquito DZ 478 they participated in the mining of the Kiel Canal by Mosquitoes of 8 Group. First they claimed a Junkers 88 at 10,000 feet, came down to 2,000 feet and shot down another and then at 10,000 feet again found a BF 110, which they also shot down.

They claimed their last enemy aircraft on 10 August, 1944 and were posted missing over Holland on the night of 13 August, 1944. It would appear from the letter sold with the group that they were turned over to the authorities and interned for the remainder of the war.

£1500–1800

276 Six: **Captain J. McGevor, South Staffordshire Regiment**

ORDER OF THE BRITISH EMPIRE, M.B.E. (military), 1st type; 1914–15 STAR (Q.M. & Lieut., S. Staff. R.); BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS, M.I.D. (Q.M. & Capt.); CORONATION 1902, bronze; LONG SERVICE AND GOOD CONDUCT, G.V.R. (3548 S.Mjr., S. Staff. Regt.), *very fine* (6)

M.B.E. London Gazette 15 April, 1919 Captain John McGevor.

For services with the British Expeditionary Force in France.

M.I.D. *London Gazette* 24 May, 1918 – Sir D. Haig's Despatch of the 7th of April, submitting names deserving of special mention.

£140–160

277 **The important St. Nazaire C.G.M. group awarded to Petty Officer L. S. Lamb, Coxwain of Motor Launch 160**

CONSPICUOUS GALLANTRY MEDAL (Royal Navy), G.VI.R. (Jx.141113. L. S. Lamb, A/P.O., R.N.); 1939–45 STAR; ATLANTIC STAR; WAR MEDAL, *good very fine* (4)

C.G.M. *London Gazette* 21 May, 1942, Acting Petty Officer Leonard Sidney Lamb '**For great bravery in rescuing many men from a blazing Motor Launch under intense fire at very short range, and for selfless devotion in tending the wounded on the way back from the raid.**'

0100 Hrs on 28 March 1942 found L. S. Lamb cruising between the closing banks of the Loire Estuary at the helm of Torpedo Motor Launch 160, ready to play his part in delivering a punishing blow to the vaunted master-race inside Fortress Europe. Off the port bow, Motor Gun Boat 314, carrying the Operation's two commanders, Lt. Col. Newman and Cdr. Ryder, both of whom were to win the Victoria Cross, could be seen leading the other sixteen vessels that comprised Force Chariot. In the wake of MGB 314 followed the former American destroyer, H.M.S. *Campbeltown*, now fitted with a four and a half ton explosives package, designed to blow apart the southern lock-gates to the only dry dock on the Nazi-occupied Atlantic seaboard capable of berthing the mighty battleship, *Tirpitz*.

During the final run in to St. Nazaire, where the glare of searchlights would turn night into day and the din of battle would reign supreme, **ML 160's skipper, Lieut. Tom 'Lizard' Boyd, casually commented to his coxswain, 'This is a queer do,' to which Lamb swiftly retorted 'It'll soon be a bloody sight queerer, sir.'**

As the force steamed passed the Les Morées Tower, with the troop carrying ML's formed into port and starboard columns, a German shore signal station flashed an identification demand. Employing a pre-planned ruse, the MGB signalled back in German that she was 'proceeding up harbour in accordance with previous orders.' For several valuable minutes Force Chariot steamed on unchecked while the German defence sought verification. However, one alert and imaginative German officer, a Capt. Meke of the Naval Flak Brigade, whose suspicions had been aroused by the unusual behaviour of RAF Bombers overhead had concluded that night's air raid had surely been intended as a diversion. And thus, at 0120 hrs he put out the general order, 'Beware Landing.'

Meanwhile on the river a searchlight beam fell upon the MGB followed by a burst of automatic fire. But instead of stopping as any German force would have done, Force Chariot, now illuminated in a blaze of light, increased speed drawing a hail of multi-coloured tracer from the shore. Through the blinding glare, ML 160 came suddenly upon an anchored Sperrbrecher, acting as guardship, into which she nearly collided. Boyd later recalled he 'had to alter course

violently to avoid hitting it and gave it a very good burst as we went by.' At 0134 hrs, *Campbeltown* smashed into the dock gates winning Lt. Cdr. Beattie the Victoria Cross and tearing back thirty-six feet of her bows.

Under intense fire the starboard and port columns of ML's attempted to land their Commandos, but all that could be seen from the stern of 160 was boat after boat being hit and bursting into flames. As one of the four Torpedo ML's, 160 held a roving commission to sink any opposing vessels and if necessary to draw fire away from the Troop carrying ML's. Thus Boyd went off up stream in search of lucrative targets but finding none returned to the vicinity of the lock gates with the intention of going alongside *Campbeltown* to offer whatever assistance he could.

However before reaching the gates, Boyd spotted two Bofors guns on top of a power-house 'shooting the hell out of everybody.' In response, Lamb brought ML 160 safely under the gun's maximum depression, while Boyd directed thirty rounds of high explosive, and his gunner, Melver, repeatedly yelled, 'Och! that's hit the bastards again.'

Although the Bofors were quickly silenced, 160 now came under such intense fire from all sides that Lamb found himself having to constantly leave the helm and crawl from the wheelhouse to see if his skipper was still alive. An opportunity then arose to loose off a 'tin fish,' which, after a run of about 350 yds, sent up a column of white water on the anchored target amidships.

Next, ML 160 found herself held by searchlights focussing shot and shell into her. To those aboard it must have seemed as though the end was near, as the ML shuddered with each strike. Then, with a blinding crash and amidst clouds of smoke, all the lights went out and both engines cut. But once more ML 160's luck held, and seconds later the engines cut in again allowing Boyd to take his vessel off in the direction of the Old Mole where Lieut. T. D. L. Platt's ML 447 was ablaze and in severe difficulties. To alleviate Platt's situation, Boyd brought 160 between the Old Mole and 447 drawing fire onto his own vessel. During this manœuvre, 160's stern crashed into 447's starboard side briefly locking both launches together.

In spite of the intense gunfire, Boyd's crew and Platt's standing survivors transferred the wounded to ML 160. Through the general courageousness of the rescuers, **Petty Officer Lamb's gallantry shone out, as he repeatedly went aboard the blazing boat and carried off many wounded whom he then tended untiringly**.

Having backed out into the river and seen the remains of 447 blow up, Boyd delayed his withdrawal to pull three more Commandos from the water. Several shells then hit the boat causing a fire aft and cutting the port engine. Oerlikon shells raked the deck either killing or wounding again some of the injured. After some forty minutes in the port, Boyd set off downstream weaving his way between the waterspouts thrown up by the shore batteries. At about 0330 hrs, the port engine was repaired and 160 made her way out to the proposed rendezvous.

In the event the only rendezvous that Boyd made was with the ML's of Lieuts. Wallis and Horlock, with whom he set course for England. However, their adventures were not yet over. During forenoon the little convoy was attacked by a Heinkel 111 which was swiftly knocked into the sea by the combined firepower of their Oerlikon guns, giving rise to the issue of a celebratory double rum ration aboard ML 160.

Finally, the following day, after three days and three nights away, the ML's of Lieuts. Boyd, Wallis and Horlock, being the only surviving vessels from Force Chariot, pushed into Falmouth with barely an hour's fuel to spare.

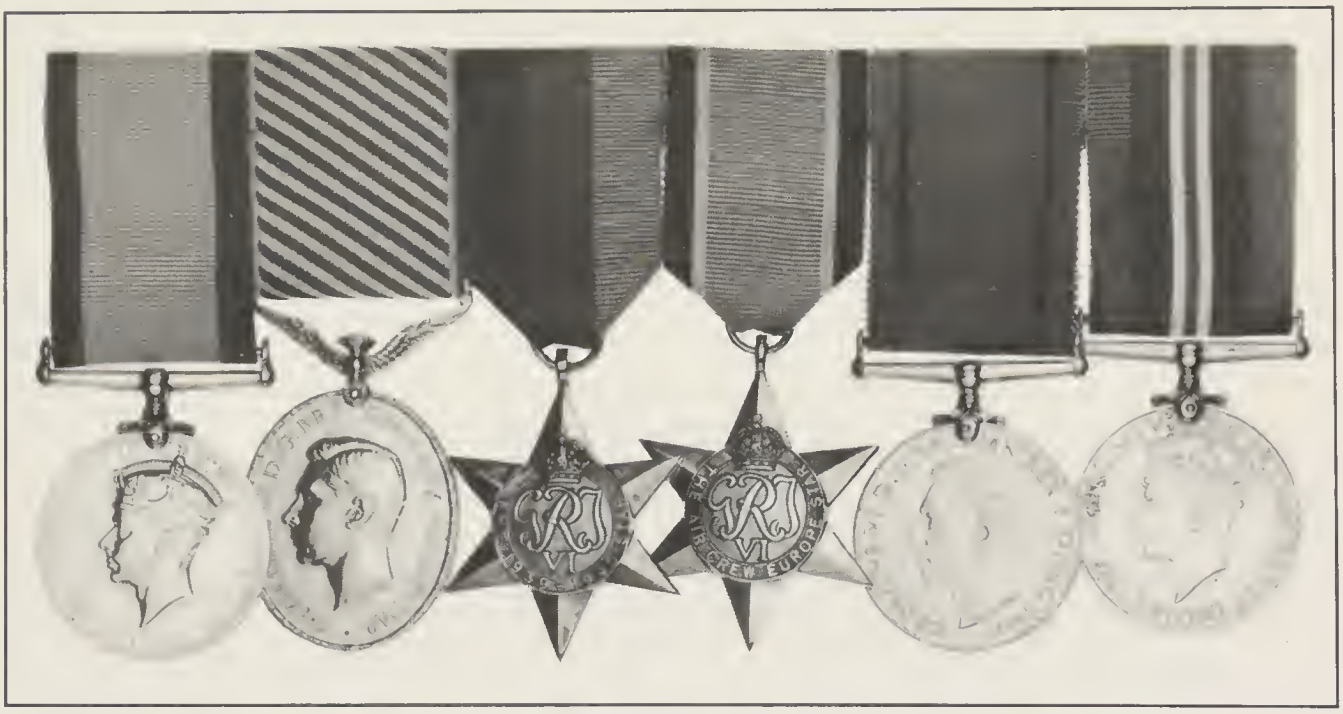
£4000–6000

278 **A Pathfinder's C.G.M., D.F.M. group of six awarded to Warrant Officer Squire Nuttall, Royal Air Force, who completed 91 Operational Missions.**

CONSPICUOUS GALLANTRY MEDAL (Flying), G.VI.R. (W/O); DISTINGUISHED FLYING MEDAL, G.VI.R. (1684518 F/Sgt.); 1939–45 STAR; AIR CREW EUROPE STAR; DEFENCE and WAR MEDALS, together with the recipients Navigator's, Air Bomber's and Air Gunner's Flying Log Book (May 1943–July 1945). Edge bruise to first medal, otherwise *very fine* (6)

C.G.M. *London Gazette* 26 October, 1945. Warrant Officer D.F.M., No 35 (P.F.F.) Squadron, Royal Air Force Volunteer Reserve. 'The following recommendation was extracted from official records: 'Since the award of the Distinguished Flying Medal this Warrant Officer has flown on many more operational sorties, serving in a crew engaged on many important marking duties. An air gunner of outstanding ability, his keen vigilance has, on many occasions, enabled his captain to take action to avoid enemy night fighters. Throughout a long period of operational flying, Warrant Officer Nuttall has displayed gallantry and devotion to duty of a high order.'

D.F.M. *London Gazette* 12 December, 1944. Flight Sergeant, No 35 (P.F.F.) Squadron, R.A.F.V.R.



Warrant Officer Squire Nuttall was posted to 77 Squadron in September, 1943, and took part in four night operations before being posted to 35 Squadron 'Pathfinder Force.' Between November, 1943, and April, 1945, he completed a further 87 sorties making 91 in total, amassing an incredible 500 hours of operational flying time.

Nuttall flew most of his earlier missions as mid-upper gunner but for his last 40 missions he was more usually employed as rear gunner. These two positions were probably the most vulnerable and dangerous places to be on a heavy bomber and the life expectancy of such gunners was not long by any means. It is, then, all the more remarkable that Nuttall survived unscathed to fly so many missions.

35 Squadron was one of the original five chosen to form a new corps d'élite, the Pathfinder Force, No 8 group. Initially equipped with Halifaxes the squadron converted to Lancasters in March, 1944. Nuttall's log book is a record of the most heavily defended targets in Germany but of particular note are the following entries:

30March 1944 – Nurnberg. On this night Bomber Command suffered its heaviest losses in one attack during the war.

9 May 1944 – Haine St Pierre, Master Bomber.

2 June 1944 – Trappes, Master Bomber.

5/6 June 1944 – Maisy. In the early hous of D-Day the squadron attacked two German coastal batteries, one at Maisy and the other at Longues.

7 July 1944 – Caen, Master Bomber.

5 January 1945 – Hanover, mid-upper gunner baled out over target after being presumably hit by flak.

12 March 1945 – Dortmund. The largest daylight raid during the war against a single target when 1,107 aircraft dropped more than 4500 tonnes of bombs.

4 April 1945 – Leuna (Merseburg), Master Bomber.

25 April 1945 – Wangerooge. The last operational mission of World War 2 for both Nuttall and 35 Squadron when 8 Lancasters bombed gun batteries on the island of Wangerooge.

May 1945 – various missions marking for dropping of food supplies in Holland and ferrying released P.O.W.'s from Belgium, France and Germany (Operation 'Exodus').

£3500–4000

279 **A D.C.M. pair for the Crimea awarded to Private James Henery, 77th (The East Middlesex) Regiment.**

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDAL, V.R. (77th Regt.); CRIMEA 1854–55, 3 clasps, Alma, Inkermann, Sebastopol, unnamed as issued, *good very fine* (2)

D.C.M. recommendation dated 17th January, 1855.

£450–500

280 Nine: **Sgt. Major R. Sturges Coldstream Guards.**

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDAL, G.V.R.; QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, 5 clasps, C.C., O.F.S., Johan., D.H., Belf.; KING'S SOUTH AFRICA, 2 clasps (Pte.); 1914 STAR and Mons Bar (B.S.M.); BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS; DEFENCE MEDAL; LONG SERVICE & GOOD CONDUCT ,G.V.R. Type I; CADET FORCES MEDAL, G.VI.R. Type 2 with extra Long Service Bar, *very fine* (9)

DCM Army Orders 193 Rewards for officers and Soldiers for services in the Field and for services rendered in captivity or in attempting to escape or escaping.

The following extract is taken from *'The Tonbridgian,'* May 1955:

Many old Tonbridgians will learn with sorrow that Sgt.-Major Richard Sturges died on Sunday, February 27th, at the age of seventy-three. At his retirement in 1945 he had been an instructor with the School contingent for twenty-six years and for the last nine of them its R.S.M.

As a young soldier in the Coldstream Guards he served in the South African War. In 1914, with the British Expeditionary Force, he earned the Distinguished Conduct Medal for his gallantry at Mons. He was captured and was then for some years a prisoner of war. His stength of character and power of leadership among his fellow-prisoners, and his insistence on their rights, brought him prison punishments; but it is known that the German authorities recognized the qualities which he showed and gave him opportunity to put into effect the views which he had expressed.

In 1919, after twenty-one years' service and the award of the Long Service and Good Conduct Medal, he joined the School contingent of what was then the Officers' Training Corps, and in 1936 became its R.S.M. During the last war, although nearly sixty, he joined the Tonbridge Home Guard and, as a Company Sergeant-Major, was responsible for the training of some hundreds of local men, an arduous task made easier by the high regard in which he was held in the town. He retired from the School in 1945, and shortly afterwards was awarded the Cadet Force Medal.

£260–280

281 Four: **Serjeant W. W. Hogben, 2nd Battalion Royal Welsh Fusiliers**

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDAL, G.V.R. (11053 Sjt., 2/R.W. Fus); 1914 STAR (Pte.); BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS (Cpl.) together with an original typeset letter from the battalion medical officer to the recipient's father, and a condolence slip, *good very fine* (4)

D.C.M. *London Gazette* 17 April 1918.

'For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. He has carried out his duties in a most gallant and efficient manner during a very long period and he has always shown great courage and resource.'

The following extract was taken from '*The War the Infantry Knew. 2nd Bn. R. Welsh Fusiliers, 1914–18*,' (September 1917):

'Next I went to the Aid Post. The Staff had settled in a bit of a trench behind our line of deployment; it was probably a relic of Oct-Nov. 1914 because digging had revealed a rusted rifle barrell. When I got near Sergeant Hogben shouted 'Look out' and pointed to the Fokker which was coming around for the second time. It was not a hundred feet up, and fewer yards away by then. 'Get down,' he shouted again, 'the bloody thing's hit me.' Very soon he was showing me the nose of a German bullet sticking out betwwen two of his ribs in front.

He was sure the German airman had hit him, although the airman never seemed to fire, and he had no notion that the bullet had come through from his back. It had most probably been fired from Solderhoek. He did not feel ill but septic pneumonia set in ten days later and he died close to Beachy Head.'

In his letter to Serjeant Hogben's father, the battalion medical officer wrote:

'I will always remember him with respect for his conduct at High Wood on July 20th, 1916, for he stayed at duty after being wounded, when the great majority of his fellows would have sought the respite of the Field Ambulance.'

£300–320

282 Three: **Serjeant A. Frost, 2nd London Regiment (Royal Fusiliers)**

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDAL, G.V.R. (G-67212 L.Sjt., R.Fus.); BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS (Sjt., 2–Lond.R.), mounted as worn, *nearly extremely fine* (3)

D.C.M. *London Gazette* 4 March, 1918, L/Sjt. A Frost (Thornton Heath). 'For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. When all the officers and senior N.C.O.'s of his company had become casualties he took charge of the company and assisted in repulsing enemy counter-attacks under heavy rifle and machine-gun fire. Throughout the whole operation he displayed great courage and coolness, which were an inspiration to the men of his company.'

£160–180

283 Three: **Acting Battery Quarter Master Serjeant H. M. Kelly, Canadian Field Artillery.**

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDAL, G.V.R. (338818 A.B.Q.M. Sjt., Can F.A.); BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS, *very fine* (3)

D.C.M. *London Gazette* 11 March, 1920

'For marked gallantry in action. Near Sancourt, on 30th September, 1918, when the Battery was moving to positions under heavy enemy shelling, he, though wounded, stuck to his gun and put it into action. When a lull occurred in the enemy fire, he led the ammunition wagons in and took charge of the unloading of the ammunition.'

£150–180

284 DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDAL, G.V.R. (7942 Pte. A. W. Kester, 2/Bedf. R.), contact marks, *nearly very fine* (1)

D.C.M. *London Gazette* 26 June, 1916. 'For conspicuous gallantry as a runner during operations. He always volunteered to carry messages and carried them straight across the open at great risk to himself. He has shown the greatest pluck as a runner.'

£180–200

285 **A superb D.C.M., M.M. group awarded to Serjeant Alexander Cairns, Durham Light Infantry, who won the M.M. during the attack by Frankforce in France, 1940 and the D.C.M. for the battle of Gazala, North Africa, in 1942.**

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDAL, G.VI.R. (3191131 Sjt., Durh. L.I.); MILITARY MEDAL, G.VI.R. (3191131 L-Cpl., Durh. L.I.); 1939–45 STAR; AFRICA STAR, clasp, 8th Army; ITALY STAR; FRANCE AND GERMANY STAR; DEFENCE and WAR MEDALS, the group mounted for display with a D.L.I. cap badge and sold with the recipient's 'Soldier's Release Book' and original Warrant as a Warrant Officer in the Territorial Army, dated 1947, *very fine* (8)

D.C.M. *London Gazette* 24 September 1942, Sgt. Alexander Cairns, M.M., 8th Bn. The Durham Light Infantry, in recognition of gallant and distinguished services in the Middle East. The following citation is taken from the official recommendation for an Immediate D.C.M. (originally recommended for a bar to the M.M.):

'In the Gazala area, on the morning of 6 June, 1942, enemy positions were located to the south of the 8 D.L.I. Outpost. It was decided to attack these positions with four carriers and a section of infantry. Sergeant Cairns led the Carrier attack with such dash and determination that the enemy positions were overun and 10 officers, 200 men and a number of anti-tank guns, heavy and light machine-guns captured.'

M.M. *London Gazette* 20 December, 1940, Lance-Corporal (Actg. Corporal) Alexander Cairns, the Durham Light Infantry, in recognition of gallant conduct in action with the enemy. The following citation is taken from the official recommendation for the M.M. (originally recommended for the D.C.M.):

'At Walrus, L/Cpl. Cairns, who is a driver, was assisting to get his anti-tank gun off its truck when the latter was destroyed by enemy fire. In spite of this the gun was put into action but Nos. 1 and 3 were shot from the air. L/Cpl. Cairns immediately went to the gun and took over the duties of No. 1 and continued to fire although wounded in the hand. He then withdrew his guns when ordered to do so and helped to cover the movement to another position of rifle companies of 8 Durham L.I. Although cut off he succeeded in making his way back to his unit and went straight back into action. He showed exceptional coolness and courage in action.'

£1200–1400

286 **A D.C.M. group of six awarded to Company Sergeant Major Percy Jones, Wiltshire Regiment, for gallantry in the Turkand district of Kenya in 1940**

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDAL, G.VI.R. (5567817 W.O.Cl.II, Wilts. R.); GENERAL SERVICE 1918–62, 1 clasp, Palestine (Pte., Wilts. R.); 1939–45 STAR; AFRICA STAR; DEFENCE and WAR MEDALS, the last four unnamed as issued, the group mounted for wear, *good very fine and rare* (6)

D.C.M. *London Gazette* 29 November, 1940: No 5567817 Warrant Officer Class II (Company Sergeant-Major) Percy Jones, The Wiltshire Regiment (Duke of Edinburgh's). In recognition of distinguished services in the field.

The following citation was extracted from official sources:

C.S.M. P. Jones took command of the left hand forward platoon to assist in the co-ordination of that platoon with the movement of the centre platoon in the attack on British Namaraputh, on the 14th July, 1940. When within three hundred yards of the enemy the left flank platoon came under very heavy fire from the enemy. C.S.M. Jones moved forward with the two light automatic sections of this platoon to within about 200 and fifty yards of the enemy bringing

controlled and well aimed fire to bear on the enemy position. He himself then proceeded to bomb the enemy position with rifle grenades. On finding his bombs falling short of the target, he moved forward with one light automatic section to within about one hundred and fifty yards and fired more rifle grenades with great accuracy, causing heavy casualties amongst the enemy. In order to bring his fire to bear on an enemy section further to the right front, he advanced yet again and continued bombing. He then tried to lead his platoon into the assault, but was held up by heavy fire and was himself wounded. Unable to stand and finding his position to be under enemy fire from both flanks he crawled back to his Lewis Gun sections and carefully organised the Light Automatic fire, sending an accurate description of enemy movements by runner to Headquarters. He continued to control and co-ordinate the movements of the left flank until evacuated to R.A.P. By his determination, personal example and leadership, he proved to be an inspiring example to the men, and was directly responsible for the outstanding success of the operation.'

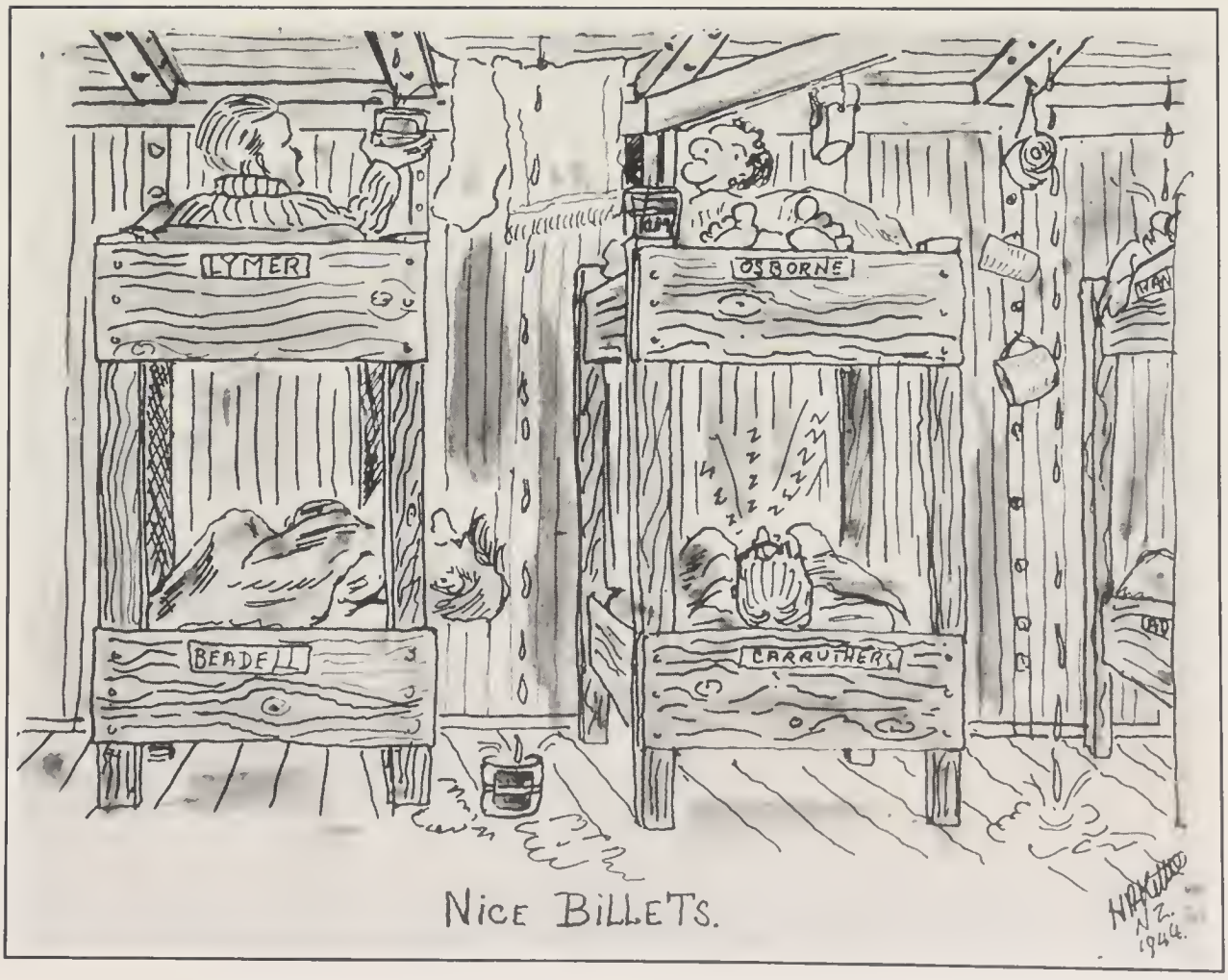
Percy Jones was commissioned Lieutenant (War Substantive), 26 June, 1943, and Temporary Captain, 1 June, 1944.

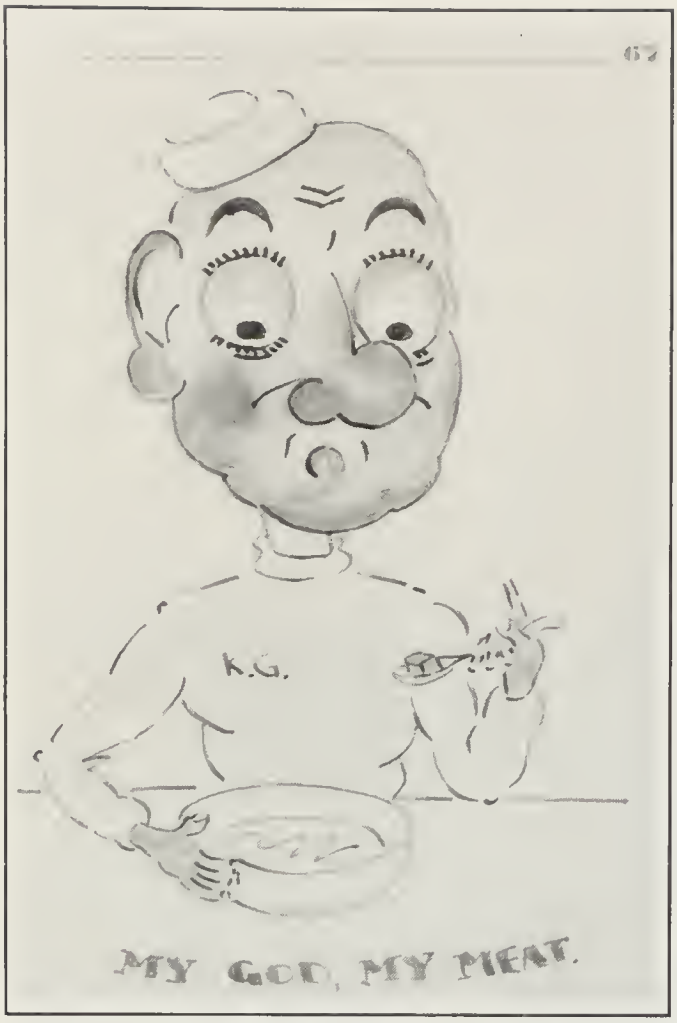
£750–850

287 **A good D.C.M. group of three for the retreat to Dunkirk 1940 awarded to Corporal John Lymer, Lancashire Fusiliers, who was recommended for a posthumous Victoria Cross.**

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDAL, G.VI.R. (3445531 Cpl, Lan.Fus.); 1939–45 STAR; WAR MEDAL; together with 'A Wartime Log' kept by Corporal Lymer whilst a prisoner in Stalag 357, containing photographs, poems, coloured sketches and cartoons by members of the camp, the contents generally good and amusing. Contact marks, *nearly very fine* (4)

D.C.M., *London Gazette*, 11 October 1945, 'in recognition of gallant and distinguished services in the field.'





During the retreat from Belgium in May 1940, the 2/ Lancashire Fusiliers were under heavy attack from the advancing German army. Corporal Lymer was in command of a section on the banks of the Escaut canal, when the German attack developed in great strength at daylight on 22nd May, 1940, and his section being within a few yards of the bank, was subjected to intense artillery and mortar concentrations throughout the hours of daylight.

When the order came for the battalion to fall back, unable to leave their cover due to intense fire, the party stayed behind and gave covering fire while the remainder of the battalion withdrew to safer ground. It was largely due to Corporal Lymer and his section that no enemy broke through on the Company front in spite of the fact that one by one each man of the section was knocked out. Seven men of his section of ten were killed and three wounded before the Germans over-ran the position and Corporal Lymer received a bayonet wound to the shoulder.

When his commanding officer saw the position over-run and discovered Corporal Lymer missing, presumed killed, he recommended him for a posthumous Victoria Cross. It was however confirmed by the Red Cross, over a year later, that he was alive and being held in Stalag 357. When released at the end of the war, Corporal Lymer was repatriated and on his return to the Lancashire Fusilier H.Q. he was saluted by all the officers of the regiment. He was presented with the D.C.M. by King George VI on 29th July, 1947, at an investiture at Buckingham Palace.

The above information was taken from various sources including the official recommendation.

£1000–1200

288 **A magnificent D.C.M. group of six for the battle of the 'Bou' awarded to Sergeant Anthony Ashton, Irish Guards, who died of wounds after being taken prisoner during the bitter fighting at Anzio.**

DISTINGUISHED CONDUCT MEDAL, G.VI.R. (2721511 L.Sjt., 1 Gds.); 1939–45 STAR; AFRICA STAR, clasp, 1st Army; ITALY STAR; DEFENCE and WAR MEDALS, the last five unnamed as issued, the group mounted for display with an Irish Guards cap badge, and accompanied by several original documents and two regimental histories, *extremely fine*

(6)

D.C.M., *London Gazette* 8 July 1943, 2721511 L. Sgt. Anthony Ashton, Irish Guards. The following citation was taken from official records:

'This L/Sgt. took part in the attack on Pt. 212 on 27th April 1943 and was a leading figure in the defence of Pt. 214 throughout the whole period till the Battalion was relieved 0300 1st May. As the Senior Sergeant left in No 3 Coy. he took over command when Lt. Kennard was wounded on the morning of 30th April, and proved a worthy successor. But before this he also displayed the highest courage and devotion to duty and was an example of all that an excellent soldier should be.

He was with Lt. Kennard in the attack on the machine-guns and it was he who turned one gun on the retreating Germans, and then brought it back to our positions, having destroyed the other. After the Armoured Car, which had got up onto the Ring Contour north of Pt. 214 had been halted, it was he who prevented the crew from dismounting their guns by his skilful and accurate LMG fire, and having got them pinned, handed over the gun, crawled forward with

a small party and eliminated the crew, who had either gone to ground or were hiding inside the car. In this way, he removed a serious threat to the Battalion's position, and no other Armoured Cars attempted to come up that way again. During the attacks and counterattacks he was always to the forefront, and **probably has the largest total individual score of Germans to his credit.** I strongly recommend this N.C.O. for his numerous acts of bravery and initiatives, of which only two have been mentioned.'

Anthony Ashton was born in Burnley, Lancashire on 19 February, 1920, and enlisted in the Irish Guards at Caterham on 4 July, 1940. He proceeded to North Africa in November, 1942, as part of the First Army and took part in the campaign in Tunisia. In the final stages of the campaign it became of vital importance to General Alexander, in his bid to capture Tunis, to seize control of the mountain known as Bou Aoukaz.

The battle of the 'Bou'

On the scorchingly hot afternoon of 27th April, 1943, the 1st Battalion of the Irish Guards were part of the general attack on the Bou, which included the Scots and the Grenadier Guards, and was launched in broad daylight. Three days earlier Captain Lord Lyell, Scots Guards, had died winning the Victoria Cross in an attempt to capture the 'Bou.'

The Irish Guards attacked at four o'clock under an intense blinding sun. Their attack on the 'Bou' had to be made across open country which was under direct observation from the Germans. The only possible cover in sight was an olive grove which could be reached through stretches of peacefully waving corn. There was nothing for it but to launch a straight forward advance through an inevitable hail of fire, and hope that the Irish Guards would not be wiped out before they reached the olive-grove. A German prisoner later said that they had not believed that anyone could cross the plain and live.

Not a great proportion of 'the Micks' did. The Scots Guards had been given the summit of the Bou – Point 226 – as their objective. The Irish Guards had the task of securing Points 212, 214 and 181. By the night of the 27th the Irish were established on Point 212, but they had only 173 battleworn survivors and five officers remaining. As the fighting progressed Colonel Scot had decided that Point 212 was the key point for him to hold and consolidated what remained of his men there.

At first light on the morning of the 28th, the 173 Irish Guardsmen discovered that, instead of Scots Guards holding the summit of the Bou, it was in fact again held by the enemy. They were now in great danger of being cut off and wiped out. The 'Micks' were armed with Brens, rifles and each man had two grenades and it soon became clear that all available German forces were being concentrated for use against the 173 Guardsmen on Point 212.

The Guards were short of water, short of ammunition and, after days of gruelling fighting, they were very tired. All these facts were known to British Higher Command in the rear and they formed a gloomy picture. **If the Irish Guards failed to hold, the success of Alexander's ambitious plan for North Africa, and a re-entry into Europe, would be prejudiced.** By Friday night, 30th April, the Germans had launched fire attacks on the Irish Guards, and **of the 173 Guardsmen who had held the ridge on that Wednesday morning only 80 remained.** Lance Corporal Patrick Kenneally was subsequently awarded the Victoria Cross for his two suicidal attacks against the Germans, alone accounting for many of their casualties. One week later Tunis fell to General Alexander and the campaign for Tunisia was over.

Sergeant Ashton landed with his regiment at Anzio and took a prominent part in the heavy fighting at Carroceto. He was severely wounded on the morning of 30th January, 1944 and taken prisoner, dying of his wounds shortly afterwards.

£1400–1600

289 Family group

Four: **Marine Alfred Herring, Royal Marines**

DISTINGUISHED SERVICE MEDAL, G.VI.R. (Mne., R.M., CH/X 110043) in case of issue; 1939–45 STAR; FRANCE AND GERMANY STAR; WAR MEDAL, the last three in card box of issue together with Admiralty letter announcing the award of the D.S.M.

D.S.M. *London Gazette* 14 November, 1944 'For gallantry, skill, determination and undaunted devotion to duty during the landing of Allied Forces on the coast of Normandy.'

Three: **Sergeant Pilot Robert Stephen Herring, Royal Air Foree**

1939–45 STAR; AIR CREW EUROPE STAR; WAR MEDAL, contained in card box of issue together with condolence slip

Sjt. Pilot R. S. Herring was posted to 104 Squadron on 7 July, 1941. His second mission, on 24 July, 1941, was to attack the German Battleship Gneisnau at Brest. Six Wellingtons of 104 Sqn took part and all six were hit in the fuselage and main planes by intense and accurate flak over the target. He completed five other missions including raids on Frankfurt, Cologne and Dortmund, but was lost on his seventh mission when Wellington W5486H failed to return on the night of 15 August, 1941. He was 26 at the time of his death and is buried at Becklingen, Soltau War Cemetery

Extremely fine (7)

£400–460

290 Five: **Private H. F. Pope, Royal West Kent Regiment**

MILITARY MEDAL, G.V.R. (Pte. 1/R W. Kent R.); QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, 4 clasps, O.F.S., Trans., S.A.1901, S.A.1902; MONS STAR TRIO, the star with replacement clasp, edge knocks and contact marks, *good fine or better* (5)

£80–100

291 **A Hood Battalion M.M. group of four awarded to G. D. McCulloch, A.B., Royal Naval Volunteer Reserve**

MILITARY MEDAL, G.V.R. (T2–894 A.B., Hood Bn., R.N.V.R.); 1914–15 STAR TRIO (A.B., R.N.V.R.), *good very fine* (4)

£180–200

292 **A Military Medal group of four awarded for the first day of the Somme to Warrant Officer Charles J. R. Wright, 4th Middlesex Regiment**

MILITARY MEDAL, G.V.R. (1679 Sjt., 4/Middx. R.); 1914–15 STAR (L-Cpl.); BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS (A.W.O. Cl.2), some contact wear, otherwise *very fine and rare* (4)

M.M. *London Gazette* 23 August 1916.

The War Diary of the 4th Bn. Middlesex Regiment confirms the award of the Military Medal to Sgt. C. Wright of A Company for operations at Fricourt on July 1st, 1916. Further details and research accompany the group.

£350–400

293 Family Group

Four: **Corporal John Brown, Australian Engineers, late 18th Battalion A.I.F.**

MILITARY MEDAL, G.V.R. (4070 Cpl., 4/Fd. Coy Aust. E.); 1914–15 STAR (827 Pte., 18/Bn. A.I.F.); BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS (827 Sjt., 18 Bn. A.I.F.) together with the lids only from card boxes of issue.

M.M. *Commonwealth Gazette* No 1, 2 January, 1919, Corporal John Brown, 4th Australian Engineers.

Three: **Private George Brown, 18th Battalion Australian Imperial Forces**

1914–15 STAR TRIO (177 Pte., 18 Bn. A.I.F.) together with the lids only from card boxes of issue.

Private George Brown died at sea on 28 August, 1915, from wounds received at Gallipoli. He has no known grave and his name is commemorated on Panel 60 of the Lone Pine Memorial, Gallipoli.

Both groups *extremely fine* (7)

£400–500

294 Four: **Private W. Chesworth, Royal Fusiliers**

MILITARY MEDAL, G.V.R. (11477 Pte., 4/R. Fus.); 1914–15 STAR (Pte.); BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS (Pte.), naming erased on last medal, *very fine*

Pte. W. Chesworth, *London Gazette* 21 October, 1916

Three: **Sergeant W. Davies, Royal Welsh Fusiliers**

MILITARY MEDAL, G.V.R. (11946 L.Cpl., 9/R.W.Fus.); 1914–15 STAR (L.Sjt.); BRITISH WAR MEDAL (Sjt.), *good very fine*

L/Cpl. W. Davies (Treorchy), *London Gazette* 29 August, 1918

Single: **10229 Sjt. C. Bradley, No 1 Coy. Machine Gun Corps**

MILITARY MEDAL, G.V.R., *nearly very fine* (8)

Sjt. C. Bradley, *London Gazette* 9 December, 1916

£180–200

295 Three: **Private C. E. V. Woods, South Staffordshire Regiment, late Cambridgeshire Regiment**

MILITARY MEDAL, G.V.R. (235393 Pte., 2/S.Staff.R.); BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS (4137 Pte., Camb. R.), *nearly very fine* (3)

M.M. *London Gazette*, 11 February, 1919, Pte, 2nd Bn S. Staffs. R. (Ely)

£80–100

296 Three: **Private J. W. Miller, York and Lancs Regiment**

MILITARY MEDAL, G.V.R. (19379 Pte., 2/York & Lancs.R.); BRITISH WAR MEDAL; GENERAL SERVICE 1918–62, 1 clasp, N.W. Persia (4737861 Pte., Y & L.R.) *nearly very fine* (3)

M.M. *London Gazette* 27 October 1916

£100–120

297 Military Medal, G.V.R. (2), (**240867 Pte. E. Arbon, 5/Norfolk R.; 292271 Pte. J. Moriarty, 14/R.W.Fus.**) *very fine* (2)

Pte. E. Arbon (G. Yarmouth), *London Gazette*, 3 July 1919 – Egypt.

Pte. J. Moriarty (Tralee), *London Gazette*, 14 May 1919.

£80–100

298 Military Medal, G.V.R. (2), (**11715 L.Cpl. J. White, 3/K.O.S.B.; 71067 Pte. G. A. Stott, 8/Durham L.I.**) *very fine* (2)

L/Cpl. J. White, *London Gazette*, 11 November, 1916.

Pte. G. A. Stott (Aberdeen), *London Gazette*, 21 October, 1918.

£80–100

299 Military Medal, G.V.R. (**S-3139 Pte. A. Grier, 7/Sea. Highrs**) *good very fine*

£40–60

300 **A good Military Medal for Burma awarded to Corporal Daniel Morrison, Gordon Highlanders**

Military Medal, G.VI.R. (2884179 Cpl., R.A.C.) *very fine*

M.M. *London Gazette* 2 August, 1945. The following citation was extracted from official records:

'No. 2884179. Cpl. D. Morrison 116 Regt. (Gordon Highladers) R.A.C. at Legyaing on 27 March 1945, displayed great coolness and courage. His tank stopped in a corner of the village with a petrol stoppage. This corner of the village was still in enemy hands. With great coolness he stepped out of his tank to reeify the fault; he then observed three Japs in a bunker elose to the tank; he engaged them with his sten gun and a grenade. Immediately Jap fire from L.M.G.s and rifles opened up all round the stranded tank. Cpl. Morrison took immediate command of the situation organising his Bombay Grenadier escort and a section of 4/15 Punjab to attack the positions. He then with the assistance of his crew, removed the engine top plate and repaired the fault still under sustained fire. A heavy burst of L.M.G. fire hit the side of the tank, but under Cpl. Morrison's leadership the work continued until the tank was again a runner. This action not only saved the tank, but helped to restore a serious situation which arose without warning in an area which was thought to be elear of the enemy at the time the tanks approached.'

£300–350

301 Military Medal, G.VI.R. (**7897205 L.Sjt. W. R. Jones, R.Tank.R.**), together with original Certificate of Transfer to the Army Reserve, *extremely fine*

M.M. *London Gazette* 26 October, 1944. The following citation was extracted from official records:

'L/Sgt Jones was commanding a tank in 'A' Sqn in support of 2 Foresters and 1 K.S.L.I. Halfway to the objective his troop came under extremely heavy enemy shell fire which wounded his troop commander and prevented the advance of our infantry. L/Sgt Jones immediately took command of the remainder of his troop and took the tanks forward on to the objective, despite the fact that this entailed driving over enemy trenches commanded by resolute enemy parachutists and who attacked his tanks with grenades and MG fire at a range of sometimes less than 5 yds. Wherever possible Sgt Jones himself threw grenades from his turret into the enemy trenches and although the contrl of his troop required the constant exposure of his head and shoulders to observe the enemy dispositions and place his tanks accordingly, his determination to over-run the enemy positions overcame all difficulties. Under his direction his troop destroyed many enemy machine gun nests and so effectively silenced the considerable enemy opposition that our infantry were enabled to advance again. L/Sgt Jones was also quick to notice the movement of enemy MT behind the enemy lines and immediately

engaged them with his guns as well as giving quick and accurate observation to the Div Arty, so that several vehicles were destroyed. Throughout the battle, L/Sgt Jones showed great initiative and complete disregard for his own safety. His quick grasp of a difficult situation and his vigorous resourcefulness were a great inspiration to all ranks of his Squadron.'

£280–320

302 **A fine M.M. group of five for saving lives under fire awarded to Lance Bombardier G. H. Price, Royal Artillery**

MILITARY MEDAL, G.VI.R. (162227 L/Bmbr., R.A.); 1939–45 STAR; FRANCE AND GERMANY STAR; DEFENCE and WAR MEDALS, *very fine* (5)

M.M. *London Gazette* 24 January 1946, Gnr–L.Bdr George Henry Price, 27 L.A.A. Regiment, Royal Artillery.

The following citation is taken from the official recommendation for the M.M.:

'L/Bdr Price has shown a very high standard of gallantry throughout the campaign. He is of a nervous disposition but when under fire has behaved magnificently and inspired those round him with confidence.

On 9 September, 1944, at Beringen, this N.C.O. as Troop Medical Orderly crawled out some 800 yards under very heavy Spandau fire and succeeded in bringing in two badly wounded Dutch soldiers. About an hour later he evacuated a wounded gunner from his gun at a time when the gun was being heavily engaged by the enemy. Later under considerable mortar fire he crawled out 400 yards and rescued a R.T.R. man who was lying in the open. His behaviour was magnificent and the incident is not an isolated one but rather the peak of consistent brave conduct.'

£250–280

303 DISTINGUISHED FLYING MEDAL, G.V.R. (**6660 A.M. (A/Cpl. Mech) Lamb. D.W., R.A.F.**) *good very fine*

D.F.M. *London Gazette* 1 January, 1919.

£450–500

304 Four: **Sergeant A. Paton, 578 Squadron, Royal Air Force**

DISTINGUISHED FLYING MEDAL, G.VI.R.; 1939–45 STAR; FRANCE AND GERMANY STAR; WAR MEDAL, these last three unnamed as issued, *good very fine* (4)

D.F.M. *London Gazette* 12 December, 1944, 1825942 Sgt. A. Paton, R.A.F.V.R., No 578 Squadron: 'He has completed numerous air operations against the enemy, in the course of which he has invariably displayed the utmost fortitude, courage and devotion to duty.'

No 578 Squadron formed part of 4 Group, Bomber Command, and was based at Burn, Yorkshire. It was composed of Halifax Mk III bombers, with some Pathfinder Mosquitoes. It flew 2,721 operational sorties during which several decorations were awarded including the Victoria Cross to P/O C. J. Barton.

£300–350

305 DISTINGUISHED FLYING MEDAL, G.VI.R. (**1050838 Sgt. G. D. Taylor, R.A.F.**), together with Air Gunner's wings, ribbon bar, photograph of the recipient and letter to next of kin to receive his D.F.M. at Buckingham Palace, *extremely fine*

D.F.M. *London Gazette* 18 June, 1943: Sergeant George Derek Taylor, No 113 Squadron. 'For gallantry and devotion to duty in air operations.'

Warrant Officer Taylor was killed in action on 23 September, 1944 whilst serving with 113 Squadron stationed in India. The squadron was equipped with Hurricane IIc's employed in a fighter/ground attack role against the Japanese in Burma. He was buried at the Kranji War Memorial, Singapore.

£400–450

306 **A Royal Red Cross, Kaisar-i-Hind group of six to Matron M. L. Harris, Queen Alexandra's Imperial Military Nursing Service**

ROYAL RED CROSS, 1st class, G.V.R.; KAISAR-I-HIND, G.V.R., 2nd class in silver with top suspender; QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, no clasp (Nursing Sister); KING'S SOUTH AFRICA 1901–02, no clasp (Nursing Sister); BRITISH WAR MEDAL (A. Matron); Q.A.I.M.N.S. MEDAL, silver, the group mounted on a contemporary wearing bar, *good very fine* (6)

Mary Louise Harris trained at the Royal Free Hospital and enrolled in the Princess Christian's Army Nursing Service Reserve as No. 23 on 30 June 1899. She served in South Africa at No. 2 General Hospital at Pretoria, No. 3 General Hospital at Kroonstadt and at No. 8 General Hospital at Bloemfontein. She was mentioned in despatches *London Gazette* 10 September 1901 and awarded the Queen's and King's Medals without clasps.

In July, 1903 she was selected for Q.A.I.M.N.S. in the rank of Staff Nurse and was promoted Sister on 10 November 1904. During the 1914–18 War she was acting Matron throughout and served overseas in Malta, arriving there on 7 May 1915. She is therefore entitled to the British War medal only. She was awarded the R.R.C. (1st class) in the *London Gazette* dated 23 February 1917, being shown as Acting Matron, Military Hospital, Felixtowe. She was promoted Matron on 8 April, 1922 and retired from the service in the following year. The award of the K.I.H. has not been confirmed.

£400–450

307 Six: **Sister Florence Puddicombe, Queen Alexandra's Imperial Military Nursing Service Reserve**

ROYAL RED CROSS, A.R.R.C., G.V.R.; QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, no clasp (Nursing Sister); KING'S SOUTH AFRICA 1901–2, no clasp (Nursing Sister); 1914 STAR (Miss, Q.A.I.M.N.S.R.); BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS (Sister), *good very fine* (6)

A.R.R.C. *London Gazette* 1 January, 1918: Acting Sister Florence Catherine Puddicombe, Q.A.I.M.N.S.R.

£250–300

308 Four: **Staff Nurse Elizabeth Irwin Henry, V.A.D.**

ROYAL RED CROSS, A.R.R.C., G.V.R.; BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS (S. Nurse E. J. Henry) note second initial; JUBILEE 1935, *nearly extremely fine* (4)

A.R.R.C. *London Gazette* 3 June 1918: Staff Nurse Elizabeth Irwin Henry, V.A.D., for services in France and Flanders.

£120–140

309 Four: **Staff Nurse Hannah Pearson Musgrave, Queen Alexandra's Imperial Military Nursing Service Reserve**

ROYAL RED CROSS, A.R.R.C., G.V.R.; BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS (S. Nurse); Q.A.I.M.N.S.R. MEDAL, reverse named and dated 'Nov. 4. 1915,' *nearly extremely fine* (4)

A.R.R.C. *London Gazette* 16 February, 1920: Staff Nurse Hannah Pearson Musgrave, Q.A.I.M.N.S.R., Queen Alexandra's Hospital, Vincent Square, London.

£100–120

310 Five: **Deputy Firemaster William MacKay, Dundee Fire Brigade, late Scots Guards**

KING'S POLICE AND FIRE SERVICE MEDAL, G.V.R., Crowned Head (Depy. Firemaster, Dundee); BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS (14759 Pte., Scots Gds.); JUBILEE 1935; A.P.F.B.O. LONG SERVICE, 1 clasp, 10 years, silver (Deputy Firemaster, 1931), the group mounted for wearing, *very fine* (5)

K.P.M., *London Gazette* 2 January 1933.

£180–200

311 BRITISH EMPIRE MEDAL (3), G.V.R. (civil) for Meritorious Service (2), (**Miss Annie Elizabeth Davies; Gilbert Roscoe Saville**); E.II.R. (civil) for Meritorious Service (**Frank C. Leader**) in case of issue. *very fine or better* (3)

Miss Annie Elizabeth Davies, *London Gazette*, 1 January, 1930, Lady Superintendent, Manchester Prison.

Gilbert Roscoe Saville, *London Gazette*, 3 June, 1932, 'For services in connection with the capture of an armed burglar at Whitfield, near Bury, Lanes.'

Frank C. Leader, *London Gazette*, 8 June, 1963, 'For services to Civil Defence in Bromley, Kent.'

£150–180

312 BOARD OF TRADE SEA GALLANTRY MEDAL, E.VII.R., bronze, second small type (**John House 'Luddick' 25 March 1908**), *very fine and scarce*

John House, Chief Boatman of Coast Guard, Bridge of Don, together with William Hodge, Chief Officer, rescued one of the crew of the *'Luddick,'* of Aberdeen, who was washed out of the breeches buoy when being landed by the 'Bridge of Don L.S.A.Co,' from that vessel near Bridge of Don, 25 March 1908.

Bronze Gallantry Medal and £2 each.

£300–350

313 Family Group

Three: **Sergeant Patrick Gately, Overseer of the State Cattle Farm at Hissar, late Bengal Horse Artillery**

PUNJAB 1848–9, no clasp (Gunner, 3rd Tp. 1st Bde. H. Arty.); INDIAN MUTINY 1857–58, no clasp (Gunr., 1st Bde. Bengal H. Arty.); ARMY LONG SERVICE & GOOD CONDUCT, V.R. (Sergt., Overseer Cattle Farm Hissar G.C.C.C. 12th March 1877), first medal pitted and fine only, remainder *very fine*

VOLUNTEER LONG SERVICE, India and the Colonies, G.V.R. (**Reservist P. Gateley, 1st Punjab Vol. Rifles**), *good very fine* (4)

£180–200

314 Pair: **Henry Bailey, 61st Foot**

PUNJAB 1848–9, 2 clasps, Chilianwala, Goojerat; LONG SERVICE AND GOOD CONDUCT, V.R., 3rd type, repair to suspender on first medal, *nearly very fine* (2)

£120–140

315 Pair: **Lieutenant T. M. F. Bond, Royal Navy**

INDIA GENERAL SERVICE 1854–95, 1 clasp, Pegu (Mate, Winchester); BALTIC 1854, *very fine* (2)

£100–120

316 Pair: **C. Fisher, Royal Marine Light Infantry**

BALTIC 1854; CHINA 1857–60, 1 clasp, Canton 1857, both medals officially impressed slightly later issues, *very fine* (2)

£80–100

317 Pair: **F. English, Quarter Master, Royal Navy**

CRIMEA 1854, 1 clasp, Sebastopol (A.B., H.M.S. Vulcan); NAVAL LONG SERVICE AND GOOD CONDUCT, V.R., 1½ inch suspender (Qr.Mr., H.M.S. Liverpool 20 yrs.), first with contact marks, otherwise *very fine or better* (2)

£140–160

318 Four: **Serjeant John Hewitt, Bengal Infantry, late Somerset Light Infantry**

CRIMEA 1854–55, 1 clasp, Sebastopol (Serjt., 1st Bn. 13th Regt.), officially impressed naming; INDIAN MUTINY 1857–8, no clasp (Sergt., 1st Bn. 13th Lt. Infy.); HON. EAST INDIA COMPANY LONG SERVICE, obverse with the Arms of the Company, the reverse engraved (Local Infy. Beng., G.O.C.C., 29th March 1867); TURKISH CRIMEA, British issue, named, fitted with silver swivel suspension bar. Mounted for display and sold with a quantity of research, light contact marks, otherwise *good very fine and a scarce group.* (4)

£550–600

319 **A good Light Brigade group of three to Private John Hogan, 8th Hussars**

CRIMEA 1854–5, 3 clasps, Balaklava, Inkermann, Sebastopol, officially impressed naming; INDIAN MUTINY 1857–8, 1 clasp, Central India; TURKISH CRIMEA, Sardinian issue, this unnamed with rings for suspension, contact marks, *nearly very fine* (3)

John Hogan was born in January 1828 at Tipperary, Ireland, and joined the 8th Hussars at the age of 19 on 13 February, 1847, in the County of Dublin. He embarked with the regiment for the Crimea in the H.T. *'Shooting Star'* and was present with them at the actiions of Balaklava, Inkerman and Sebastopol. He was one of approximately 75 'chargers' from the regiment who subsequently served in Central India during the Indian Mutiny. Hogan was twice imprisoned during his service, once for desertion and once for being absent without leave. He was discharged in January 1869, as medically unfit having lost the second finger of his right hand in an accident in the discharge of his military duty.

He attended the first Balaklava Banquet at Alexandra Palace in London, on 25 October, 1875, and became a member of the Balaklava Commemoration Society in 1879, at which time there were listed in the rules the names of 22 officers and 200 other ranks, known to be surviving at that time.

His name appeared on the Loyal Address to Queen Victoria, signed by survivors, on the occasion of her Golden Jubilee in June, 1887.

He was one of only 26 survivors who attended the annual dinner of the B.C.S. in 1893 at the St James's Restaurant, London. Hogan received a weekly pension from the T. H. Roberts Survivors Relief Fund until his death at York on 24 June, 1900, and was buried in a public grave in York Cemetery.

This group of medals was latterly in the Fitzpatrick collection but was also noted to be in the Loxley collection in January, 1912.

£2200–2400

320 Pair: **Private Michael Davis, 84th Regiment**

INDIAN MUTINY 1857–8, 1 clasp, Lucknow; LONG SERVICE AND GOOD CONDUCT, V.R., 3rd type, *nearly very fine* (2)

£100–120

321 Pair: **Major M. B. W. Taylor, Rifle Brigade**

ASHANTEE 1873–4, 1 clasp, Coomassie (Lieut., 2nd Bn. Rifle Bde. 1873–4); INDIA GENERAL SERVICE 1854–95, 1 clasp, Burma 1885–7 (Major, 1st Bn. Rif. Brig.) *nearly extremely fine* (2)

Lieutenant Montagu Brook William Taylor embarked for the Gold Coast with the 2nd Battalion Rifle Brigade, and served throughout the second phase of the Ashanti War in 1874, including the battle of Amoaful, advanced guard skirmishes, and ambuscade affairs between Adwabin and the river Ordah, battle of Ordahsu and capture of Coomassie (medal with clasp). Served with the Burmese Expedition in 1886–88 (mentioned in despatches, medal with clasp). He was promoted Lieutenant Colonel on 1 July, 1888.

£480–520

322 Four: **G. W. Hogben, Able Seaman, Royal Navy**

SOUTH AFRICA 1877–9, no clasp (A.B., H.M.S. Himalaya); EGYPT 1882–89, no clasp, dated reverse (A.B., H.M.S. Achilles); NAVAL LONG SERVICE AND GOOD CONDUCT, V.R. (Boatman, H.M. Coastguard) impressed naming; KHEDIVE'S STAR 1882, contact marks, therefore *good fine and better* (4)

£220–240

323 **An unusual pair awarded to Trooper E. Keenan, Frontier Light Horse, late Frontier Mounted Rifles**

SOUTH AFRICA 1877–9, 1 clasp, 1877–8 (Pte., Frontr. Mtd. Rifles); SOUTH AFRICA 1877–9, 1 clasp, 1879 (398 Tpr., Frontr. L. Horse), *very fine and better* (2)

Trooper Keenan is confirmed on the medal rolls of each unit for the respective medals and clasp.

£220–240

324 Pair: **Captain S. Moores, 1st Battalion Manchester Regiment**

EGYPT 1882–89, no clasp, dated reverse (Capt.); KHEDIVE'S STAR 1882, *extremely fine* (2)

Major Samuel Moores, Devonshire Regiment (retired pay), served in the Egyptian Expedition, 1882, with the 2nd Battalion Manchester Regiment (medal and Khedive's Star).

£80–100

325 Five: **G. Couling, C.P.O., Royal Navy.** EGYPT 1882–89, no clasp, dated reverse (Boy 1st Cl. H.M.S. Iris); EAST & WEST AFRICA 1887–1900, 1 clasp, Benin 1897 (P.O. 1 Cl., H.M.S. Philomel); BRITISH WAR MEDAL; LONG SERVICE & GOOD CONDUCT, V.R. (H.M.S. Defiance); KHEDIVE'S STAR 1882

Five: **G. Sparkes, A.B., R.N.** AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–56, 1 clasp, Somaliland 1908–10 (H.M.S. Philomel); NAVAL GENERAL SERVICE 1915–62, 1 clasp, Persian Gulf 1909–1914; 1914–15 STAR; BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS.

Four: **H. G. Sheppard, L.S., R.N.** AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–56, 1 clasp, Somaliland 1908–10 (H.M.S. Philomel); 1914–15 STAR; BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS, *very fine and better* (4)

£200–240

326 Three: **Lieutenant A. E. B. Greville, Royal Navy**

EGYPT 1882–89, 1 clasp, Alexandria 11th July (Midn. R.N., H.M.S. Alexandra); EAST AND WEST AFRICA 1887–1900, 1 clasp, Witu 1890 (Lieut., R.N., H.M.S. Cossack); KHEDIVE'S STAR 1882, *good very fine* (3)

Captain Algernon Eden Brooke Greville was Midshipman of the Alexandra at the bombardment of Alexandria, 11 July, 1882, and during the Egyptian War (medal with clasp, bronze star); whilst Lieutenant of *Cossack* he captured, after a fight, a dhow with 50 slaves on board off Zanzibar Harbour, 1890; he served in the Naval Brigade under the command of Vice-Admiral Hon. Sir E. R. Fremantle, K.C.B., for the punitive expedition against the Sultan of Witu, in East Africa, October, 1890 (medal with clasp); during the First World War he was second in command of the southern district, H.M. Coastguard. He retired with the rank of Captain on 31 July, 1919.

£180–200

327 Six: **Major W. L. Conran, Indian Army late Royal Irish Fusiliers** DELHI DURBAR 1903, silver; EGYPT 1882–89, 1 clasp, Tel-El-Kebir (Lieut., I/R.I.Fus.); INDIA GENERAL SERVICE 1854–95, 2 clasps, Burma 1885–7, Burma 1887–9 (Lieutenant, 23rd Bo.Infy) small official correction to unit; INDIA GENERAL SERVICE 1895–1902, 2 clasps, Punjab Frontier 1897–98, Tirah 1897–98 (Captn., 25th Bo. Rifles); China 1900, no clasp (Captn., 25th Bo Rifles); CHINA 1900, no clasp (Captn., 25th Bo. Rifles); KHEDIVE'S STAR 1882, the group on a contemporary court mounting, toned, *very fine and better* (6)

Major William Loraine Conran (1862–1909) was first commissioned, ex Sandhurst, 10 May 1882 as Lieutenant, Royal Irish Fusiliers and served with them at the battle of Tel-el-Kebir in 1882. He was appointed to the Bombay Staff Corps, 20 October 1884 and from April 1894

was employed in the Foreign Department{ He is listed as being 'on special duty in Rajputana' April 1895 to January 1896, and in 1899 as 'Unpaid Attaché, Intelligence Branch, Q.M.G.'s Dept.' From July 1900 to October 1905 he was a Special Service Officer with the Intelligence Branch, Q.M.G.'s Dept., serving with the Imperial Service Troops in China. He was promoted Major, 10 July 1901, and second-in-command, 125th Rifles, 12 May, 1903. He died in the U.K. on 30 August 1909.

£350–400

328 Family Group

INDIAN MUTINY 1857–59, 1 clasp, Central India (**Capt. C. R. Stainforth, 4th Madras Cavalry**)

Major General Charles Roper Stainforth (1827–1883) served in the suppression of the Mutiny in Bengal with his regiment, of which he was Interpreter and Quarter Master throughout, from September 1857 to December 1859, and also commanded a troop of the same during the whole period. He was employed in the Saugor and Nerbudda Territories and was present at the engagements at Itrowlea in Bengal on the 21st March 1858, and at Azimghur on the 27th March 1858; also in Bengal and Bundleeund until December 1859. He was appointed Commandant, 2nd Madras Light Cavalry, 29 September 1866 and Major General, 1 July 1881.

Four: **Colonel L. C. H. Stainforth, Indian Army**

INDIA GENERAL SERVICE 1854–95, 1 clasp, Waziristan 1894–5 (Capt., 38th Bl. Infy.); INDIA GENERAL SERVICE 1895–1902, 3 clasps, Punjab Frontier 1897–98, Malakand 1897, Waziristan 1901–2 (Captn., 38th Bl. Infy.); BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS (Bt.Col.)

Colonel Leslie Charles Hamilton Stainforth (1860–1940) was first commissioned, ex Sandhurst, Lieutenant in the South Wales Borderers, 1 July 1881. He was appointed to the Indian Army in 1883 and posted to the 38th Dogras. He served with them on the North West Frontier, Wazirisan, 189495 and again in 1897 and 1898 being present at the relief and defence of Malahand; relief of Chakdarra Fort; and operations in Bajaur and the Mohmand Country. He was mentioned in despatches for his services at the relief of Chakdarra Fort (Govt. of India General Order 1889/1897). He served again on the North West Frontier during the operations in Waziristan, 1901–2. He was appointed Commandant, 51st Sikh's in 1906 and promoted brevet Colonel in 1907. Colonel Stainforth returned to the U.K. in 1909 and retired in 1913. He returned to service under the War Office as Commandant, 29th (Reserve) Battalion, Royal Fusiliers, 11 February 1915.

Sold with further research, toned, *very fine and better* (5)

£400–450

329 Pair: **Private J. Strodden, Royal Marines**

EGYPT 1882–89, undated, 3 clasps, El-Teb, Suakin 1885, Tofrek; KHEDIVE'S STAR 1884–6, contact marks, *otherwise very fine.* (2)

Only 5 medals with these clasps issued to the Royal Navy and Royal Marines

£120–140

330 Four: **H. J. Jones, Stoker, Royal Navy**

EAST AND WEST AFRICA 1887–1901, 1 clasp, Benin 1897 (Sto., H.M.S. Phoebe); QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, no clasp (Sto., H.M.S. Niobe); NAVAL LONG SERVICE AND GOOD CONDUCT, E.VII.R. (Sto. P.O., H.M.S Donegal); MESSINA EARTHQUAKE 1908, silver medal, *very fine* (4)

Sold with service details and further research confirming the award of the Messina Earthquake medal whilst serving with H.M.S. *Sutlej*.

£180–200

331 **A rare group of three to Private J. H. Stephenson, Royal Marine Light Infantry**

EAST AND WEST AFRICA 1887–1900, 1 clasp, Benin 1897 (Pte, H.M.S. Forte); QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, 2 clasps, C.C., S.A.1901 (Pte., R.M.L.I., H.M.S. Thrush); AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–56, 1 clasp, Aro 1901–1902 (Pte., H.M.S Thrush), contact marks, *nearly very fine and better* (3)

£450–500

332 Six: **Seaman L. G. Hallett Royal Navy**

EAST & WEST AFRICA 1887–1900, 1 clasp, Benin 1897 (Ord. H.M.S. St. George); 1914–15 STAR (L.S.); BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS; NAVAL LONG SERVICE & GOOD CONDUCT, G.V.R. Type 1 (H.M.S. Hercules); MEDAL OF THE ORDER OF ST. GEORGE **Russia** (Numbered). Victory Medal erased *good very fine* (6)

£140–160

333 Pair: **Sergt J. Wells Kaffrarian Rifles**

CAPE OF GOOD HOPE GENERAL SERVICE, 1 clasp, Transkei (Lce Cpl); QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, 2 clasps, C.C., Wepener, *very fine* (2)

£300–340

334 Pair: **Sergeant Instructor R. Goulden, Assam Valley Light Horse, late South Lancashire Regiment**

INDIA GENERAL SERVICE 1895–1902, 2 clasps, Punjab Frontier 1897–98, Tirah 1897–98 (2622 Sergt., 2nd Bn. 5 Lanca. Regt.); ARMY LONG SERVICE AND GOOD CONDUCT, E.VII.R. (1st Cl. Sergt. Instr., Assam Vlly. Lt. Horse), toned, *good very fine* (2)

Sergeant Goulden served in India as an instructor on detachment from his regiment and his India General Service medal may well be unique to the South Lancashire Regiment.

£100–120

335 **A Sudan pair to Lance Corporal J. Weller, 21st Lancers, who was killed in action in the charge at Omdurman**

QUEEN'S SUDAN 1896 (3325 L/Cpl., 21/L'crs); KHEDIVE'S SUDAN 1896–1908, 1 clasp, Khartoum, unnamed as issued, *extremely fine* (2)

The medal rolls confirm both medals and clasp and state that Lance Corporal J. Weller was killed in action at Omdurman, 2nd September, 1898. The Queen's Sudan roll, signed by Lt. Colonel Wyndham, commanding 21st Lancers, at Abbassigh on 27 March, 1899, notes: Medal sent to Mr. T. Weller, Westwell, Near Ashford, Kent.

Lance Corporal Weller served with D Squadron which together with B Squadron suffered most of the casualties at Omdurman. One officer, nine NCO's and ten privates were killed in the charge.

£800–1000

336 Pair: **11th Sudanese Infantry**

QUEEN'S SUDAN 1896; KHEDIVE'S SUDAN 1896–1908, 7 clasps, Firket, Hafir, Sudan 1897, Abu Hamed, The Atbara, Khartoum, Sudan 1899, both medals named in Arabic script, *nearly very fine* (2)

£150–200

337 **A scarce group with a Royal Victorian Medal and second award bar to Sergeant Major Raymond Gache, Grenadier Guards.**

QUEEN'S SUDAN 1896 (Cpl.); QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, 2 clasps, C.C., S.A.1902 (Sergt); ROYAL VICTORIAN MEDAL, V.R., silver with second award bar, dated 'May 1910'; CORONATION 1911, named (C.S.I.M., King's Coy); LONG SERVICE AND GOOD CONDUCT, G.V.R. (C.Sjt. I of M): KHEDIVE'S SUDAN 1896–98, 1 clasp, Khartoum (Corpl.), the group on a contemporary bar, as worn, the obverses of the medals heavily polished, the reverses generally *very fine* (6)

Raymond Gache was awarded the R.V.M. (silver) as a member of the Queen's Company, Grenadier Guards, who stood vigil at the private lying-in-state of Queen Victoria at Osborne House. He was awarded the bar to the R.V.M. (silver) for similar service during the lying-in-state of King Edward VII in 1910 at Buckingham Palace.

£400–450

338 Six: **Private J. Entwisle, Grenadier Guards**

QUEEN'S SUDAN 1896; QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, 3 clasps, C.C., Trans., S.A.01; 1914–15 STAR; BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS (Pte. Lanc. Fus); KHEDIVE'S SUDAN 1898–1908, 1 clasp, Khartoum, *nearly very fine* (6)

£140–160

339 Four: **Private R. Messiter, Grenadier Guards**

QUEEN'S SUDAN 1896–98; QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, 6 clasps, Belm., M.R., Drie., Johan., D.H., Belf.; KING'S SOUTH AFRICA, 2 clasps; KHEDIVE'S SUDAN 1896–1908, 1 clasp, Khartoum, *extremely fine* (4)

£160–180

340 Six: **Petty Officer E. De La Molte, R.N.** QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902 (H.M.S. Pelorus); 1914–15 STAR; BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS; LONG SERVICE & GOOD CONDUCT, E.VII.R. (H.M.S. Aboukir); **Italian** BRONZE WAR CROSS.

Four: **D. Cooper, Stoker Petty Officer, R.N.** 1914–15 STAR; BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS; LONG SERVICE & GOOD CONDUCT, G.V.R. (H.M.S. Philomel), *very fine* (10)

£60–80

341 Four: **Engineer Commander C. T. D. Greetham, Royal Navy**

QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, 1 clasp, C.C. (Engr. R.N., H.M.S. Doris); 1914–15 STAR TRIO (Eng. Commr., R.N.), mounted for wear, *good very fine* (4)

£80–100

342 Four: **Private John Squibb, Durham Light Infantry**

QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, 2 clasps, C.C., O.F.S. (4934 Pte., 3/Durham L.I.); 1914–15 STAR TRIO (8357 Pte, 2/Durh.L.I.), together with Memorial Plaque, *good very fine* (5)

John Squibb died, France and Flanders, 15 January 1918.

£80–100

343 Six: **Trooper A. H. Trimmer Natal Police**

QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, 2 clasps, S.A.01, S.A.02; NATAL 1906, 1 clasp, 1906; 1914–15 STAR; BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS (Bombr. S.A.M.R. – F.A.); SOUTH AFRICA OVERSEAS SERVICE MEDAL 1939–46, *very fine* (6)

£100–120

344 Three: **Sergeant C. Hignell, 6/D. Gds.** QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, 3 clasps, Rel. of Kimb., Paard, Drief.; KING'S SOUTH AFRICA, 2 clasps; LONG SERVICE & GOOD CONDUCT, G.V.R.

Pair: **Private J. Mahoney, Rl. Muns. Fus.** QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, 4 clasps, O.F.S., Trans., S.A.01, S.A.02; INDIA GENERAL SERVICE 1908–35, 1 clasp, North West Frontier 1908, *very fine and better* (5)

£80–100

345 Three: **Private J. Dykes Grenadier Guards**

QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, 3 clasps, C.C., Drie., Trans.; KING'S SOUTH AFRICA, 2 clasps; CORONATION 1902, Bronze Issue, reverse engraved (Pte. J. Dykes King's Coy. Gren. Gds.), *nearly very fine* (3)

£60–80

346 Four: **Lieut.-Colonel W. S. Masterman, Welsh Regiment**

QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, 3 clasps, C.C., Trans., S.A. 1901 (Capt., 3/Bn. Welsh Rgt.), top two clasps wired together; 1914 STAR (Major); BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS (Major), *good very fine* (4)

Lieut-Colonel Walter Sydney Masterman was born on 19 December 1876 and educated at Weymouth College and Christ's College, Cambridge. He served in the South African War with the 3rd Battalion The Welsh Regiment as a Railway Staff Officer.

He was at some time a Knight of Grace of St John but was removed from the Roll of the Order 'owing to his having been convicted by the Civil Powers.' vide *London Gazette* 5 June, 1923.

£200–220

347 Pair: **Lieuteant D. T. H. Protheroe, Yorkshire Hussars, Imperial Yeomanry**

QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, 3 clasps, C.C., O.F.S., Trans. (546 Pte, 9th Coy. 3rd Imp. Yeo.); KING'S SOUTH AFRICA, 2 clasps, S.A.01, S.A.02 (Lieut., Imp. Yeo.), rivets repaired on second medal, otherwise *nearly extremely fine* (2)

Lieutenant D. T. H. Protheroe was severely wounded at Hartbeestefontein, 18 February, 1901, whilst still a Private in the Yorkshire Hussars

£80–100

348 Four: **Corporal J. F. Herschel, Hartigan's Horse, late Kaffrarian Rifles** QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, 3 clasps, C.C., O.F.S., Tvl. (1340 Pte., Kaffrn. Rifles); 1914–15 Star (Pte, Hartigans Hse); BRITISH WAR and Bi-lingual VICTORY MEDALS (Cpl., 10th S.A.H.), suspender bent on War medal, naming erased on Victory medal, mounted for wear, *nearly very fine*

Six: **Private J. P. Schreiber, Kaffrarian Rifles attached South African Medical Corps** 1939–45 STAR: AFRICA STAR; ITALY STAR; DEFENCE and WAR MEDALS, AFRICA SERVICE MEDAL, all officially impressed (11886 J. P. Schreiber), sold with copies of attestation and service papers, *very fine* (10)

£60–80

349 Pair: **Trooper B. Hosegood, 2nd Life Guards**

QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, 4 clasps, C.C., Jo'burg, D.H., Belf. (2091 Tpr., 2nd L. Gds.); LONG SERVICE AND GOOD CONDUCT, G.V.R., *good very fine* (2)

£60–80

350 Five: **Lieutenant T. D. Seymour, 6th Dragoons, late Imperial Yeomanry**

QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, 4 clasps, C.C., Trans., Witt., S.A.1901 (2161 Cpl., 7th Coy 4th Imp. Yeo.); 1914–15 STAR (Lieut, 6/Dns.); BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS (Lieut); **France** RECONNAISSANCE FRANCAISE, silver, mounted for display, *very fine* (5)

Lieutenant T. D. Seymour served in South Africa with the 7th (Leicestershire) Company, 4th Battalion Imperial Yeomanry; Temp. Lieutenant, 6th Dragoons, 5 November, 1914 – employed with Corps Cavalry Regiment.

£140–160

351 **A group of six awarded to Lieutenant Colonel S. D. Brancker, R.A.S.C., late East Surrey Regiment, which includes the very rare clasp for East Africa 1904**

QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, 4 clasps, C.C., T.H., Rel. of L'smith, Belf. (Lieut., 2/E. Surr.Rgt.); KING'S SOUTH AFRICA, 2 clasps, S.A.1901, S.A.1902 (Lt., E. Sur.Rgt.); AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–56, 1 clasp, East Africa 1904 (Captain, 1/E. Surrey Regt.) impressed naming; 1914–15 STAR (Major, A.S.C.); BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS (Lt. Col.) contact marks, otherwise *very fine* (6)

Lieutenant Colonel S. D. Brancker served in South Africa 1899–1902, and was present at the Relief of Ladysmith including the action at Spion Kop. He was wounded in action at Pieters Hill, 27 February, 1900, and present at the action at Belfast.

Lieutenant Brancker commanded a column in the punitive expedition against the Kikuyu and Embu tribes in February and March, 1904. In all, over 11,000 stock were captured at the cost of 3 men killed and 33 wounded. Over 1,000 enemy were killed, estimated at 797 Kikuyu and about 250 Embu. The medal roll for this clasp shows entitlement for only 3 British officers, 5 Political Officers and 123 natives from the King's African Rifles and the East African Police.

In the Great War Brancker served with the R.A.S.C. in command of the 54th Divisional Train, 6 September 1917 to 12 March, 1918. He also served in Greek Macedonia, Serbia, Bulgaria, European Turkey, and the islands of the Aegean Sea, 15 November 1915 to 21 September 1916; and with the Egyptian Expeditionary Force from 29 September 1916 to 26 May 1918.

£650–700

352 Four: **Lieutenant H. E. Corner, 4th Dragoon Guards, attached Gold Coast Regiment W.A.F.F., late Berkshire Imperial Yeomanry.**

QUEEN'S SOUTH AFRICA 1899–1902, 5 clasps, C.C., O.F.S., Trans., S.A.1901, S.A.1902 (6034 Cpl., 39th Coy. 10th Imp. Yeo.); 1914–15 STAR TRIO (Lieut), *good very fine* (4)

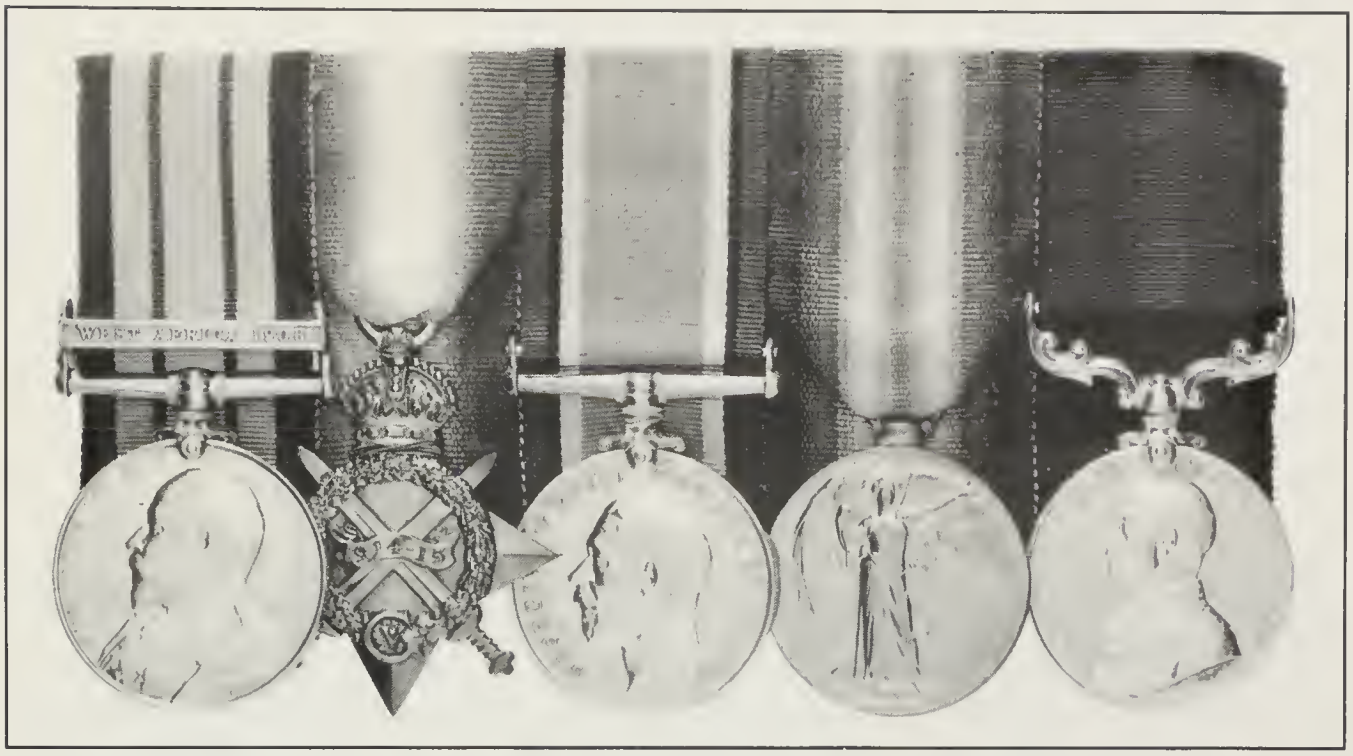
Lieutenant Herbert Edward Corner attested at Reading, 12 January, 1900, for service in South Africa with the 39th Company (Berkshire) Imperial Yeomanry. He was promoted Lieutenant on 16 January, 1902 and retired in November of that year. He re-enlisted as temporary Second Lieutenant, 4th Reserved Regiment of Cavalry, on 25 December, 1914, and was promoted Lieutenant, attached to the Gold Coast Regiment, West African Fontier Force, 30 June 1915. He served in Kamerun, West Africa and died of wounds there on 30 October, 1917.

£100–120

353 Five: **Private Isa Kand 4th Nigeria Regiment**

AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–56, 1 clasp, West Africa 1906 (S.N. Regt.); 1914–15 STAR; BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS; WEST AFRICAN FRONTIER FORCE LONG SERVICE & GOOD CONDUCT, G.V.R. Type 1, *nearly very fine and better* (5)

£180–220



354 Five: **Paymaster Lieutenant Commander A. K. Hornstein (Lowdell), Royal Navy**

AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–56, 1 clasp, Somaliland 1908–10 (Asst.Paymr. A. K. Hornstein, R.N., H.M.S. Fox); NAVAL GENERAL SERVICE 1915–62, 1 clasp, Persian Gulf 1909–14 (Asst.Paymr. A. K. Hornstein, R.N., H.M.S. Fox); 1914–15 STAR (Payr. A. K. Lowdell, R.N.); BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS (Paymr. Lt. Cr., R.N.), *very fine or better* (5)

Lieutenant Commander Alan Keith Hornstein entered the Royal Navy as Assistant Clerk, 15 January 1905. He served as Assistant Paymaster on H.M.S. *Fox* in Somaliland and in the Persian Gulf. During the Great War he served in various ships including *'Bellerophon'* and *'Centaur'* with the 4th Battle Squadron. His post war service included the aircraft carriers *'Argus'* and *'Eagle.'*

At some point in 1916 he changed his surname to Lowdell and his Great War medals are so named.

£140–160

355 Three: **The Reverend F. T. Robinson, M.A., Chaplain, Royal Navy**

AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–56, 1 clasp, Somaliland 1908–10 (Revd., M.A., Chaplain R.N., H.M.S. Hyacinth); NAVAL GENERAL SERVICE 1915–62, 1 clasp, Persian Gulf 1909–14 (Chapln. Rev., M.A., R.N., H.M.S. Hyacinth); BRITISH WAR MEDAL (Chapn., R.N.), mounted for wear, *very fine* (3)

The Reverend Francis T. Robinson graduated from Trinity College, Cambridge in 1899 and took Holy Orders. He joined the Royal Navy as Chaplain on 1 August, 1906, and served in H.M. Ships *Hyacinth*, *Warrior*, *Blake* and *Audacious*. He was appointed to H.M.S. *Plassy*, a hospital ship, on 1 February, 1914, thence to *Ganges* in July, 1917, *Crescent* in September, 1918, and to the Royal Marine Barracks, Deal, in September, 1922. He went to the Staff of Portsmouth Dockyard in October, 1927 and retired from the Royal Navy in 1930.

£200–240

356 **A rare Abor group of six to Brigadier L. S. H. Smithers, C.B., 17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment), Indian Army**

INDIA GENERAL SERVICE 1908–35, 1 clasp, Abor 1911–12 (Captn., 17th Infy.); 1914–15 STAR (Capt., 17 Infy.); BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS, M.I.D. (Major); JUBILEE 1935; **Serbia**, ORDER OF THE WHITE EAGLE, 5th class breast badge with swords, the group on a contemporary court mounting, dark toned, *extremely fine* (6)

Brigadier Leonard Sueton Hirsch Smithers was born in 1879, the son of Maj-General O. F. Smithers. He entered the Indian Army in 1898 and served in the Abor Expedition 1911–12, where he was mentioned in despatches, *London Gazette* 16 July 1912. He served in the Great War 1914–18 and was Brigade Major, Scottish Command, February–September, 1917. He was again mentioned in despatches, *London Gazette* 5 September, 1916, and awarded the Order of the White Eagle, 5th class. He was promoted Colonel in 1926 and Commandant of Kitchener College 1929–31; Assistant Adjutant General, India, January to September, 1932 and commanded the 11th (Ahmednagar) Infantry Brigade from 1934 until his retirement in 1936. Brigadier Smithers was awarded the C.B. (Military) in the same year and died 23 January, 1954.

£600–700

357 **The group of nine miniature medals worn by Brigadier L. S. H. Smithers, Indian Army**

The group as listed above but with the addition of the C.B. (Military), DEFENCE and WAR MEDALS, on a contemporary court mounting by Spink & Son, *extremely fine* (9)

£100–120

358 Pair: **Captain A. C. H. Eales, Indian Army**

AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–56, 1 clasp, Shimber Berris 1914–15 (Lieut. 119/Inf. The Mooltan R.); INDIA GENERAL SERVICE 1908–35, 1 clasp, Afghanistan N.W.F. 1919 (2/119/Infy.), *nearly extremely fine and rare* (2)

Captain Arthur Cecil Herbert Adrian Eales served in Africa with the Somaliland Indian Contingent, King's African Rifles.

£450–500

EUROPEAN OFFICERS, SOMALILAND, FEBRUARY 1915.
LIEUT. EALES BACK ROW, EXTREME LEFT.

359 Five: **W. Lewis, Stoker Petty Officer, R.N.** Naval General Service 1915–62, 1 clasp, Persian Gulf 1909–1914 (H.M.S. Philomel); 1914–15 Star Trio; Long Service & Good Conduct, G.V.R. Type 1 (H.M.S. Pembroke)

Four: **Lieutenant T. A. Benson, R.N.,** Naval General Service 1915–62, 1 clasp, Persian Gulf 1909–1914 (Sub Lieut. H.M.S. Pelorus); 1914–15 Star; British War and Victory Medals.

Four: **E. Batchlor, Stoker Petty Officer, R.N.** Naval General Service 1915–62, 1 clasp, Persian Gulf 1909–1914 (H.M.S. Philomel; 1914–15 Star; British War and Victory Medals, *very fine and better* (13)

£140–180

360 Four: **Shoeing Smith C. E. Barrett, 7th Dragoon Guards**

1914 Mons Star (1895 S.Sth, 7/D. Gds.); British War and Victory Medals (Pte., 7–D. Gds); General Service 1918–62, 1 clasp, Iraq (7816284 Pte, 7–D. Gds) *good very fine* (4)

£80–100

361 1914 Star Trio (3)

Captain E. A. R. Nepean, Manchester Regiment, Reserve of Officers

(Lieut., A.S.C.; Capt.);

Lieutenant W. A. Rowe, Royal Marines

(B.R.C.S. and O.St.J.J.; Lieut., R.M.);

Captain R. A. Broad, Interpreter

(2 Lieut.; Capt.), commissioned 2 Lieut., 9 September 1914, served as an Interpreter throughout the War.

Good very fine and better (9)

£80–100

362 1914 Star Trio (3)

Lieutenant E. P. Hull, Machine Gun Corps, late Berkshire Yeomanry and H.A.C.

(1040 Pte., H.A.C.; Lieut.), with Mons bar. Enlisted H.A.C. in 1914; 2 Lieut., Berkshire Yeomanry, November 1916; Lieut, Machine Gun Corps, May 1918

Captain G. H. Fidgeon, Army Service Corps, late H.A.C.

(62 L.Cpl., H.A.C.; Capt.), with Mons bar

Captain H. W. Andrew, Middlesex Regiment, late London Regiment

(104 Pte., 5/Lond.R.; Capt.)

Extremely fine (9)

£100–120

363 1914 Star Trio (3)

Corporal J. W. Goddard, 15th Hussars

(1011 Sd.Cpl., 15/Hrs; 1011 Cpl., 15–Hrs), shown as wounded in the Regimental History;

Private R. Wynne, Royal Scots

(3933 Pte., 2/R. Scots) Died of wounds, 13 April, 1916

Private J. W. Walker, Northumberland Fusiliers

(538 Pte, 1/North'd Fus.) with Mons bar. Private Walker was reported missing in October 1914 and confirmed as a Prisoner of War in March 1915. He died in captivity and is buried at the Nikolai Cemetery at Jelgava in Latvia. The British plot contains the graves of 36 sailors and soldiers from the U.K., most of whom died as prisoners in 1917 on what is now Latvian territory.

Good very fine and better (9)

£100–120

364 1914 Star Trio (4)

Private G. Warnes, Norfolk Regiment

(8887 Pte., 1/Norf.R.), died of wounds, France and Flanders, 23 April, 1917

Private A. Henderson, Royal Scots Fusiliers

(7764 Pte., 1/R.Sc.Fus.), killed in action, France and Flanders, 9 July, 1916

Private M. L. Bowyer, South Staffordshire Regiment

(10090 Pte., 1/S.Staff.R.), died of wounds, 20 May, 1915, whilst serving with the second battalion.

Private O. E. Busby, East Lancashire Regiment

(9465 Pte., 1/E.Lan.R.), the star plated, together with forwarding letters for the medals. Private Busby was killed in action, 9 November, 1914, and his name appears on the Ploegsteert Memorial.

Good very fine and better (12)

£120–140

365 1914 Star Trio (3)

Private C. A. Winstone, King's Royal Rifle Corps

(8659 L.Cpl., 2/K.R. Rif. C.), died of wounds, La Bassée, 13 October 1914

Private A. Simpson, King's Royal Rifle Corps

(5105 Pte., 2/K.R. Rif. C.), died of wounds, 31 October 1914.

Private F. Potter, King's Royal Rifle Corps

(2043 Pte., 1/K.R. Rif. C.), died of wounds, 5 November, 1914.

Extremely fine (9)

£140–160

366 **A 'Q' Ship group of five containing a Roumanian award which is unique to the Royal Marines awarded to Colour Serjeant E. J. Banks, Royal Marine Light Infantry.**

1914–15 STAR TRIO, M.I.D. (PO 10598 Sgt., R.M.L.I.); NAVAL LONG SERVICE AND GOOD CONDUCT, G.V.R. (Cr.Sgt.); **Roumania,** MEDAL FOR BRAVERY AND LOYALTY 'Barbatie Si Credinta,' 1st class with swords, unnamed as issued, the group mounted for display, *very fine* (5)

Edward John Banks was born in April, 1880, and joined the Royal Marines on 3 November 1899. Promoted to Sergeant on 30 June, 1913, he served throughout the war of 1914–18 with that rank. Banks was to find himself involved in a bizarre action with a German U-Boat with his appointment to H.M.S. *Lady Olive* in January, 1917. The *Lady Olive* was a small coasting steamer commissioned by the Royal Navy for 'Q'-ship duties as Q.18, armed with one 4 inch and four 12 pounder guns.

Early on the morning of February 19, 1917, she was attacked by a submarine which was coming up firing from three miles astern. When the German commander came on deck, the submarine's engines were still audible and forthwith the *Lady Olive* gave chase, but nothing more was discerned in the fog.

Just before 7 a.m. Lieut. F. A. Frank, R.N.R., *Lady Olive's* Captain, sent away his 'panic parties' in two boats and they began pulling away to the southward, bu all the rest on board concealed themselves. Ten minutes later the submarine came close under *Lady Olive's* stern to read her name. And now the Q-Ship, finding that the enemy bore only 100 yards off, opened fire. The first two shots hit the base of the conning-tower, but a third put the German's gun out of action, killing the German gun-layer. Six more shots took effect below the base of the conning tower, killing the man standing therein. The submarine listed to starboard, gradually settling down, and sank.

Meanwhile, unknown to the Captain, the *Lady Olive* had received two damaging hits in the engine room and it was found impossible to use the wireless. At 9.30 a.m., *Lady Olive* being doomed, the ship's boats and rafts were provisioned and Frank saw that the confidential documents were thrown overboard. The *Lady Olive* sank leaving Lieut. Frank and his men adrift in three boats and two rafts. They rowed ever onward with the intention of making the French coast but by nightfall land had not been sighted. During the night Frank, having already sent one boat off to seek assistance, now was parted from the third.

At dawn the following day, still no land was visible. The men were very tired and miserably downhearted; the wind freshening and the sea rising and curling in an ugly fashion. Shortly after midday they spotted the French destroyer '*Dunois*' which was continually altering course and circling towards the Englishmen. Why? A very good reason. The destroyer had observed a submarine following the boat. The *Dunois* picked up some of the distressed mariners but suddenly she was off again after the submarine. At six o'clock she swept close once more and another 16 men scrambled aboard, but now the *Dunois* was firing at the submarine and suddenly spurted full speed ahead. The port propellor guard crashed into the side of the boat, ripping its starboard side right out and the craft immediately filled with water though seven men still remained. *Dunois* approached yet again, when her cutter was lowered and picked up the rest. Taking them into Cherbourg, the destroyer landed the Englishmen and the next day met a trawler with on board the boatload that had been missing. So the episode concluded without loss, though the Q-Ship had gone down to the depths.

Banks was mentioned in despatches in the *London Gazette* of 21 April, 1917, which also announced the award of the D.S.O. to Lieut. Frank. The Roumanian Distinguished Conduct Medal *(sic)* was announced in the *London Gazette* on 17 March, 1919. Banks was the only Royal Marine to be awarded the 1st class of this medal and only 8 Roumanian awards were given to the Royal Marines during the 1914–18 War.

£300–350

367 **A fine Médaille Militaire group of six to Colour Sergeant E. F. Hobbs, Royal Marine Light Infantry.**

1914–15 Star Trio (PO 9900, Col.Sgt., R.M.L.I.); Naval Long Service and Good Conduct, G.V.R. (Col.Sergt., R.M.L.I.); Naval Meritorious Service Medal, G.V.R. (Cl.Sgt., R.M.L.I., 'Corfu' services during war); France, Medaille Militaire, enamel chipped on the last otherwise *good very fine* (6)

M.S.M. *London Gazette*, 31 July, 1919.

Médaille Militaire, *London Gazette*, 21 June 1918.

These two awards were for services on the island of Corfu whilst Colour Sergt. Hobbs was attached to the French Fleet as part of the International Force which was detailed to relieve the troops from Salonika. The Royal Marine Guard was quartered with the Allies in the fort at Corfu under the command of Major Horne.

£300–350

368 Seven: **Lieutenant W. T. Harmer, Home Guard, late Royal Marine Light Infantry**

1914–15 Star Trio (CH. 12983 Cpl., R.M.L.I.); Defence Medal, named (Lieut., 26th Lon. H.G.); Imperial Service Medal, G.VI.R.; Naval Good Shooting Medal, G.V.R. (Corp., R.M., H.M.S. Implacable, 1913, 12 Pr. Q.F.); Royal Fleet Reserve Long Service, G.V.R., 1st type, the group mounted for display and accompanied by a quantity of research, *good very fine* (7)

£220–240

369 Four: **Paymaster Lieutenant W. D. Stewart, Royal Navy**

1914–15 Star (Ast. Paymr., R.N.); British War and Victory Medals (Payr Lt.); Africa General Service 1902–56, 1 clasp, Somaliland 1920 (Payr Lt., R.N., H.M.S. Odin), *very fine* (4)

£300–350

370 **A scarce Signal Service group of four to Lieutenant W. T. Toms, Dorsetshire Regiment, who was twice mentioned is despatches for Waziristan 1919–21**

1914–15 Star (6503 Sjt., Dorset R.); British War and Victory Medals (2.Lieut); India General Service 1908–35, 3 clasps, Afghanistan N.W.F. 1919, Mahsud 1919–20, Waziristan 1919–20 (Lieut., Div.Sig.), *very fine* (4)

M.I.D. *London Gazette* 10 June 1921 – 'distinguished services during the operations in Waziristan 1919–20' – Lieut., The Dorsetshire Regt. attd. 38th Divisional Signal Coy.

M.I.D. *London Gazette* 1 June 1923 – 'distinguished services during the operations in Waziristan 1920–21' – Lieut, The Dorsetshire Regt. attd. Signal Service.

£180–200

371 Four: **Lance Serjeant G. Lofts, Army Veterinary Corps**

1914–15 Star (SE.7406 Pte.); British War and Victory Medals (Cpl.); Meritorious Service Medal, G.V.R., 1st type (Pte – L.Sjt.), *nearly extremely fine*

Three: **Corporal W. Trimmer, Army Veterinary Corps**

British War and Victory Medals (SE 13126 Cpl., A.V.C.); Meritorious Service Medal, G.V.R., 1st type (Cpl., R.A.V.C.), *very fine*

Three: **Company Serjeant Major J. W. Miller D.C.M., Scottish Rifles**

British War and Victory Medals (6427 W.O. Cl. 2); Meritorious Service Medal, G.V.R., 1st type (C.S.Mjr., 5/6 Sco.Rif.), *very fine* (10)

C.S.M. James Willison Miller, D.C.M., Scottish Rifles died of wounds (France and Flanders), 18 April, 1918. He was awarded the M.S.M., *London Gazette* 17 June, 1918 and the Distinguished Conduct Medal, *London Gazette*, 3 September 1918: 'For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. When the troops in front of and on the flanks of his company had been driven in, and his platoon commanders and serjeants, except one, had beeome easualties, he went forward and re-oganised the position on the right, in doing which he was severely wounded. He then insisted on the stretcher bearers taking him to his company commander, to whom he gave a clear and valuable report of the situation. He showed fine courage and determination.'

£120–140

372 Six: **6/3239 Sgt. W. J. Jannand, N.Z. E.F.** 1914–15 Star (W.O.1, N.Z.E.F.); British War and Victory Medals; Meritorious Service Medal, G.V.R. Type 1 (Sgt. 1/Canterbury R.), *very fine* (6)

£50–80

373 Four: **Lieutenant J. M. Smith, S.A.F.** 1914–15 Star (Pte. M. G. Detacht); British War and Victory Medals (T. Lieut.); Africa General Service 1902–56, 1 clasp, Nigeria 1918, *nearly extremely fine* *(4)*

£200–240

374 Three: **T. C. Matthews, Chauffeur, B.R.C. and O.St.J.J.** 1914–15 Star Trio, *good very fine* (3)

Thomas Charles Matthews is confirmed as serving as a Chauffeur with a Motor Ambulanee unit in France from 6th November, 1914. Sold with copies of the medal rolls.

£120–140

375 1914–15 Star Trio (2)

Lieutenant F. Noakes, 16th Lancers

(5682 Sjt., 16/Lrs; Lieut.) Appears in two group photographs in the 16th Lancers Regimental History

Lieutenant J. R. R. Fullerton, 19th Hussars

(2 Lieut., 19/Hrs.; Lieut.)

Very fine (6)

£60–80

376 1914–15 Star Trio (3)

Second Lieutenant N. L. Kilner, King's Own Regiment

(1542 Pte., L'pool. R.; 2 Lieut.)

Second Lieutenant A. W. H. Allen, Royal Warwickshire Regiment

(28205 Sjt., 10–Hrs; 2 Lieut.)

Second Lieutenant R. Twelvetree, Royal Warwickshire Regiment

(C–642. L.Cpl., K.R.Rif.C.; 2 Lieut.)

Good very fine and better (9)

£60–80

377 1914–15 Star Trio (4)

Captain H. Prophett, Leicestershire Regiment (2614 Pte., Leic R.; Capt.)

Captain A. G. Taylor, Cheshire Regiment (2 Lieut., Ches.R.; Capt.)

Served in Greek Macedonia, Serbia, Bulgaria, European Turkey, and the Islands of the Aegean Sea 1 June 1916 to 11 November 1918; Gallipoli 1 September 1915 to 18 March 1916; Egyptian Expeditionary Force 19 March 1916 to 31 May 1916; despatches, *London Gazette* 5 June 1919.

Second Lieutenant G. T. J. Bevan, King's Royal Rifle Corps (2 Lieut., K.R.Rif.C.)

Joined the 1st Battalion in France 5 June 1915 and was wounded by shellfire 11 June 1915.

Captain K. Francis, King's Royal Rifle Corps (2 Lieut., K.R.Rif.C.; Capt.)

Commissioned 2 Lieut, 15/K.R.R.C. 7 December 1914; went to France with the 7th Battalion and was later attached to the South Nottinghamshire Hussars.

Very fine and better (12)

£100–120

378 1914–15 Star Trio (3)

Lieutenant Colonel H. M. Foster, Loyal North Lancashire Regiment (Capt., L.N.Lan.R.; Lt. Col.), mounted for wear

Captain G. L. Turnbull, Durham Light Infantry (2 Lieut., Durh.L.I.; Capt.), mounted for wear

Lieutenant G. H. R. Laird, Highland Light Infantry (Lieut., High.L.I.)

Wounded with the 6th Battalion at Gallipoli, 12 July 1915.

Very fine and better (9)

£100–120

379 1914–15 Star Trio (3)

Second Lieutenant W. O. H. De Maltos, Machine Gun Corps (2148 Pte., C of Lond.Yeo.; 2 Lieut.).

Commissioned 2 Lieut, M.G.C., 26 January 1918.

Major D. D. Milne, 8th London Regiment (Capt., 8/Lond.R.; Major)

Lieutenant S. Hooke, 11th London Regiment (Lieut., 11/Lond.R.)

M.I.D., *London Gazette* 12 January 1918

Very fine and better (9)

£80–100

380 1914–15 Star Trio (4)

Second Lieutenant B. Dowling, Hereford Regiment (556 Sjt., Hereford R.; 2 Lieut.)

Second Lieutenant R. Viner, Machine Gun Corps (2676 Pte., Oxf. & Bucks.L.I.; 2 Lieut)

Lieutenant W. J. Barker, Royal Air Force (4456 Pte., R.A.M.C.; Lieut., R.A.F.).

William John Barker died of accidental injuries 27 April 1918 and is buried in Smalia War Memorial Cemetery, Egypt.

Second Lieutenant E. A Tarbet, Ceylon Planters Rifle Corps (2131 Pte., Ceylon Plr. R.C.; 2 Lieut.)

Very fine and better (12)

£80–100

381 1914–15 Star Trio (2)

Frederick Higgins, Ord. Sig., Royal Navy (J. 13370, O.Sig. R.N.)

Killed in action aboard H.M.S. *Monmouth* at the Battle of Coronel 1 November 1914

Henry Arthur Kidd, Able Seaman, Royal Navy (J.12743, A.B. R.N.)

Lost aboard H.M.S. *Bulwark* sank after an internal explosion on the morning of 26 November 1914 whilst anchored on the river Medway with the loss of 766 officers and men.

Nearly extremely fine (6)

£60–80

382 1914–15 Star Trio (4)

Thomas Patrick Flannery, Leading Deck Hand, R.N.R. (DA 1697, D.H. R.N.R.) with bronze memorial plaque.

Accidentally drowned whilst serving aboard H.M. Trawler '*Bona Dea*,' 7 March 1918.

Skipper Patrick Flannery, R.N.R. (WSA 306 Skr., R.N.R.)

Skipper of H.M. Trawler '*Strathalva*' and died of phthisis 12 December 1919.

Skipper J. Phillips, R.N.R. (1379 S.A., 2 Hd., R.N.R.; Skr., R.N.R.)

Skipper F. J. Stringe, R.N.R. (W.S.A. 1540 Skr., R.N.R.)

Very fine and better (13)

£60–80

383 1914–15 Star Trio (4)

Private John Taylor, Suffolk Regiment (1918 Pte., Suff. R.)

Died of wounds, Palestine, 21 April 1917.

Private Henry Chilvers, Suffolk Regiment (1432 Pte., Suff. R.)

Killed in action, Egypt, 19 September 1918

Corporal F. Bowden, Lancashire Fusiliers (2492 Pte., Lan.Fus.; Cpl., Lan.Fus.)

Died of wounds, Gallipoli, 24 May 1915

Private J. Child, Royal Welsh Fusiliers (17615 Pte., R.W.Fus.)

Died of wounds, France, 4 October 1915.

Good very fine and better (12)

£80–100

384 1914–15 Star Trio (5)

Serjeant Clifford George Bullen, 1st County of London Yeomanry (2775 Pte-A.Cpl., 1st Co. of Lond.Y.; Sjt, 1-Co. of Lond.Y.) *Nearly very fine*

Killed in action Palestine, during the 3rd Battle of Gaza, 27 October 1917.

Private H. Ffoulkes, 19th London Regiment (3332 Pte., 19 Lond.R.)

Died of wounds 26 July 1917

Sapper S. Crossland, Royal Engineers (1103 Spr., R.E.)

Killed in action, Gallipoli, 23 July 1915

Private P. A. Somerset, 20th London Regiment (2308 Pte., 20-Lond.R.) in card box of issue

Corporal P. C. Somerset, Australian Infantry (969 Pte., 7/Bn.A.I.F.; Cpl., 7 Bn. A.I.F.) in card box of issue.

Died 2 August 1916.

Unless otherwise described, *extremely fine* (15)

£140–160

385 Four: **Major W. G. C. Hall, 19th London Regiment**

British War and Victory Medals; Territorial Force War Medal; Territorial Decoration, G.V.R., mounted for wear, *good very fine*

Three: **S. Wylde, A.B., Benbow Battalion, Royal Naval Division**

1914 Star (L.7/3008, Act.A.B., R.N.V.R., Benbow Bttn. R.N.D.); British War and Victory Medals (A.B., R.N.V.R.), *good very fine* (7)

£60–80

386 Three: **Second Lieutenant G. G. L. Tattersall, Cheshire Regiment,** British War Medal; Territorial Force War Medal; Victory Medal, contact marks *very fine* (3)

Lieutenant Tattersall served with the 4th Battalion Cheshire Regiment in Gallipoli.

£60–80

387 Three: **Pte. J. Ward D.C.L.I.**, British War and Victory Medals; Territorial Force War Medal

Three: **Pte. R. H. Keast D.C.L.I.**, British War and Victory Medals; Territorial Force War Medal

Three: **Spr. W. Lloyd R.E.**, British War and Victory Medals; Territorial Force War Medal

Very fine and better (9)

£80–100

388 Family group

A First world War pair to Private William Earthy, 9th London Regiment who was killed in action on the 1st day of the Somme, 1 July 1916. British War and Victory Medals (4329 Pte., 9-Lond. R.)

The only medal awarded to Private Ernest George Earthy, 6th East Surrey Regiment who died of wounds in India on 11 October, 1915 British War Medal (1898 Pte., E. Surr.R.)

Extremely fine (3)

£100–120

389 British War and Victory Medal Pairs

Private Francis Forster Holmes, 24th Royal Welsh Fusiliers (Denbigh Yeomanry) (345529 Pte., R.W. Fus.)

Killed in action 27 December 1917 during the defence of Jerusalem, in the attack on Hill 2450 and Kh Dreihmeh.

Private David Thomas, 11th Welsh Regiment (203441 Pte., Welsh R.)

Killed in action, Salonicka, 18 September 1918.

Serjeant Arthur Robert Withers, 8th Loyal North Lancashire Regiment (34236 A.Sjt., L.N. Lan.R.), in card boxes of issue together with forwarding letters, photograph of grave and Bristol G.P.O. Memorial, newspaper cuttings and other items.

Serjeant Withers was killed in action in France 7 June 1917. Prior to his enlistment on 25 January, 1916, he was employed at the G.P.O., Bristol.

Extremely fine (6)

£60–80

390 Four: **S.Lt R. G. O. Thomas R.N.V.R.**, British War and Victory Medals; Defence and War Medals

Pair: **Capt. M. H. Finlayson**, British War and Victory Medals

Pair: **2 Lieut. W. Thomas**, British War and Victory Medals

Pair: **Capt. A. Ellison**, British War and Victory Medals (10)

£40–60

391 Four: **Captain R. A Jones, 11th Gurkha Rifles**

BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS; INDIA GENERAL SERVICE 1908–35, 1 clasp, Afghanistan N.W.F. 1919 (Lt. A/Capt., 3/11/Gurkha Rfls.); SPECIAL CONSTABULARY LONG SERVICE, G.V.R. (Dep. Sub-Inspr), officially renamed, the group on contemporary wearing bar together with two named silver Masonic medals, *very fine* (6)

£80–100

392 Three: **Lieutenant C. J. H. Samuels, Indian Army,** BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS; INDIA GENERAL SERVICE 1908–35, 1 clasp, Waziristan 1919–21 (Lt. 2–102 Gr.)

Three: **2nd Lieutenant D. Welch,** 1914–15 STAR (Sgt. Rl. Muns. Fus); BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS (2nd Lieut.)

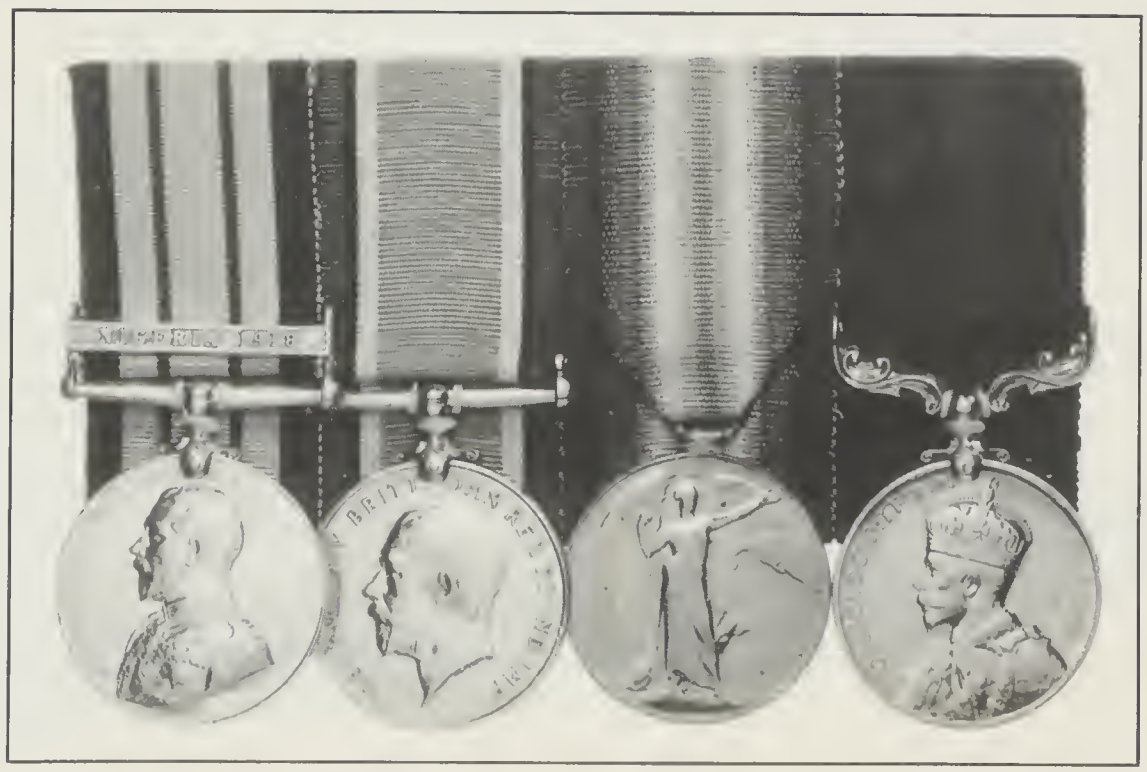
Three: **B.Q.M. Sjt. A. J. Woodage, Royal Artillery,** BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS (Sjt); GENERAL SERVICE 1918–62, 1 clasp, Iraq

Pair: **Spec. Const. W. Macley,** DEFENCE MEDAL; SPECIAL CONSTABULARY LONG SERVICE, G.VI.R., Type 1, *good very fine and better* (11)

£60–80

393 Four: **Pte. Dabo Kano, Nigeria Regiment,** BRITISH WAR and VICTORY MEDALS (W.Afr. Ser. Bde); AFRICA GENERAL SERVICE 1902–56 1 clasp, Nigeria 1918 (2/W.A.F.B.): WEST AFRICAN FRONTIER FORCE LONG SERVICE & GOOD CONDUCT G.V.R. Type 2 (2/Nig. R.) *very fine* (4)

£160–180



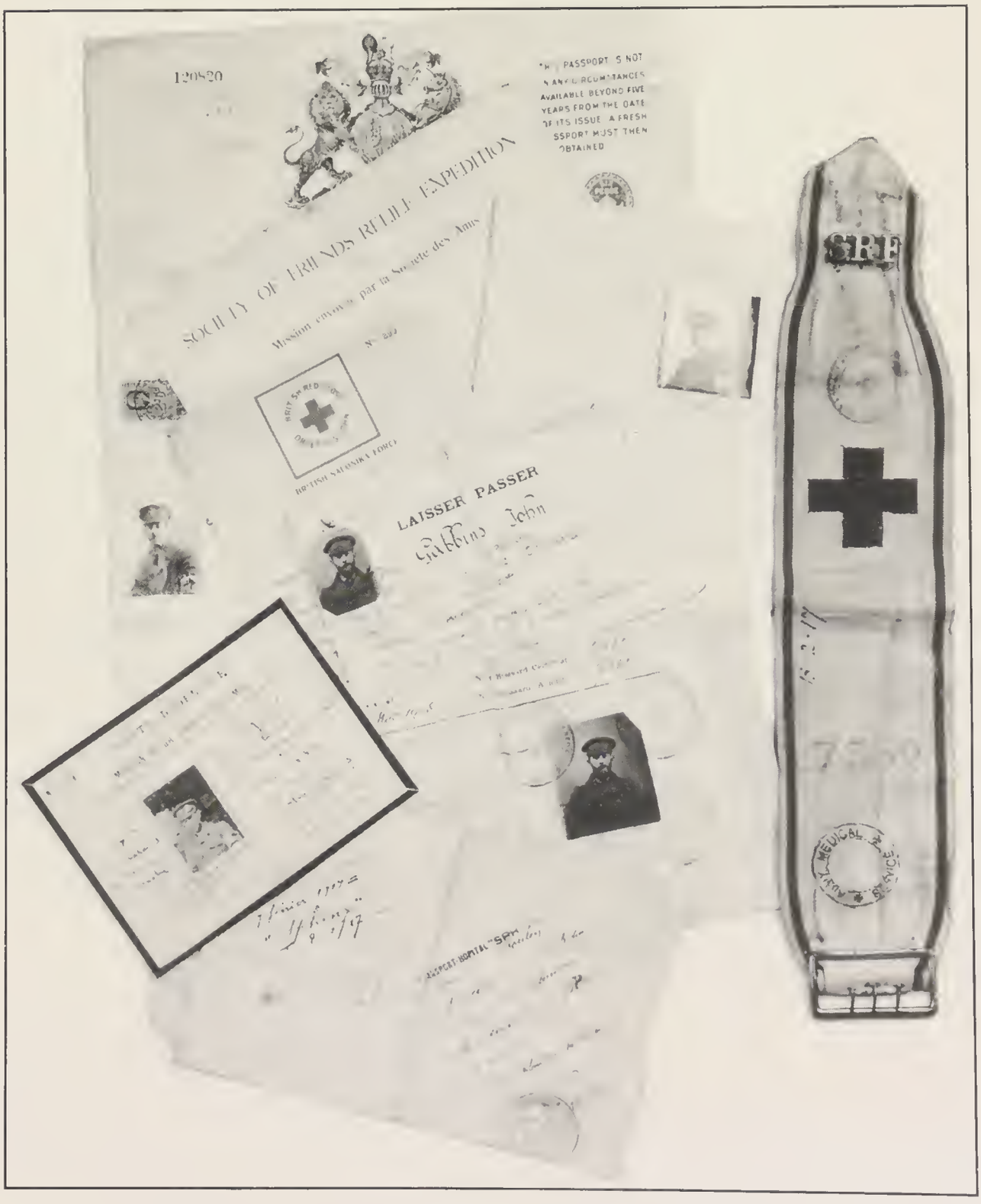
394 Pair: **Lieutenant G. C. L. Sangster-Green, Army Service Corps,** BRITISH WAR MEDAL; GENERAL SERVICE 1918–62, 1 clasp, Kurdistan, *good very fine* (2)

£60–80

395 **A remarkable collection of ephemera relating to Mr. John Gibbins, Director of Transport, Serbian Relief Fund**

The collection comprises of approximately 40 letters, documents and photographs, the greater majority relating to his work in France and Salonika with the Society of Friends Relief Expedition and the Serbian Relief Fund:

(a) Red Cross Brassard (Armlet) No 7352 issued at Salonika on 15 February, 1917, 16 inches x 3¼ inches including buckle; together with his Army Certificate of Identity for civilians wearing the Red Cross Brassard, showing his civil status as Director of Transport with the Serbian Relief Fund. The Brassard is also set with a rare 'S.R.F.' brass shoulder title.



(b) Two British Passports issued on 17 December 1914 and 11 November 1915, each with numberous endorsements

(c) Identity Card issued by the Society of Friends in France, and four further 'Safe Conduct Passes,' each with a photograph and personal details.

(d) Certificate of Exemption from Military Service, dated 30 May 1916, 'Conditional on man remaining in his present occupation – *i.e.* Hut building etc. for the 'Friends' Relief of War Victims Committee abroad.'

(e) Seventeen letters, receipts and safe conduct passes including two letters from the S.R.F. concerning a fire which destroyed Gibbins's own car along with another belonging to the Scottish Women's Hospital, both signed by Sir Edward Boyle, Chairman S.R.F.

(f) Six photographs including two showing Gibbins and his brother with the Society of Friends' car in France, 1915.

(g) A small quantity of letters and documents relating to his pre- and post-war employment.

(h) A short 9 page biography of John Gibbins 1888–1973, compiled by Richard Holding shortly after his death.

John Gibbins was born on 9 May 1888 into an old-time Quaker family and served his apprenticeship in his father's own company, The Coalbrookdale Co. Ltd. at Ironbridge. He, together with his sister, were pioneer motorists in the pre-war years and John held AA membership No. 40. With the outbreak of the First World War John and his brother Francis, joined the Friends' War Victims Relief Committee, and left for France just before Christmas of that year, taking with him his own Wolseley car. In 1916 the F.W.V.R.C. were approached for help by the Serbian Relief Fund with the result that John left France for Salonika as Director of Transport for the S.R.F. In due course he arrived in Corsica with Serbian refugees who were to be housed in centres throughout the island, to be tended by S.R.F. personel, together with a Scottish Women's Hospital Unit. Early in 1917 he went to Macedonia, once more under the auspices of the S.R.F. As John Gibbins was serving throughout this period as a civilian he was not entitled to any service medals and the above items are all that remain to commemorate his remarkable war time service.

£200–250

396 THE PERSONAL JOURNAL AND PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS kept by **Lieutenant E. G. C. Quilter, Royal Flying Corps**, whilst a prisoner of war in Germany 1917–18, the three albums containing photographs of fellow inmates, poems, sketches and limericks, with many signatures of officers. Included is a signed photograph of Major A. D. Carter, D.S.O., R.F.C., the Canadian 'Ace' who had been shot down by the German 'Ace,' Paul Billitz. Carter, from New Brunswick, had been credited with 19 kills and was himself killed early in 1919 when test flying a Fokker DVII. Lieutenant Quilter was posted missing 6 September 1917 and was interned at Magdeburg, being repatriated on 18 December, 1918. (3)

£150–200

397 Three: **Sgt. T. F. Giles, R.A.F.** GENERAL SERVICE 1918–62, 1 clasp, Iraq (Cpl, R.A.M.C.); JUBILEE 1935; R.A.F. LONG SERVICE & GOOD CONDUCT, G.V.R.

Eight: **W/O D.M. Duff, R.A.F.** INDIA GENERAL SERVICE 1936–39, one clasp, North West Frontier 1936–37 (L.A.C., R.A.F.); 1939–45 STAR, AFRICA STAR; ITALY STAR; FRANCE & GERMANY STAR; DEFENCE and WAR MEDALS; R.A.F. LONG SERVICE & GOOD CONDUCT, G.VI.R., Type 2, *nearly extremely fine* (11)

£120–140

398 Pair: **Chief Inspector R. C. Hall, Shanghai Municipal Police**

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL COUNCIL EMERGENCY MEDAL 1937, bronze star, unnamed as issued; SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE LONG SERVICE, silver, named on edge, both medals with their correct ribbons, *very fine* (2)

£350–400

399 Six: **Gnr. T. Davidson, R.A.** INDIA GENERAL SERVICE 1908–35,1 clasp, North West Frontier 1935; INDIA GENERAL SERVICE 1936–39, 1 Clasp, North West Frontier 1936–37; 1939–45 STAR; BURMA STAR; DEFENCE and WAR MEDALS

Six: **W.O. Cl. II A. Cornish, R.E.** GENERAL SERVICE 1918–62, 1 clasp, Palestine; 1939–45 STAR; AFRICA STAR, clasp 8th Army; DEFENCE and WAR MEDALS; LONG SERVICE & GOOD CONDUCT, G.VI.R., Type 1

Six: **Lt. S. G. Chapman R.A.O.C.**,1939–45 STAR; ITALY STAR; DEFENCE and WAR MEDALS; GENERAL SERVICE 1918–62, 1 clasp, Malaya (Lt.); LONG SERVICE & GOOD CONDUCT, E.II.R., Type 2

Three: **Capt. E. A. Owen, R.E.M.E.** DEFENCE and WAR MEDALS; LONG SERVICE & GOOD CONDUCT, G.VI.R., Type 2 (Capt)

Pair: **W. O. Cl.II C. I. Filmer, R.E.** LONG SERVICE & GOOD CONDUCT, G.VI.R., Type 1; MERITORIOUS SERVICE MEDAL, G.VI.R., Type 2, *very fine and better* (23)

£160–180

400 Six: **Staff Sergeant Walter Cowell, Royal Army Medical Corps** GENERAL SERVICE 1918–62, 1 clasp, Palestine (72629, Pte.); 1939–45 STAR; AFRICA STAR; ITALY STAR; DEFENCE and WAR MEDALS, together with small photograph, condolence slip and two cuttings, *good very fine*

Staff Sergeant Walter Cowell was killed in Italy in 1944. He had been abroad for four years. He died with tragic suddenness, though in great heroism. He had gone in front of our lines to rescue a wounded comrade, when a land-mine exploded, and Walter was killed. (See cutting with medals).

Three: **Private R. Slater, King's Own Regiment, late the Border Regiment.** GENERAL SERVICE 1918–62, 1 clasp, Palestine (3598769 Pte., Bord.R.); KOREA 1950–53 (22525197 Pte., King's Own); U.N. KOREA, *very fine* (9)

£100–120

401 **An unusual Territorial group of seven to Lieutenant G. E. Eckersley, Royal Marines**

1939–45 STAR; AFRICA STAR; ITALY STAR; FRANCE AND GERMANY STAR; DEFENCE and WAR MEDALS; EFFICIENCY MEDAL (Territorial), G.VI.R. (Lt., Royal Marines), the group mounted for display, together with a quantity of researeh, *extremely fine and very scarce* (7)

Lieutenant George Edward Eckersley enlisted as a Sapper in the Territorial Army on 21 April 1939. He transferred to the Royal Marines, 2 Lieut. 22 February 1941; Temp. Lieut. 22 September 1941; Act. Temp. Captain, 10 December 1945. He served in Sicily, Egypt and France, March 1943—August 1944, Royal Marine Group, Mobile Naval Base Defence Organisation. He was awarded the efficiency Medal (Territorial), *London Gazette* 14 April, 1950, one of approximately 10 such medals awarded to the Royal Marines.

£120–140

402 Five: **Major M. D. Gurney-Hoare, Royal Army Service Corps,** 1939–45 Star; France and Germany Star; Defence and War Medals; **U.S.A.** Bronze Star, reverse officially named, mounted as worn, *good very fine* (5)

Major Michael Donald Gurney-Hoare was commissioned into the R.A.S.C. in March 1941. He is shown as a Staff Captain, U.S. Liaison, Eastern Command, U.K., from September, 1942. The group is sold with a photograph of the recipient in uniform and a post war driving licence.

£80–100

403 Six: **Fg. Off. A. L. Cole R.A.F.V.R.,** 1939–45 Star; Africa Star; Air Crew Europe Star; Defence and War Medals; Air Efficiency Award, G.VI.R., Type 1

Pair: **M.A.E. Op. S. Freer (R.3500052), R.A.F.** Campaign Service 1962, 2 clasps, Radfan, South Arabia; R.A.F. Long Service & Good Conduct, E.II.R., Type 2

Five: **12403 Pte. R. H. G. Barr, S.S.V.F.** 1939–45 Star; Pacific Star; Defence and War Medals; Territorial Force Efficiency Medal, E.II.R., Type 2, top clasp '**Malaya**' with extra Long service bar, *good very fine and better* (13)

£180–220

404 Six: **W.O. Cl. II R. Fitzjohn, R.A.** 1939–45 Star; Italy Star; Defence and War Medals; Meritorious Service Medal, G.VI.R. Type 2; Territorial Efficiency Medal, G.VI.R., Type 1

Four: **Pte. A. Despocas, Q.R.** British War Medal; Defence and War Medals, Canadian Issues; Canada Voluntary Service Medal with clasp

Six: **Pte. D. McFall, H.L.I.** 1939–45 Star; Africa Star, 8th Army Clasp; Italy Star; War Medal; General Service 1918–62, 1 clasp, Near East (A. & S.H.); Territorial Efficiency Medal, G.VI.R., Type 1

Three: **Sjt. A. Houghton, A.T.S.** Defence and War Medals; Territorial Efficiency Medal, G.VI.R., Type 1 with Extra Long Service Bar

Pair: **Bombr. L. E. Norrish, R.A.** Coronation 1937; Long Service & Good Conduct, G.VI.R., Type 1

Pair: **Pte. J. F. Hayhurst, L. N. Lanc. Regt.** British War Medal; General Service 1918–62, 1 clasp, Kurdistan

Pair: **W.O. Cl.2 R. Ewart, R. Ir. Fus.** General Service 1918–62, 1 clasp, Palestine; Long Service & Good Conduct, G.VI.R., Type 1, *good very fine and better* (25)

£200–240

405 Eight: **Capt. C. E. Phipps, Royal Fleet Auxiliary,** 1939–45 Star; Atlantic Star; Burma Star; Defence and War Medals; Naval General Service 1915–62, two clasps, S.E. Asia, Near East, (2nd Officer); Korea 1950; U.N. Korea, *good very fine*

Pair: **K. Bane, Shpt. Art. 1 R.N.** Naval General Service 1915–62, 0ne clasp, Near East; Naval Long Service & Good Conduct, G.VI.R., Type 2 (H.M.S. Drake), *very fine* (10)

£100–120

406 Four: **Cpl. S. M. McCombe, Irish Guards,** GENERAL SERVICE 1918–62, 1 clasp, Cyprus; CAMPAIGN SERVICE 1962, 2 clasps, Borneo, South Arabia; RHODESIAN GENERAL SERVICE MEDAL (Sgt.); ZIMBABWE INDEPENDENCE MEDAL 1980, *good very fine and better* (4)

Cpl. McCombe served for a period in the No. 1 Guards Ind. Para. Coy and died during a pub brawl in Bulawayo in 1982.

£80–100

407 **An Officer's Korea pair awarded to W. D. Quirke, Canadian Forces.** KOREA 1950, Canadian issue in silver; U.N. KOREA, both medals officially named (ZC–9765 W. D. Quirke), *good very fine* (2)

£100–120

408 Pair: **M. C. Leonard, Canadian Forces,** KOREA 1950–53, Canadian issue in silver; U.N. KOREA, both pieces officially named, *nearly extremely fine*

Pair: **Sgt. M. J. Keogh, Royal Air Force,** CAMPAIGN SERVICE 1962, 3 clasps, South Arabia, Malay Peninsula, Northern Ireland (Cpl.); R.A.F. LONG SERVICE AND GOOD CONDUCT, E.II.R., 2nd type (A/Sgt.), small edge knock to first medal, otherwise *good very fine* (4)

£140–180

409 Three: **V. A. Robson, DOM (E) R.N.** U.N. KOREA; CAMPAIGN SERVICE 1962, 2 clasps, Borneo, Malay Peninsula; NAVAL LONG SERVICE & GOOD CONDUCT, E.II.R., Type 2 (H.M.S. Orion)

Pair: **F. T. Armitage, D.M (E) R.N.** CAMPAIGN SERVICE 1962, 1 clasp, Malay Peninsula; NAVAL LONG SERVICE & GOOD CONDUCT, E.II.R., Type 2 (H.M.S. Pembroke)

Pair: **N. T. Reeve, MEA (P) R.N.** CAMPAIGN SERVICE 1962, 1 clasp, Northern Ireland; NAVAL LONG SERVICE & GOOD CONDUCT, E.II.R., Type 2 (H.M.S. Vernon), *very fine* (7)

£80–100

410 Pair: **Lance Corporal R. E. Wild, Australian S.A.S. Regiment.** VIETNAM SERVICE MEDAL 1964; SOUTH VIETNAM CAMPAIGN STAR, clasp, 1960, *nearly very fine* (2)

Lance Corporal Richard Eugene Wild served with 152 Signal Squadron, S.A.S. Regiment from 19 August, 1968, to 18 February, 1971. Confirmation from Army Records sold with the pair.

£150–200

411 Pair: **D. Burnet, Australian Forces.** VIETNAM SERVICE MEDAL 1964; SOUTH VIETNAM CAMPAIGN STAR, *nearly extremely fine* (2)

£100–120

412 **A rare South Atlantic, Gulf pair awarded to MEM(M)1 A. J. Bartram, Royal Navy**

SOUTH ATLANTIC MEDAL 1982, with Rosette (MEM(M)1, D155426U, H.M.S. Broadsword) in card box of issue (damaged); CAMPAIGN SERVICE 1962, 1 clasp, Gulf (MEM(M)1, R.N.) in card box of issue, together with copy Certificate of Qualifieations which gives service details and confirms both medals, *extremely fine* (2)

Alan James Bartram joined the Royal Navy in November 1975 as a Junior Mechanic and after basic training joined his first ship in 1976. He served in the South Atlantic aboard H.M.S. *Broadsword* as Marine Engineering Mechanic (Mechanical) 1st Class. H.M.S. *Broadsword* was in company with H.M.S. *Coventry* when both ships came under enemy air attack and both were hit. One bomb, which passed through *Broadsword's* side and out through the Flight Deck, demolishing a helicopter on the way, fortunately failed to explode. H.M.S. *Coventry* was less fortunate and capsized within 15 minutes. Captain W. R. Canning, Commanding H.M.S. *Broadsword*, was awarded the D.S.O., his lengthy citation ending as follows:

'H.M.S. *Broadsword* saw more enemy action than most and her outstanding contribution to the success of the Falkland Islands Operation owed much to Captain Canning's brave and inspiring leadership under the most testing conditions.'

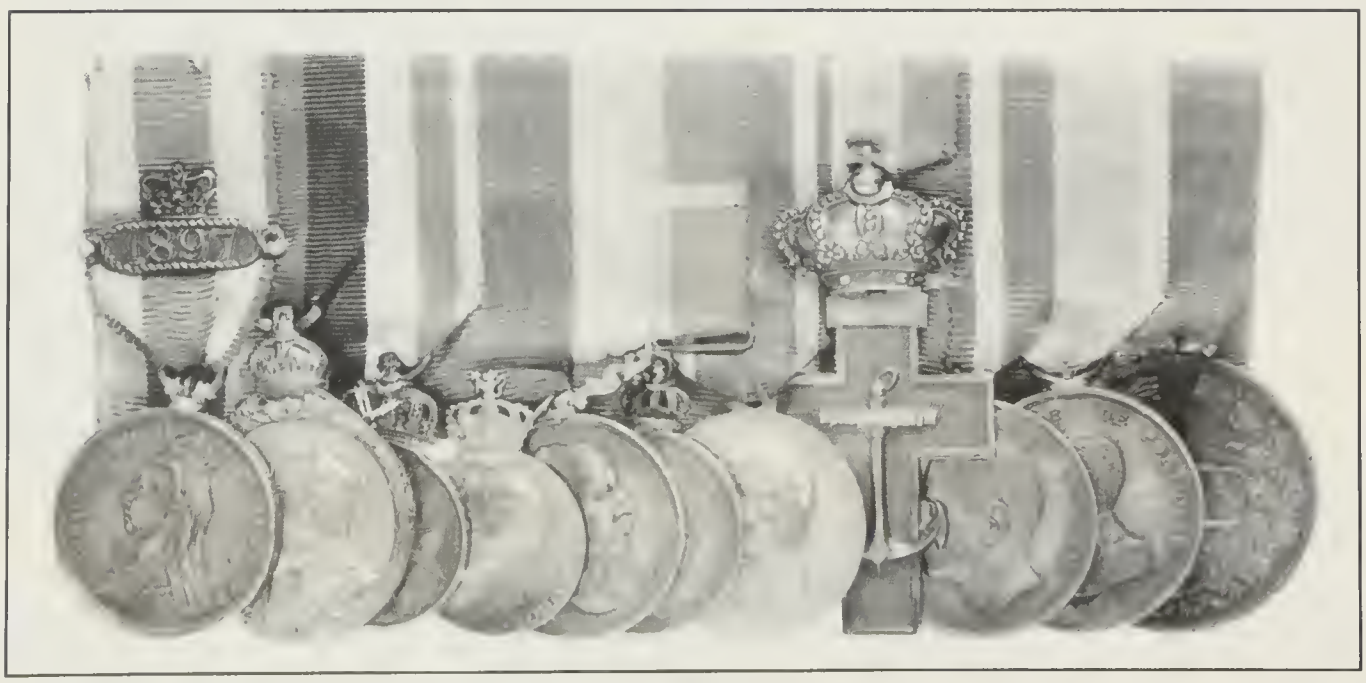
Bartram was awarded the Gulf clasp for service aboard H.M.S. *Brazen*. He was discharged from the Royal Navy on 3 April, 1991.

£700–800

413 **A Royal Household group of twelve**

JUBILEE 1887, clasp, 1897, silver; CORONATION 1902, bronze; **Prussia**, MEDAL OF THE ORDER OF THE RED EAGLE, silver; **Norway**, KING HAAKON VII ROYAL HOUSEHOLD MEDAL, **gold**; **Greece**, ROYAL HOUSEHOLD MEDAL, silver; **Denmark**, KING FREDERICK VII ROYAL HOUSEHOLD MEDAL, silver; **Russia**, CZAR NICHOLAS II, MEDAL FOR ZEAL, **gold** with the ribbon of St Stanislas; **Spain**, silver cross of the ORDER OF NAVAL MERIT; **Italy**, KING EMANUELE III, RICORDO MEDAL, silver; **Portugal**, CORONATION MEDAL OF KING CARLOS I 1898, silver; **Persia**, medal of the ORDER OF THE LION AND SUN, silver gilt; **Sweden**, KING GUSTAV V ROYAL HOUSEHOLD MEDAL, silver gilt, with the exeeption of the last medal the group is on a contemporary court mounting by Spink & Son, together with a contemporary miniature riband bar of the first eleven, some wear to the first medal, otherwise *nearly extremely fine* (13)

£600–650



414 Five: **Albert Dancer, Royal Household.** JUBILEE 1935; CORONATION 1937; LONG AND FAITHFUL SERVICE MEDAL, G.V.R. dated 1910–1930 with extra Long Service Bar, Thirty Years; DEFENCE MEDAL; SPECIAL CONSTABULARY LONG SERVICE MEDAL, G.V.R. with Long Service Bar 1943, *very fine* (5)

£140–180

Important information for buyers

Absentee Bids

If instructed we will execute bids and advise intending purchasers. No charge is made for this service. Lots will always be bought as cheaply as is allowed by such other bids and reserves as are on our books. In the event of identical bids, the earliest will take precedence. Always indicate a 'top limit'—the amount to which you would bid if you were attending the auction yourself. 'Buy' or unlimited bids will not be accepted.

Advice to Bidders

Further advice to bidders and purchasers follows the bidding slip printed after the last lot in this sale.

Buyers' Premium

A buyers' premium of 10% of the hammer price is payable by the buyers of all lots, together with VAT on such premium.

Pre-sale Estimates

The pre-sale estimates are intended as a guide for prospective purchasers. Any bid between the listed figures would, in our opinion, offer a fair chance of success. However all lots, depending on the degree of competition, can realise prices either above or below the listed estimates.

Methods of Payment

Payment should preferably be made by telegraphic transfer direct to Buckland Dix & Wood's account at:—

Royal Bank of Scotland
London Piccadilly Circus Branch
48 Haymarket
London SW1Y 4SE
Sort Code 16–00–83
Account No. 00118446

Please include your name, account number and invoice number with your instructions to the bank.

Alternative methods of payment which will enable immediate clearance of purchases include cash, bankers drafts and creit cards (Access and Visa). Although personal and company cheques are accepted, buyers are advised that property will not be released until such cheques have cleared. Purchases will be despatched as soon as possible upon receipt of your written despatch instruction, full payment for the lots you have bought. Despatch will be at the buyer's expense. Estimates and advice on all methods of despatch can be provided upon request.

Insurance cover will be arranged unless otherwise specified and will be at the buyer's expense.

Methods of despatch

Air Post. Providing your purchase does not exceed the size and weight stipulated by the postal authorities and we feel that the item is of a suitable nature, Buckland Dix & Wood will arrange for the packing and despatch of your purchase worldwide. Purchasers of books are advised to obtain estimates prior to the despatch of lots containing numerous or extremely large volumes in order to ascertain the most economical method of despatch.

Surface Post. Despatch as for Air Post, often at a cheaper rate but, Surface Post takes considerably longer to arrive at the required destination.

Clearance of purchases

Buyers who have not established a credit arrangement with Buckland Dix & Wood will be asked to pay for their purchases when they wish to take possession of them. It is regretted that Buckland Dix & Wood cannot take Banker's references over the telephone at the time of clearance and that buyers cannot take possession of their purchases until cheques are cleared.

If buyers wish to pay for their purchases by cheques they are urged to arrange clearance of their cheques well in advance of the sale by supplying appropriate Bankers' references.

Buyers will be requested to supply a reasonable means of identification at the time of payment.

Lots will only be released to the purchaser or his authorised representative if full payment has been received by Buckland Dix & Wood together with settlement of any removal, handling and storage charges due.

Conditions of business

Conditions mainly concerning buyers

1 The buyer

The highest bidder shall be the buyer at the 'hammer price' and any dispute shall be settled at the auctioneer's absolute discretion. Every bidder shall be deemed to act as principal unless there is in force a written acknowledgement by Buckland Dix & Wood that he acts as agent on behalf of a named principal.

2 Minimum increment

The auctioneer shall have the right to refuse any bid which does not exceed the previous bid by at least 5 per cent or by such other proportion as the auctioneer shall in his absolute discretion direct.

3 The premium

The buyer shall pay to Buckland Dix & Wood a premium of 10% on the 'hammer price' together with Value Added Tax at the standard rate on the premium and agrees that Buckland Dix & Wood, when acting as agent for the seller, may also receive commission from the seller in accordance with Condition 19.

4 Value Added Tax (VAT)

Lots on which Value Added Tax is payable by the buyer on the 'hammer price' are indicated in the catalogue with the sign '†'. Value Added Tax, the rates of which are subject to alteration by law, is payable at the rates prevailing on the day of the auction.

5 Payment

Immediately a lot is sold the buyer shall:—

(a) give to Buckland Dix & Wood his name and address and, if so requested, proof of identity; and

(b) pay to Buckland Dix & Wood the 'total amount due' (unless credit terms have been agreed with Buckland Dix & Wood before the auction).

6 Buckland Dix & Wood may, at its absolute discretion, agree credit terms with the buyer before an auction under which the buyer will be entitled to take possession of lots purchased up to an agreed amount in value in advance of payment by a determined future date of the 'total amount due'.

7 Any payments by a buyer to Buckland Dix & Wood may be applied by Buckland Dix & Wood towards any sums owing from that buyer to Buckland Dix & Wood on any account whatever without regard to any directions of the buyer or his agent, whether express or implied.

8 Collection of purchases

The ownership of the lot purchased shall not pass to the buyer until he has made payment in full to Buckland Dix & Wood of the 'total amount due'.

9 (a) The buyer shall at his own expense take away the lot purchased not later than 5 working days after the day of the auction but (unless credit terms have been agreed in accordance with Condition 7) not before payment to Buckland Dix & Wood of the 'total amount due'.

(b) The buyer shall be responsible for any removal, storage and insurance charges on any lot not taken away within 5 working days after the day of the auction. (c) The packing and handling of purchased lots by Buckland Dix & Wood staff is undertaken solely as a courtesy to clients, and in the case of fragile articles, will be undertaken only at Buckland Dix & Wood discretion. In no event will Buckland Dix & Wood be liable for damage to glass or frames, regardless of the cause.

10 Buyers responsibilities for Lots purchased

The buyer will be responsible for loss or damage to lots purchased from the time of collection or the expiry of 5 working days after the day of the auction, whichever is the sooner, and neither Buckland Dix & Wood nor its servants or agents shall thereafter be responsible for any loss or damage of any kind, whether caused by negligence or otherwise, while any lot is in its custody or under its control.

11 Remedies for non-payment or failure to collect purchases

If any lot is not paid for in full and taken away in accordance with Conditions 6 and 10, or if there is any other breach of either of those Conditions, Buckland Dix & Wood as agent of the seller shall, at its absolute discretion and without prejudice to any other rights it may have, be entitled to exercise one of more of the following rights and remedies:–

(a) to proceed against the buyer for damages for breach of contract;

(b) to rescind the sale of that or any other lots sold to the defaulting buyer at the same or any other auction;

(c) to re-sell the lot or cause it to be re-sold by public auction or private sale and the defaulting buyer shall pay to Buckland Dix & Wood any resulting deficiency in the 'total amount due' (after deduction of any part payment and addition of re-sale costs) and any surplus shall belong to the seller;

(d) to remove, store and insure the lot at the expense of the defaulting buyer and, in the case of storage, either at Buckland Dix & Wood premises or elsewhere;

(e) to charge interest at a rate not exceeding 1.5% per month on the 'total amount due' to the extent it remains unpaid for more than 5 working days after the day of the auction;

(f) to retain that or any other lot sold to the same buyer at the same or any other auction and release it only after payment of the 'total amount due';

(g) to reject or ignore any bids made by or on behalf of the defaulting buyer at any future auctions or obtain a deposit before accepting any bids in future;

(h) to apply any proceeds of sale then due or at any time thereafter becoming due to the defaulting buyer towards settlement of the 'total amount due' and to exercise a lien on any property of the defaulting buyer which is in Buckland Dix & Wood possession for any purpose.

12 Liability of Buckland Dix & Wood and Sellers

(a) Goods auctioned are usually of some age. All goods are sold with all faults and imperfections and errors of description. Illustrations in catalogues are for identification only. Buyers should satisfy themselves prior to sale as to the condition of each lot and should exercise and rely on their own judgement as to whether the lot accords with its description. Subject to the obligations accepted by Buckland Dix & Wood under this Condition, none of the seller, Buckland Dix & Wood, its servants or agents is responsible for errors of descriptions or for the genuineness or authenticity of any lot, no warranty whatever is given by Buckland Dix & Wood, its servants or agents, or any seller to any buyer in respect of any lot and any express or implied conditions or warranties are hereby excluded.

(b) Any lot which proves to be a 'deliberate forgery' may be returned by the buyer to Buckland Dix & Wood within 15 days of the date of the auction in the same condition in which it was at the time of the auction, accompanied by a statement of defects, the number of the lot, and the date of the auction at which it was purchased. If Buckland Dix & Wood is satisfied that the item is a 'deliberate forgery' and that the buyer has and is able to transfer a good and marketable title to the lot free from any third party claims, the sale will be set aside and any amount paid in respect of the lot will be refunded: Provided that the buyer shall have no rights under this Condition if:–

(i) the description in the catalogue at the date of the sale was in accordance with the then generally accepted opinion of scholars and experts or fairly indicated that there was a conflict of such opinion; or

(ii) the only method of establishing at the date of publication of the catalogue that the lot was a 'deliberate forgery' was by means of scientific processes not generally accepted for use until after publication of the catalogue or a process which was unreasonably expensive or impractical.

(c) A buyer's claim under this Condition shall be limited to any amount paid in respect of the lot and shall not extend to any loss of damage suffered or expense incurred by him.

(d) The benefit of this Condition shall not be assignable and shall rest solely and exclusively in the buyer who, for the purpose of this Condition, shall be and only be the person to whom the original invoice is made out by Buckland Dix & Wood in respect of the lot sold.

Conditions mainly concerning sellers and consignors

13 Warranty of Title and Availability

The seller warrants to Buckland Dix & Wood and to the buyer that he is the true owner of the property or is properly authorised to sell the property by the true owner and is able to transfer good and marketable title to the property free from any third party claims. The seller will indemnify Buckland Dix & Wood, its servants and agents and the buyer against any loss or damage suffered by either in consequence or any breach on the part of the seller.

14 Reserves

The seller shall be entitled to place prior to the auction a reserve on any lot, being the minimum 'hammer price' at which that lot may be treated as sold. A reserve once placed by the seller shall not be changed without the consent of Buckland Dix & Wood. Buckland Dix & Wood may at their option sell at a 'hammer price' below the reserve but in any such cases the sale proceeds to which the seller is entitled shall be the same as they would have been had the sale been at the reserve. Where a reserve has been placed, only the auctioneer may bid on behalf of the seller.

15 Authority to Deduct Commission and Expenses.

The seller authorises Buckland Dix & Wood to deduct commission at the 'stated rate' and 'expenses' from the 'hammer price' and acknowledges Buckland Dix &

Wood's right to retain the premium payable by the buyer.

16 Rescission of the Sale

If before Buckland Dix & Wood remit the 'sale proceeds' to the seller, the buyer makes a claim to rescind the sale if appropriate and Buckland Dix & Wood is of the opinion that the claim is justified, Buckland Dix & Wood is authorised to rescind the sale and refund to the buyer any amount paid to Buckland Dix & Wood in respect of the lot.

17 Payment of Sale Proceeds

Buckland Dix & Wood shall remit the 'sale proceeds' to the seller not later than one month after the auction, but if by that date Buckland Dix & Wood has not received the 'total amount due' from the buyer then Buckland Dix & Wood will remit the 'sale proceeds' within five working days after the date on which the 'total amount due' is received from the buyer. If credit terms have been agreed between Buckland Dix & Wood and the buyer, Buckland Dix & Wood shall remit to the seller the sale proceeds not later than one month after the auction unless otherwise agreed by the seller.

18 If the buyer fails to pay to Buckland Dix & Wood the 'total amount due' within 3 weeks after the auction, Buckland Dix Wood will endeavour to notify the seller and take the seller's instructions as to the appropriate course of action and, so far as in Buckland Dix & Wood's opinion is practicable, will assist the seller to recover the 'total amount due' from the buyer. If circumstances do not permit Buckland Dix & Wood to take instructions from the seller, the seller authorises Buckland Dix & Wood at the seller's expense to agree special terms for payment of the 'total amount due', to remove, store and insure the lot sold, to settle claims made by or against the buyer on such terms as Buckland Dix & Wood shall in its absolute discretion think fit, to take such steps as are necessary to collect monies due by the buyer to the seller and if necessary to rescind the sale and refund money to the buyer.

19 If, notwithstanding that the buyer fails to pay to Buckland Dix & Wood the 'total amount due' within three weeks after the auction, Buckland Dix & Wood remits the 'sale proceeds' to the seller, the ownership of the lot shall pass to Buckland Dix & Wood.

20 Charges for Withdrawn Lots

Where a seller cancels instructions for sale, Buckland Dix & Wood reserves the right to charge a fee of 10% of Buckland Dix & Wood's then latest estimate or middle estimate of the auction price of the property withdrawn, together with Value Added Tax thereon and 'expenses' incurred in relation to the property.

21 Rights to Photographs and Illustrations

The seller gives Buckland Dix & Wood full and absolute right to photograph and illustrate any lot placed in its hands for sale and to use such photographs and illustrations and any photographs and illustrations provided by the seller at any time at its absolute discretion (whether or not in connection with the auction).

22 Unsold Lots

Where any lot fails to sell, Buckland Dix & Wood shall notify the seller accordingly. The seller shall make arrangements either to re-offer the lot for sale or to collect the lot.

23 Buckland Dix & Wood reserve the right to charge commission up to one-half of the 'stated rates' calculated on the 'bought-in price' and in addition 'expenses' in respect of any unsold lots.

General conditions and definitions

24 Buckland Dix & Wood sells as agent for the seller (except where it is stated wholly or partly to own any lot as principal) and as such is not responsible for any default by seller or buyer.

25 Any representation or statement by Buckland Dix & Wood, in any catalogue as to authorship, attribution, genuineness, origin, date, age, provenance, condition or estimated selling price is a statement of opinion only. Every person interested should exercise and rely on his own judgement as to such matters and neither Buckland Dix & Wood nor its servants or agents are responsible for the correctness of such opinions.

26 Whilst the interests of prospective buyers are best served by attendance at the auction, Buckland Dix & Wood will if so instructed execute bids on their behalf, neither Buckland Dix & Wood nor its servants or agents being responsible for any neglect or default in doing so or for failing to do so.

27 Buckland Dix & Wood shall have the right, at its discretion, to refuse admission to its premises or attendance at its auctions by any person.

28 Buckland Dix & Wood has absolute discretion without giving any reason to refuse any bid, to divide any lot, to combine any two or more lots, to withdraw any lot from the auction and in case of dispute to put up any lot for auction again.

29 (a) Any indemnity under these Conditions shall extend to all actions, proceedings costs, expenses, claims

and demands whatever incurred or suffered by the person entitled to the benefit of the indemnity.

(b) Buckland Dix & Wood declares itself to be a trustee for its relevant servants and agents of the benefit of every indemnity under these Conditions to the extent that such indemnity is expressed to be for the benefit of its servants and agents.

30 Any notice by Buckland Dix & Wood to a seller, consignor, prospective bidder or buyer may be given by first class mail or airmail and if so given shall be deemed to have been duly received by the addressee 48 hours after posting.

31 These Conditions shall be governed by and construed in accordance with English law. All transactions to which these Conditions apply and all matters connected therewith shall also be governed by English law. Buckland Dix & Wood hereby submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of the English courts and all other parties concerned hereby submit to the non-exclusive jurisdiction of the English courts.

32 In these Conditions:–

(a) 'catalogue' includes any advertisement, brochure, estimate, price list and other publication;

(b) 'hammer price' means the price at which a lot is knocked down by the auctioneer to the buyer;

(c) 'total amount due' means the 'hammer price' in respect of the lot sold together with any premium, Value Added Tax chargeable and additional charges and expenses due from a defaulting buyer in pounds sterling;

(d) 'deliberate forgery' means an imitation made with the intention of deceiving as to authorship, origin, date, age, period, culture or source which is not shown to be such in the description in the catalogue and which at the date of the sale had a value materially less than it would have had if it had been in accordance with that description.

(e) 'sale proceeds' means the net amount due to the seller being the 'hammer price' of the lot sold less commission at the 'stated rates' and 'expenses' and any other amounts due to Buckland Dix & Wood by the seller in whatever capacity and howsoever arising;

(f) 'stated rates' means Buckland Dix & Wood published rates of commission for the time being and Value Added Tax thereon;

(g) 'expenses' in relation to the sale of any lot means Buckland Dix & Wood charges and expenses for insurance, illustrations, special advertising, packing and freight of that lot and any Value Added Tax thereon;

(h) 'bought-in-price' means 5 per cent more than the highest bid received below the reserve.

33 Vendors' Commission on Sales

A commission of 10% is payable by the vendor on the hammer price on lots sold.

34 VAT

Commission, illustrations and advertising are subject to VAT.

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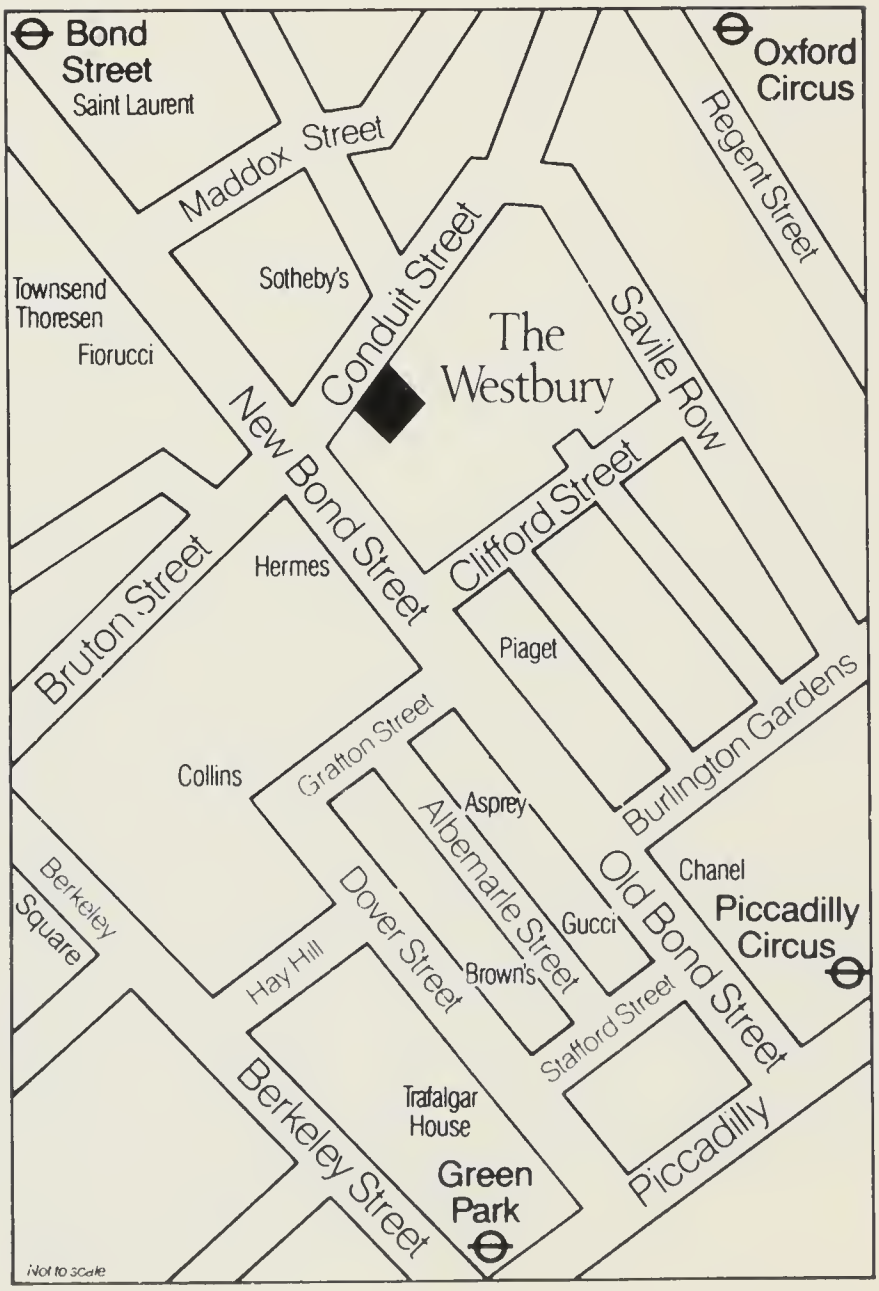

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